

No.MCI-5(3)/2006-Med./**MEDICAL COUNCIL OF INDIA****EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**

Minutes of the meeting of the Executive Committee held on Wednesday & Thursday, the 14th & 15th June, 2006 at 11.00 a.m. in the Council office at Sector 8, Pocket 14, Dwarka, New Delhi-110 075 where the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed as per the Hon'ble Supreme Court order dated 20.11.2002 were also present.

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Present:

Dr.P.C. Kesavankutty Nayar	]President (Acting),]Former Dean,]Govt. Medical College,]Trivandrum
Prof. P.N.Tandon	]Former Prof. & Head of Neuro-]Surgery,A.I.I.M.S,NewDelhi and]Member, Adhoc Committee]appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court
Dr. (Mrs.) S. Kantha	]Former Vice-Chancellor,]Rajiv Gandhi University of Health]Sciences, Bangalore and]Member, Adhoc Committee]appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court
Dr. P.K. Sur	]Director,]I.P.G.M.E.R.,]Kolkatta
Dr. Mukesh Kr. Sharma	]Deptt. of General Surgery,]S.M.S. Medical College,]Jaipur
Dr. K.P. Mathur	]Former Medical Superintendent,]Ram Manohar Lohia Hospital,]77, Chitra Vihar,]Delhi-110092
Dr. G.K. Thakur	]Professor & Head,]Department of Radiodiagnosis,]S.K.Medical College, Muzaffarpur
Dr. G.B. Gupta	]Professor & Head,]Department of Medicine,]Pt.J.N.M. Medical College,]Raipur (Chhattisgarh)
Prof. B.C. Das	]Director,]State Institute of Health & Family]Welfare, Govt. of Orissa, Nayapalli,]Bhubaneshwar.

Lt.Col. (Retd.) Dr. A.R.N. Setalvad -

Secretary

The apologies for absence were received from Prof. N. Rangabhashyam, Adhoc Committee member and Dr. D.K. Sharma, member of the Executive Committee.

1. Minutes of the Executive Committee Meetings held on 24/04/2006 and 12/05/2006 - Confirmation of.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council confirmed the minutes of the meetings of the Executive Committee held on 24.4.2006 and 12.5.2006.

2. Minutes of the last meetings of the Executive Committee – Action taken thereon.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council noted the action taken by the office on the various items included in the agenda of the Executive Committee meetings held on 24.4.2006 and 12.5.2006.

3. Pending items arising out of the decisions taken by the Executive Committee.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council noted the list of pending items arising out of the decisions taken by the Executive Committee.

4. Santhiram Medical College, Nandyal – Renewal of permission for admission of 2nd batch of students for the academic session 2006-07.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (13th & 14th April, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 3rd batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Santhiram Medical College, Nandyal.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (13th & 14th April, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 2nd batch of 100 MBBS students at Santhiram Medical College, Nandyal for the academic session 2006-07.

5. Establishment of new Medical College at Kulasekharam, Tamilnadu by Pandanilam Welfare Trust, Kulasekharam, Kanyakumari Distt. Tamilnadu.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (15th & 16th May, 2006) for Establishment of new medical college at Kulasekharam, Tamilnadu by Pandanilam Welfare Trust, Kulasekharam, Kanyakumari Distt. Tamilnadu u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (15th & 16th May, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to issue letter of permission for establishment of new medical college at Kulasekharam, Tamilnadu by Pandanilam Welfare Trust, Kulasekharam, Kanyakumari Distt. Tamilnadu with an annual intake of 100 students u/s. 10A of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 for the academic session 2006-07.

6. Establishment of new medical college at Pondicherry by Ramachandra Educational Trust, Chennai.

Read: The Compliance verification inspection report (19th May, 2006) for establishment of new medical college at Pondicherry by Ramachandra Educational Trust, Chennai u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (19th May, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. (a) In relation to certain Declaration Forms submitted on behalf of the medical teachers and endorsed by the Principal of the medical college, it was observed/found that teaching experience shown in those Declaration Forms is incorrect and in certain cases, it was seriously doubted. The office of the Council had undertaken the exercise of verifying the individual particulars regarding the claimed teaching experience from the Medical

institutions concerned and found their claim to be fake. The following teaching faculty cannot be considered as the experience certificates submitted by them are forged as shown below:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Department	Remarks
1.	Dr. S. Ramesh Kumar	Asst. Prof.	Anatomy	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal from 1.4.98 to 30.3.01 as Tutor. In its letter, Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
2.	Dr. Thiagaraja A. Rajkumar	Asst. Prof.	Physiology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal from 2000 to 2003 as Tutor and at M.S. Ramaiah Medical College, Bangalore from 01.03.2000 to 26.12.2005 as Asst. Prof. In their letters, Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal and M.S. Ramaiah Medical College, Bangalore have stated that he has not worked at all in the institutions. Thus, he has submitted false and forged experience certificates and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
3.	Dr. Deepika Gopalakrishnan	Assoc. Prof.	Physiology	In her declaration form, she has claimed that she has worked at Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal from 1990 to 1993 as Tutor. In its letter, Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal has stated that she has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, she has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
4.	Dr. Ramprasath Dhurvas Ramlal	Asst. Prof.	Biochemistry	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal from 1999 to 2002 as Tutor. In its letter, Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
5.	Dr. S. Srinivas	Assoc. Prof.	Physiology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal from 1991 to 1994 as Tutor and from 8.4.1994 to 12.10.2000 as Asst. Professor and from 13.10.2000 to 10.06.2001 as Assoc. Prof. at M.S. Ramaiah Medical College, Bangalore. In their letters, Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal and M.S. Ramaiah Medical College, Bangalore have stated that he has not worked at all institutions. Thus, he has submitted false and forged experience certificates and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
6.	Dr. Ravichandran P.	Asstt.Prof.	Biochemistry	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at JSS

				Medical College, Mysore from 15.6.93 to 20.10.98 as Asstt.Prof. In its letter, JSS Medical College, Mysore has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
7.	Dr. Dekshanamoorthy Ramasamy	Asstt.Prof.	Anatomy	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Sri Devaraj Urs Medical College, Kolar from 1990 to 1996 as Asstt.Prof. In its letter, Sri Devaraj Urs Medical College, Kolar has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council were, therefore, were clearly of the view that the Council should take steps for referring these cases to the Police authorities for registration of FIRs and conducting investigations in all such cases. It was observed that in the complaint to be sent to the Police authorities, it should also be clearly requested that all those cases where there is a collusion and conspiracy of such persons with the management of the colleges, the necessary action should also be taken against the management of those colleges. It was further decided that appropriate action be taken against these Doctors and the Principal of the college in accordance with Professional Conduct (Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations, 2002.

(b) In view of above, the shortage of teaching staff is more than 25% as under:-

Professor-1 (Obst. & Gynae.-1)
Assoc.Professors-6 (Pharmacology-1, Radio-Diagn.-1, Anaesthesia-1, Physiology-2, Anatomy-1)
Asstt.Professors-6 (Anaesthesia-1, Physiology-2, Anatomy-1, Biochemistry-2)
Tutors-2 (Radio-Diagnosis-2)

2. The clinical material in terms of bed occupancy, operative work and laboratory investigations is inadequate as under:-

	Daily Average		Day of Inspection	
Bed occupancy %	69.80%		60%	
Operative work	Nil		Nil	
Number of major surgical	3		2	
Number of minor surgical	Nil		Nil	
No. of normal deliveries	Nil		Nil	
No. of caesarian sections				
<u>Laboratory Investigations</u>				
Biochemistry	34	17	63	12
Microbiology	4	2	4	nil
Serology	10	nil	9	nil
Parasitology	nil	nil	nil	nil
Haematology	72	9	130	15
Histopathology	nil	nil	nil	nil
Cytopathology	nil	nil	nil	nil
Clinical Pathology	94	11	93	10

- Clinical material is inadequate.
- The bed occupancy is only 60%. However, the Medical Superintendent has reported 93% bed occupancy. On actual counting, bed occupancy comes to 60%.
- The type of admitted patients were not of much clinical importance.
- There were no records admitted patients in the wards.

- The total number of major surgeries performed from 25th March,2006 to 18th May,2004 were 14.
 - Total number of minor surgeries from Jan.2006 to April,2006 were 32 which is inadequate.
 - Total number of normal deliveries from Jan.2006 to April,2006 were 8. Whereas the total number of caesarian sections were 3.
 - Number of deliveries from Ist May,2006 to 20th May,2006 were 5.
 - Number of ultrasound done is negligible.
 - Number of special investigations done is negligible.
 - The laboratory investigations pertaining to Biochemistry, Microbiology & Pathology are inadequate. The number of Histopathology & Cytopathology test done is also negligible.
3. In administrative block, furniture is inadequate. The glasses are still to be fixed on windows and ventilators.
 4. The medical college building civil work is incomplete. The water supply, water drainage and electricity still to be supplied in more than 50% of the college. The plastering flooring the tile work is still to be done in most of the part of the college building. The wooden frames, doors and windows are not fixed in the college building. The flooring is not done in the approach roads and corridors.
 5. In lecture theatres, windows and doors are still to be fixed. The light connection is still not available. The second lecture theatre is not functional. Flooring, plastering of the floor and sealing as well as fixing of window frames, doors and windows is not done. Only one lecture theatre is available which is inadequate.
 6. Flooring of the toilet and fixing of doors and windows is still to be done.
 7. In central library, there is no reading room for the faculty as well as for the residents. The books are not catalogued.
 8. Boys hostel is under construction. There are 29 single seater rooms on the ground floor where the plumbing work is in progress. Flooring, plastering, woodwork and doors and window fixing still to be done. The fixation WC in the toilet and flooring is not complete. There is no railing on the stairs. No messing facility available.
 9. In Girls hostel, bricks work, flooring, de-shuttering and roofing not complete.
 10. In Resident doctor's hostel also flooring, plastering, fixing of doors and windows, fixing of WC electric work plumbing is incomplete.
 11. Flooring, plastering, wood work, electric work and plumbing work is still be completed in Residential quarters. There is no quarters for class III and IV employees.
 12. In OPD, there are no view boxes and couches, audiometry room is commission. OPD is not computerized and the records of the OPD patients is maintained in the register.
 13. In wards, the side lab. are not functional as there is no equipments . The duty doctor rooms are not furnished. There are no registers available in the wards. The entries of the admitted patients is not done. There is no furniture in the treatment rooms and nurses duty rooms.
 14. MRD is not cross linked with OPD registration counters.
 15. Only two OTs are functional whichis not adequate as per norms.
 16. There is no separate canteen for the staff or the resident doctors.
 17. In Anatomy department, there are no mounted and unmounted specimens and no catalogue available. There is no light connection in the histology lab. and no windows are fixed in the lab. No students lockers are available. Preparation room without washing facilities is available. The departmental is non-functional.
 18. In Physiology deptt., construction work is going on. Faculty rooms are not ready for occupation as plastering and flooring is incomplete. The windows and doors are still to be fixed. Mammalian Lab., Clinical Lab. and Haematology lab. are still not functional as plastering, flooring and wood work has not been done. The working table are still to be installed. Water and light connection is not available. The department is non-functional.
 19. In Biochemistry Department, no water connection and gas connection available. No preparation room, no burners and gas chambers available. No wash basin in the side room. No electric connection and no water bath available. Fixation of doors and windows still to be done. The department is non-functional.
 20. Community Medicine department is not available.
 21. Para Clinical departments are not available.
 22. Other deficiencies/remarks in the report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15/3/2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, and as per the Schedule prescribed in the Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to disapprove the scheme for Establishment of new medical college at Pondicherry by Ramachandra Educational Trust, Chennai received u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council also decided that including recommendation for disapproval of the scheme of the applicant college, the Central Government may consider debarring this college from any further consideration u/s 10A of the Act for a period of 2-3 years and for any further appropriate action by the Central Government to curb this menace.

7. Midnapore Medical College & Hospital, Midnapore – Renewal of Permission for admission of 3rd batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (17th & 18th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 3rd batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Midnapore Medical College & Hospital, Midnapore.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (17th & 18th May, 2006) alongwith the letter dated 15th July, 2004 of the Joint Secretary, Govt. of India, Ministry of Health & F.W and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 3rd batch of 100 MBBS students at Midnapore Medical College & Hospital, Midnapore for the academic session 2006-07.

8. S.B.K.S. Medical Instt. & Research Centre, Piparia, Vadodara – Renewal of Permission for admission of 4th batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (18th & 19th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at S.B.K.S. Medical Instt. & Research Centre, Piparia, Vadodara.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (18th May & 19th May, 2006) and noted as under:

- 1 (a) In relation to certain Declaration Forms submitted on behalf of the medical teachers and endorsed by the Principal of the medical college, it was observed/found that teaching experience shown in those Declaration Forms is incorrect and in certain cases, it was seriously doubted. The office of the Council had undertaken the exercise of verifying the individual particulars regarding the claimed teaching experience from the Medical institutions concerned and found their claim to be fake. The following teaching faculty cannot be considered as the experience certificates submitted by them are forged as shown below:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Department	Remarks
1.	Dr. Mani A.R.	Assoc.Prof.	Anatomy	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Adichunchanagiri Instt. of Medical Sciences, Mandya as Asstt.Prof. from 7.11.99 to 20.12.2004 and from 21.12.2004 to 24.4.2005 as Assoc.Prof. In its letter, Adichunchanagiri Instt. of Medical Sciences, Mandya has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be

				accepted as a teacher.
2.	Dr. Anand Kumar	Tutor	SPM	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Sri Ramachandra Medical College, Porur, Chennai from 2002 to 2005 as Tutor. In its letter, Sri Ramachandra Medical College, Porur, Chennai has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
3.	Dr. Shrikatha Reddy K.	Tutor	Anatomy	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at JJM Medical College, Davangere from 1998 to 2001 as Tutor. In its letter, JJM Medical College, Davangere has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
4.	Dr. Shoyab Suleman Ginwala	Asstt.Prof.	Medicine	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Al-Ameen Medical College, Bijapur from Dec.2004 to Jan.2006 as Asstt.Prof.. In its letter, Al-Ameen Medical College, Bijapur has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council were, therefore, were clearly of the view that the Council should take steps for referring these cases to the Police authorities for registration of FIRs and conducting investigations in all such cases. It was observed that in the complaint to be sent to the Police authorities, it should also be clearly requested that all those cases where there is a collusion and conspiracy of such persons with the management of the colleges, the necessary action should also be taken against the management of those colleges. It was further decided that appropriate action be taken against these Doctors and the Principal of the college in accordance with Professional Conduct (Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations, 2002.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council noted that even after removing the above mentioned teachers, the shortage of teaching faculty remains as less than 5%.

In view of above, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 4th batch of 150 MBBS students at S.B.K.S. Medical Instt. & Research Centre, Piparia, Vadodara for the academic session 2006-07.

9. **Dr. Somervel Memorial C.S.I. Medical College & Hospital, Karakonam – Renewal of Permission for admission of 5th batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.**

Read: The Council Inspectors report (12th & 13th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 5th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Dr. Somervel Memorial C.S.I. Medical College & Hospital, Karakonam.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (12th & 13th May, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 5th batch of 100 MBBS students at Dr. Somervel Memorial CSI Medical College & Hospital, Karakonam for the academic session 2006-07.

10. Institute of Postgraduate Medical Education & Research(IPGMER), Kolkata – Renewal of permission for admission of 3rd batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (15th & 16th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 3rd batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Institute of Postgraduate Medical Education & Research(IPGMER), Kolkata.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (15th & 16th May, 2006) alongwith the letter dated 15th July,2004 of the Joint Secretary, Govt. of India, Ministry of Health & F.W and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 3rd batch of 100 MBBS students at Institute of Postgraduate Medical Education & Research (IPGMER), Kolkata for the academic session 2006-07.

11. Vivekanand Institute of Medical Sciences & Research, Vallia – Renewal of Permission for admission of 5th batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (25th & 26th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 5th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Vivekanand Institute of Medical Sciences & Research, Vallia.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (25th & 26th May, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. (a) The shortage of teaching staff is 37% for 100 seats as under:-

- (i) Professor- 9 (Anatomy –1, Biochemistry –1, Microbiology –1, Pharmacology - 1, Forensic Medicine –1, Community Medicine –1, General Medicine –1, Paediatrics –1, ENT –1)
- (ii) Assoc.Professor-18 (Anatomy –2, Physiology –1, Biochemistry –1, Pathology – 3, Microbiology –1, Forensic Medicine –1, Community Medicine –1, General Medicine –1, TB & Chest – 1, Skin & VD –1, Paediatrics –1, Orthopaedics –1, Obst. & Gynae. – 1, Anaesthesiology –1, Dentistry -1)
- (iii) Asstt.Professor-9 (Anatomy –1, Biophysics –1, Pharmacology - 1, Community Medicine –2, Epidemio-logist-cum-Lecturer –1, Statistician –1, Ophthalmology –1, Anaesthesia –1,
- (iv) Tutors-12 (Pathology –2, Pharmacology –1, Community Medicine –4, Radiology –2, Anaesthesiology –3

(b) The shortage of Residents is more than 25% as under:-

- (i) Sr. Resident-4 (Psychiatry –1, Paediatrics –1, General Surgery –2)
- (ii) Jr. Resident-18 (General Medicine –1, TB & Chest –1, Dermatology –1, Paediatrics –3, General Surgery –6, Orthopaedics –2, Ophthalmology –1, Obst. & Gynae.-3)

(c) The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council, in view of the request received from the college through the Central Government vide letter dt. 9th June,2006 observed that the shortage of teaching faculty for 50 seats is approx. 25% as under:-

Professors-8 (Anatomy-1, Biochemistry-1, Microbiology-1, Forensic Medicine-1
Comm. Medicine-1, General Medicine-1, Paediatric-1, ENT-1)

Assoc.Profs.-10 (Anatomy-1, Biochemistry-1, Pathology-1, Microbiology-1,
Pharmacology-1, Comm.Medicine-1, TB & Chest-1,
Ophthal.-1,Ortho.-1, OBGY-1)

Asstt.Profs.-3 (Bio-Physics-1, Lecturer in Statistics-1, Ophthal.-1)

2. The clinical material is grossly inadequate as under:-

	Daily Average	Day of Inspection
OPD Attendance	400-450	305
Casualty attendance	10-15	16
Number of admission/discharge	35/30	40/20
Bed occupancy %	65-75%	68%
Operative work		
Number of major surgical operations	5-7	1
Number of minor surgical operations	4-6	4
Number of normal deliveries	0-1	0
Number of caesarian sections	0-1	0
<u>Radiological Investigations</u>		
X-ray	35-40	30
Ultrasonography	10-15	29
Special investigations	00-01	0
CT Scan	--	--

3. Distribution of teaching beds and units in different specialities are not as per Council requirements as under:

Speciality	Required Beds/Unit	Present beds/Units	Deficiency/Units
General Medicine	120/4	117/4	3/2
TB & Chest	20/1	12/1	8/1
Skin & VD	10/1	6/-	4/1
Psychiatry	10/1	10/-	No unit head
Paediatrics	60/2	60/-	No unit head
Surgery	120/4	115/4	5
Ortho.	60/2	50/1	10/1
Ophthalmology	20/1	15/1	5/1
ENT	20/1	15/-	5/-
OBGY	60/2	56/1	4/1
Total	500/19	456/9	44/10

- 3. Beds in Medicine, Paediatrics, TB & Chest, Psychiatry and Skin & VD are not numbered and there is no unit demarcation. There is no pantry and adequate number of bedside lockers are not provided. There is no numbering of beds and units in Surgery, Orthopaedics, ENT and Ophthalmology wards. Obst. & Gynae. wards do not have number of beds and no class room is available.
- 4. There is no medical record department as there is no MRO and supportive staff. Old case record keeping is not followed.
- 5. Monitoring and resuscitation equipment are not available. There is no emergency life supportive equipments or OT in casualty.
- 6. No Microbiology tests are done in central laboratory.
- 7. No medical officer or technician was available in Blood Bank at the time of inspection.
- 8. 2 static units of 500 mA and 300 mA x-ray machines are available. No mobile unit is available. No C arm is available in the OT. No register is kept in Central Laboratory or Radio-Diagnosis department. Daily entry is made in loose sheet and destroyed after feeding into computer. No separate Anaesthesia register is available in OTs.
- 9. There was no qualified Pharmacist available at the time of inspection in Pharmacy.
- 10. EPABX is found to be not working in most of the places.
- 11. No dryer is available in Central Laundry.

12. No dietician is available.
13. Paramedical staff is grossly inadequate as under:

Lab. Technician/Assistant	-30
Lab. Attendant	-15
14. No incinerator is available.
15. Playground is not available as the leveling of the ground is being undertaken.
16. Medical Education Unit ceased to be functional as no activity was happening since 1 year. Equipments are kept under lock and key.
17. Statistical work is not being carried out as there is no Statistical Medical Record Department.
18. Veterinary Officer is part time.
19. RHTC, Daheli is under the control of the Government and the college is using its facilities for teaching purposes. No Lecturer cum Medical Officer having MD (PSM) qualification is available.
20. No Lecturer cum Medical Officer having MD (PSM) qualification is available at UHC. Duty rosters and records of various activities and investigations are not maintained properly.
21. Residents hostel is unfurnished.
22. Messing facilities are not available.
23. In Medicine OPD, there are no registers, no black board, no x-ray view box and no vaccine for immunization. There is no separate TB & Chest OPD. There is no activity in Skin & VD OPD as there are no registers and no doctors seen during OPD hours. There is no activity in Psychiatry OPD as there is no register, no power supply and no doctors. There is no clinical Psychologist. There is no dressing room in Surgical OPD. There are no procedure room and class room in Ophthalmology and ENT OPD. There is no Audiometry Technician.
24. In the departments of Anatomy, Physiology, Pharmacology, Pathology, Microbiology, Forensic Medicine, Community Medicine, office accommodation is poorly furnished.
25. Second demonstration room in Anatomy is non-functional. The number of fans provided in the museum and demonstration room are inadequate.
26. No non-teaching staff was available in Biochemistry, Pharmacology, Forensic Medicine during the inspection.
27. In other departments, number of non-teaching staff present during the inspection is grossly inadequate.
28. Books in the departmental libraries of Anatomy, Pharmacology, Pathology, Microbiology, Forensic Medicine, Community Medicine, General Medicine, TB & Chest, Skin & VD, Psychiatry, Paediatrics, General Surgery, ENT, Orthopaedics, Anaesthesia & Obst. & Gynae. are inadequate.
29. There is no running water facility in the Histopathology practical laboratory.
30. No service lab. is functioning in the Microbiology department OPD.
31. Mortuary is clean and unutilized.
32. Other deficiencies/remarks in the report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15/3/2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. not to renew the permission for admission of 5th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at Vivekanand Institute of Medical Sciences & Research, Vallia.

12. Dr. Pinnamaneni Siddhartha Institute of Medical Sciences & Research Foundation, Krishna Distt., Chinoutpally – Renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Compliance verification inspection report(18th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Dr. Pinnamaneni Siddhartha Institute of Medical Sciences & Research Foundation, Krishna Distt. Chinoutpally.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (18th May, 2006) and noted as under:

- 1 (a) In relation to certain Declaration Forms submitted on behalf of the medical teachers and endorsed by the Principal of the medical college, it was observed/found that teaching experience shown in those Declaration Forms is incorrect and in certain cases, it was seriously doubted. The office of the Council had undertaken the exercise of verifying the individual particulars regarding the claimed teaching experience from the Medical institutions concerned and found their claim to be fake. The following teaching faculty cannot be considered as the experience certificates submitted by them are forged as shown below:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Department	Remarks
1.	Dr. G. B. Simpson	Asstt.Prof.	OBGY	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Kasturba Medical College, Manipal from 1989 to 1991 as Tutor. In its letter, Kasturba Medical College, Manipal has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
2.	Dr. Rajashekar Talewad	Asstt.Prof.	Anatomy	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at MR Medical College, Gulbarga from 2002 to 2005 as Tutor. In its letter, MR Medical College, Gulbarga has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council were, therefore, were clearly of the view that the Council should take steps for referring these cases to the Police authorities for registration of FIRs and conducting investigations in all such cases. It was observed that in the complaint to be sent to the Police authorities, it should also be clearly requested that all those cases where there is a collusion and conspiracy of such persons with the management of the colleges, the necessary action should also be taken against the management of those colleges. It was further decided that appropriate action be taken against these Doctors and the Principal of the college in accordance with Professional Conduct (Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations, 2002.

- (b) In view of above, the shortage of teaching staff is more than 10% for 150 students at this stage as under:-

(i) Professors-4	(Physiology-1, Biochemistry-1, Forensic Medicine-1, Psychiatry-1)
(ii) Assoc.Profs.-8	(Physiology-1, Forensic Medicine-1, Comm. Medicine-1, Medicine-2, Radiology-1, Anaesthesia-1, Obst. & Gynae.-1)
(iii) Asstt.Profs.-7	(Anatomy-2, Physiology-1, Lect. in Bio.-1, Comm. Medicine-1, Lect. in Epidemiology-1, Anaesthesiology-1)
(iii) Tutors-5	(Anatomy-2, Pathology-2, Pharmacology-1)

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council, considered the request received from the college through the Central Government vide letter dt. 6th June, 2006 requesting to permit them to admit students to the reduced number of seats and observed the shortage of teaching staff is less than 5% for intake of 100 admissions as under:-

- (i) Professors-2 (Physiology-1, Forensic Medicine-1)
- (ii) Assoc.Prof.-1 (Anaesthesia-1)
- (iii) Asstt.Profs-4 (Anatomy-1, Biophysics-1, Epidemiologist-1, Anaesthesia-1)

In view of above and noting that the infrastructure, clinical material, teaching hospital and other facilities are adequate for reduced intake of 100 students, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to Central Government to renew the permission for admission of 4th batch of 100 MBBS students only for the academic session 2006-07 at Dr.Pinnamaneni Siddhartha Instt. of Medical Sciences & Research Foundation, Krishna Distt., Chinoutpally.

13. Prathima Institute of Medical Sciences, Naganur Road, Karimnagar - Renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Compliance verification inspection report(20th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Prathima Institute of Medical Sciences, Naganur Road, Karimnagar.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (20th May, 2006) and noted as under:

1. (a) In relation to certain Declaration Forms submitted on behalf of the medical teachers and endorsed by the Principal of the medical college, it was observed/found that teaching experience shown in those Declaration Forms is incorrect and in certain cases, it was seriously doubted. The office of the Council had undertaken the exercise of verifying the individual particulars regarding the claimed teaching experience from the Medical institutions concerned and found their claim to be fake. The following teaching faculty cannot be considered as the experience certificates submitted by them are forged as shown below:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Department	Remarks
1.	Dr. J. Shree Latha	Asstt.Prof.	OBG	In her declaration form, she has claimed that she has worked at Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal from 2001 to 2004 as Tutor . In its letter, Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal has stated that she has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, she has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
2.	Dr. Bhajan Lal Bhatia	Assoc.Prof.	Forensic Med.	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Mamata Medical College, Khamma from 1.1.97 to 31.12.01 as Asstt.Prof. and from 1.1.02 to 31.12.04 as Assoc.Prof.. In its letter, Mamata Medical College, Khamma has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged

				experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
3.	Dr. T. Shiva Prasad	Asstt.Prof.	Anaesthesia	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Mamata Medical College, Khamma from Sept. 99 to Dec.05 as Asstt. Prof.. In its letter, Mamata Medical College, Khamma has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
4.	Dr. G. Venkat Rao	Assoc.Prof.	Ortho.	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Mamata Medical College, Khamma from 1.7.2000 to 31.8.2001 as Assoc. Prof.. In its letter, Mamata Medical College, Khamma has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
5.	Dr. Prasyut Wagharay	Assoc.Prof.	TB & Chest	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Sri Devaraj Urs Medical College, Kolar from 5.12.98 to 31.12.2001 as Assoc. Prof.. In its letter, Sri Devaraj Urs Medical College, Kolar has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
6.	Dr. Ramesh	Asstt.Prof.	Anaesthesia	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at JJM Medical College, Davangere from 1994 to 1995 as Tutor. In its letter, JJM Medical College, Davangere has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council were, therefore, were clearly of the view that the Council should take steps for referring these cases to the Police authorities for registration of FIRs and conducting investigations in all such cases. It was observed that in the complaint to be sent to the Police authorities, it should also be clearly requested that all those cases where there is a collusion and conspiracy of such persons with the management of the colleges, the necessary action should also be taken against the management of those colleges. It was further decided that appropriate action be taken against these Doctors and the Principal of the college in accordance with Professional Conduct (Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations, 2002.

(b) In view of above, the shortage of teaching staff is more than 5% for the intake of 150 at this stage is as under:-

- | | | |
|-------|----------------|---|
| (i) | Professors-3 | (Biochemistry-1, Optholmology-1, Dentistry-1) |
| (ii) | Assoc.Profs.-3 | (Anatomy-1, Pharmacology-1, Community Medicine-1) |
| (iii) | Asstt.Profs.-2 | (Anatomy-1, Community Medicine-1) |

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council also considered the request received from the college through the Central Government vide letter dt. 7.6.2006 requesting to permit them to admit students to the reduced number of seats and observed the shortage of teaching staff is less than 5% for 100 students as under:-

- (i) Professors-2 (Biochemistry-1, Orthopaedics-1)
- (ii) Assoc.Prof.-1 (Anatomy-1)
- (iii) Asstt.Prof.-1 (Community Medicine-1)

In view of above and noting that the infrastructure, clinical material, teaching hospital and other facilities are adequate for reduced intake of 100 students, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to Central Government to renew the permission for admission of 4th batch of 100 MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at Prathima Institute of Medical Sciences, Naganur Road, Karimnagar.

14. Bhaskar Medical College, Yenkapally, Joginapally – Renewal of permission for admission of 2nd batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Compliance verification inspection report(18th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 2nd batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Bhaskar Medical College, Yenkapally, Joginapally.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (18th May, 2006) and noted as under:

- 1 (a) In relation to certain Declaration Forms submitted on behalf of the medical teachers and endorsed by the Principal of the medical college, it was observed/found that teaching experience shown in those Declaration Forms is incorrect and in certain cases, it was seriously doubted. The office of the Council had undertaken the exercise of verifying the individual particulars regarding the claimed teaching experience from the Medical institutions concerned and found their claim to be fake. The following teaching faculty cannot be considered as the experience certificates submitted by them are forged as shown below:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Department	Remarks
1.	Dr. P. Sashi Kumar	Prof.	Pharmacology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at M.R. Medical College, Gulbarga from 14.6.85 to 20.8.91 as Asstt. Prof., from 21.8.91 to 30.10.95 as Assoc.Prof. and from 1.11.95 to 25.11.1997 as Professor. In its letter, M.R. Medical College, Gulbarga has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
2.	Dr. M. Sashi Dhara	Asstt.Prof.	Pharmacology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal from 1.7.02 to 1.9.05 as Tutor. In its letter, Manipal Academy of Higher Education, Manipal has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
3.	Dr. V. Mohan Reddy	Assoc.Prof.	Anaesthesia	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Deccan College of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad from 2.4.90 to 21.12.95 as Asstt.Prof. and from 22.11.95 to 30.11.97 as Assoc.Prof. In its letter, Deccan College of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.

4.	Dr. Pradeep Kumar Singh	Assoc.Prof.	Pharmacology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at JJM Medical College, Davangere from 15.2.92 to 25.4.97 as Asstt.Prof. and from 26.4.97 to 30.11.98 as Assoc.Prof. In its letter, JJM Medical College, Davangere has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
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The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council were, therefore, were clearly of the view that the Council should take steps for referring these cases to the Police authorities for registration of FIRs and conducting investigations in all such cases. It was observed that in the complaint to be sent to the Police authorities, it should also be clearly requested that all those cases where there is a collusion and conspiracy of such persons with the management of the colleges, the necessary action should also be taken against the management of those colleges. It was further decided that appropriate action be taken against these Doctors and the Principal of the college in accordance with Professional Conduct (Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations, 2002.

(b) In view of above, the shortage of teaching staff is about 10% for the intake of 150 students at this stage is as under:-

- (i) Professor-1 (Pharmacology-1)
- (ii) Assoc.Prof.-8 (Anatomy-1, Physiology-1, Pathology-2, Forensic Medicine-1, Gen. Medicine-1, Anaesthesia-1, Pharmacology-1)
- (ii) Asstt.Profs.-5 (Pharmaceutical Chemist-1, Pathology-1, Paediatrics-1, Ortho.-1, Pharmacology-1)

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council also considered the request of the college received through the Central Government vide letter dt. 12.6.2006 requesting to permit them to admit students to the reduced number of seats and observed the shortage of teaching staff is less than 5% for intake of 100 students as under:-

- (i) Assoc.Prof.-2 (Pathology-1, Orthopaedics-1)
- (ii) Asstt.Prof.- 1 (Pharmacology-1)

In view of above and noting that the infrastructure, clinical material, teaching hospital and other facilities are adequate for reduced intake of 100 students, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to Central Government to renew the permission for admission of 2nd batch of 100 MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at Bhaskar Medical College, Yenkapally.

15. Pondicherry Institute of Medical Sciences, Pondicherry – Renewal of permission for admission of 5th batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(18th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 5th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Pondicherry Institute of Medical Sciences, Pondicherry.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (18th May,2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 5th batch of 100 MBBS students at Pondicherry Institute of Medical Sciences, Pondicherry for the academic session 2006-07.

16. G.S.L. Medical College, Rajahmundry – Renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(20th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at G.S.L. Medical College, Rajahmundry.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (20th May, 2006) alongwith the letter dt. 9.6.2006 of the college and noted that the shortage of teaching staff is more than 5% for 150 students at this stage as under:

- (i) Professors-1 (Anatomy-1)
- (ii) Assoc.Profs.-5 (Physiology-1, Forensic Medicine-1, Medicine-1, TB & Chest-1, Radio-Diagnosis)
- (iii) Asstt.Profs.-7 (Anatomy-3, Comm. Medicine-3, Pharmacology-1)

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council also considered the request of the college received through the Central Government vide letter dt. 12.6.2006 requesting to permit them to admit students to the reduced number of seats and observed the shortage of teaching staff is less than 5% for intake of 100 as under:-

- (i)Assoc.Prof.-3 (Anatomy-2, Epidemiologist-1)

In view of above and noting that the infrastructure, clinical material, teaching hospital and other facilities are adequate for reduced intake of 100 students, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to Central Government to renew the permission for admission of 4th batch of 100 MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at G.S.L.Medical College, Rajahmundry.

17. Shadan Instt. of Medical Sciences Research Centre & Teaching Hospital, Peerancheru, A.P. - Renewal of permission for admission of 2nd batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report (19th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 2nd batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Shadan Institute of Medical Sciences Research Centre & Teaching Hospital, Peerancheru.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (19th May, 2006) and noted as under:

- 1 (a) In relation to certain Declaration Forms submitted on behalf of the medical teachers and endorsed by the Principal of the medical college, it was observed/found that teaching experience shown in those Declaration Forms is incorrect and in certain cases, it was seriously doubted. The office of the Council had undertaken the exercise of verifying the individual particulars regarding the claimed teaching experience from the Medical institutions concerned and found their claim to be fake. The following teaching faculty cannot be considered as the experience certificates submitted by them are forged as shown below:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Department	Remarks
1.	Dr. T. Hari Dayal Singh	Asstt.Prof.	Radio-Diagn.	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Sri Ramachandra Medical College, Chennai from 2.10.98 to 20.4.04 as Asstt.Prof. In its letter, Sri Ramachandra Medical College, Chennai has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged

				experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
2.	Dr. P. Rama Mohan Rao	Tutor	Radio-Diagn.	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Govt. Medical College, Mysore from 1990 to 1993 as Tutor. He has further claimed that he has worked at JSS Medical College, Mysore from 2.11.93 to 10.4.99 as Asstt.Prof. In its letters, Govt. Medical College, Mysore/JSS Medical College, Mysore have stated that he has not worked at all in the institutions. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
3.	Dr. R. Ravindranath Babu	Physiology	Asstt.Prof.	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Al-Ameen Medical College, Bijapur from 4.10.96 to 16.10.02 as Asstt.Prof. In its letter, Al-Ameen Medical College, Bijapur has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
4.	Dr. M. Ramanathan	Anaesthesia	Asstt.Prof.	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at JSS Medical College, Mysore from 12.2.86 to 28.10.92 as Asstt.Prof. In its letter, JSS Medical College, Mysore has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council were, therefore, were clearly of the view that the Council should take steps for referring these cases to the Police authorities for registration of FIRs and conducting investigations in all such cases. It was observed that in the complaint to be sent to the Police authorities, it should also be clearly requested that all those cases where there is a collusion and conspiracy of such persons with the management of the colleges, the necessary action should also be taken against the management of those colleges. It was further decided that appropriate action be taken against these Doctors and the Principal of the college in accordance with Professional Conduct (Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations, 2002.

(b) In view of above, the shortage of teaching staff is more than 10% for intake of 150 admissions at this stage is as under:-

- | | |
|--------------------------|--|
| (i) Professor-1 | (Anaesthesia-1) |
| (ii) Assoc.Professors-9 | (Physiology-3, Pathology-1, Pharma-1, TB & CD-1, Anaesthesia-2, Radio-Diagnosis-1) |
| (iii) Asstt.Professors-2 | (Psychiatry-1, Dentistry-1) |
| (iv) Tutors-2 | (Pharma-Chemist-1, Anaesthesia-1) |

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council also considered the request of the college received through the Central Government vide letter dt. 8.6.2006 requesting to permit them to admit students to the reduced number of seats and observed the shortage of teaching staff is less than 5% for reduced intake of 100 as under:-

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|------|--|
| (i) | Professor-1 (Anaesthesia-1) |
| (ii) | Assoc.Prof.-3 (Physiology-1, Radio-Diagnosis-1, Anaesthesia-1) |

In view of above and noting that the infrastructure, clinical material, teaching hospital and other facilities are adequate for reduced intake of 100 students, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to Central Government to renew the permission for admission of 2nd batch of 100 MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at Shadan Institute of Medical Sciences Research Centre & Teaching Hospital, Peerancheru, A.P.

18. P.E.S. Instt. of Medical Sciences & Research, Kuppam – Renewal of permission for admission of 5th batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report (23rd May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 5th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at P.E.S. Institute of Medical Sciences & Research, Kuppam.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (23rd May, 2006) and noted as under:-

- 1 (a) In relation to certain Declaration Forms submitted on behalf of the medical teachers and endorsed by the Principal of the medical college, it was observed/found that teaching experience shown in those Declaration Forms is incorrect and in certain cases, it was seriously doubted. The office of the Council had undertaken the exercise of verifying the individual particulars regarding the claimed teaching experience from the Medical institutions concerned and found their claim to be fake. The following teaching faculty cannot be considered as the experience certificates submitted by them are forged as shown below:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Department	Remarks
1.	Dr. Mohammad Aslam	Assoc.Prof.	Physiology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at M.R. Medical College, Gulbarga from 2.4.82 to 13.12.87 as Asstt.Prof. and from 14.12.87 to 15.12.89 as Assoc.Prof. In its letter, M.R. Medical College, Gulbarga has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council were, therefore, were clearly of the view that the Council should take steps for referring these cases to the Police authorities for registration of FIRs and conducting investigations in all such cases. It was observed that in the complaint to be sent to the Police authorities, it should also be clearly requested that all those cases where there is a collusion and conspiracy of such persons with the management of the colleges, the necessary action should also be taken against the management of those colleges. It was further decided that appropriate action be taken against these Doctors and the Principal of the college in accordance with Professional Conduct (Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations, 2002.

- (b) In view of above, the shortage of teaching staff is more than 12% for the intake of 150 students at this stage as under:-
 - (i) Professors-1 (Biochemistry-1)
 - (ii) Assoc.Prof.-7 (Anatomy-1, Physiology-2, Comm. Medicine-1, Psychiatry-1, Radiology-1, Anaesthesia-1)
 - (iii) Asstt.Profs.-13 (Anatomy-3, Physiology-1, Lecturer in Biophysics-1, Pathology-1 Pharmacology-1, Comm. Medicine-1, Lecturer in Epidemiology-1)

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council also considered the request of the college received through the Central Government vide letter dated 6.6.2006 requesting to permit them to admit students to the reduced number of seats and observed the shortage of teaching staff is less than 5% for intake of 100 as under:-

- | | | |
|-------|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| (i) | Professor-1 | (Biochemistry-1) |
| (ii) | Assoc.Prof.-1 | (Psychiatry-1) |
| (iii) | Asstt.Prof.- 3 | (Anatomy-2, Community Medicine-1) |

In view of above and noting that the infrastructure, clinical material, teaching hospital and other facilities are adequate for reduced intake of 100 students, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to Central Government to renew the permission for admission of 5th batch of 100 MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at P.E.S. Instt. of Medical Sciences & Research, Kuppam.

19. M.M. Instt. of Medical Sciences & Research Mullana, Ambala – Renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of students for the academic year 2006-2007.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(23rd May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at M.M. Institute of Medical Sciences & Research Mullana, Ambala.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (23rd May,2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 4th batch of 150 MBBS students at M.M. Institute of Medical Sciences & Research, Mullana, Ambala for the academic session 2006-07.

20. Maharajah's Institute of Medical Sciences, Nellimarla, Vizianagaram – Renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(23rd May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Maharajah's Institute of Medical Sciences, Nellimarla, Vizianagaram.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (23rd May,2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 4th batch of 100 MBBS students at Maharajah's Institute of Medical Sciences, Nellimarla, Vizianagaram for the academic session 2006-07.

21. Medicity Instt. of Medical Sciences, Ghanpur - Renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report (27th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Medicity Institute of Medical Sciences, Ghanpur.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (23rd May,2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 4th batch of 100 MBBS students at Medicity Institute of Medical Sciences, Ghanpur for the academic session 2006-07.

22. Konaseema Instt. of Medical Sciences & Research Foundation, Amlapuram – Renewal of permission for admission of 2nd batch of students for the academic year 2006-2007.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report (25th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 2nd batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Konaseema Institute of Medical Sciences & Research Foundation, Amlapuram.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (25th May, 2006) and noted as under:

1. (a) In relation to certain Declaration Forms submitted on behalf of the medical teachers and endorsed by the Principal of the medical college, it was observed/found that teaching experience shown in those Declaration Forms is incorrect and in certain cases, it was seriously doubted. The office of the Council had undertaken the exercise of verifying the individual particulars regarding the claimed teaching experience from the Medical institutions concerned and found their claim to be fake. The following teaching faculty cannot be considered as the experience certificates submitted by them are forged as shown below:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Department	Remarks
1.	Dr. G. B. Simpson	Prof.	Pharmacology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad from 1.9.98 to 30.6.2004 as Assoc.Prof. In its letter, Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
2.	Dr. K. Srimannarayana	Assoc.Prof.	Paediatrics	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Mamta Medical College, Khammam from July, 2002 to Oct.2002 as Assoc.Prof. In its letter, Mamta Medical College, Khammam has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
3	Dr. Rahmatullah	Assoc.Prof.	Physiology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Vinayaka Missions's Kirupanda Variyar Medical College, Salem from 1991 to 1993 as Assoc.Prof. In its letter, Vinayaka Missions's Kirupanda Variyar Medical College, Salem has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
4.	Dr. Deepakala N.	Asstt.Prof.	Pathology	In her declaration form, she has claimed that she has worked at JJM Medical College, Davangere from January, 1995 to Jan. 1997 as Tutor In its letter, JJM Medical College, Davangere has stated that she has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, she has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
5.	Dr. G.Ganga Raju	Asstt.Prof.	Psychiatry	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Christian Medical College, Vellore from Oct.1986 to March,2004 as Tutor In its letter, Christian Medical College, Vellore has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council were, therefore, were clearly of the view that the Council should take steps for referring these cases to the Police authorities for registration of FIRs and conducting investigations in all such cases. It was observed that in the complaint to be sent to the Police authorities, it should also be clearly requested that all those cases where there is a collusion and conspiracy of such persons with the management of the colleges, the necessary action should also be taken against the management of those colleges. It was further decided that

appropriate action be taken against these Doctors and the Principal of the college in accordance with Professional Conduct (Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations, 2002.

(b) In view of above, the shortage of teaching staff is more than 8% for the intake of 150 students at this stage as under:-

- (i) Professor-1 (Paediatric-1)
- (ii) Assoc.Profs.-3 (Anatomy-1, Physiology-1, Pharmacology-1)
- (iii) Asstt. Profs.-6 (Psychiatry-1, Pathology-2, Pharmacology-1, Paediatrics-2)

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council also considered the request of the college received through the Central Government vide letter dt. 9.6.2006 requesting to permit them to admit students to the reduced number of seats and observed the shortage of teaching staff is less than 5% for intake of 100 as under:-

- (i) Professor-1 (Paediatric-1)
- (ii) Asstt.Prof.-2 (Psychiatry-1, Pathology-1)

In view of above and noting that the infrastructure, clinical material, teaching hospital and other facilities are adequate for reduced intake of 100 students, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to Central Government to renew the permission for admission of 2nd batch of 100 MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at Konaseema Instt. of Medical Sciences & Research Foundation, Amlapuram.

23. Uttanchal Forest Hospital Trust Medical College, Haldwani– Renewal of permission for admission of 3rd batch of students for the academic session 2006-07.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (31ST May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 3rd batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Uttanchal Forest Hospital Trust Medical College, Haldwani.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the inspection reports (17th /18th April,2006 and 31.5.2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 3rd batch of 100 MBBS students at Uttanchal Forest Hospital Trust Medical College, Haldwani for the academic session 2006-07.

24. Shri Ram Murti Smark Institute of Medical Sciences, Bareilly – Renewal of permission for admission of 2nd batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read:. The compliance verification inspection report(27th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 2nd batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Shri Ram Murti Smark Institute of Medical Sciences, Bareilly.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (27th May,2006) and noted as under:-

1. (a) The shortage of teaching staff is 15.53% for 100 students at this stage as under:-

- (i) Professor – 3 (Biochemistry-1, Forensic Medicine-1, Paediatrics-1)
- (ii) Assoc. Prof. – 8 (Anatomy-2, Forensic Medicine-1, Paediatrics – 1, Orthopaedics-1, ENT-1)
- (iii) Asstt.Prof. – 3 (MWO-1, Pharm.Chemist-1, Statistician-1)
- (iv) Tutor – 2 (Radiology-2)
- (b) The shortage of Residents is 15.6% as under:-

Sr. Resident – 8 (Paediatrics –2, Surgery-4, Orthopaedics-2)

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council, considered the request received from the college through the Central Govt. vide letter dated 13.06.2006 requesting to permit them to admit students to the reduced number of seats and observed the shortage of teaching staff is less than 5% for intake of 50 admissions as under:-

- (I) Teaching Faculty:
 - (i) Professor – 3 (Biochemistry –1, Forensic Medicine-1, Paed.-1)
 - (ii) Assoc.Prof. – 1 (Anatomy-1)
- (II) Residents
 - (i) Sr. Resident – 2 (Paediatrics-1, Orthopaedics-1)

In view of above and noting that the infrastructure, clinical material, teaching hospital and other facilities are adequate for reduced intake of 50 students, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 2nd batch of 50 (Fifty) MBBS students at Shri Ram Murti Smark Institute of Medical Sciences, Bareilly for the academic session 2006-07.

25. Padamshri Dr. Vithalrao Vikhe Patil Foundation's Medical College, Ahmednagar – Renewal of permission for admission of 3rd batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report (29th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 3rd batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Padamshri Dr. Vithalrao Vikhe Patil Foundation's Medical College, Ahmednagar.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (29th May, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 3rd batch of 100 MBBS students at Padamshri Dr. Vithalrao Vikhe Patil Foundation's Medical College, Ahmednagar for the academic session 2006-07.

26. K.J. Somaia Medical College & Hospital, Mumbai – Renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of students against the increased intake i.e. from 50 to 100 for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report (25th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of MBBS students against the increased intake i.e. from 50 to 100 for the academic session 2006-2007 at K.J. Somaia Medical College & Hospital, Mumbai.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (25th May, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. The shortage of teaching staff is as under:-

(a) The shortage of teaching faculty is 16.15% as under :-

- (i) Professor – 2 (Microbiology-1, Orthopaedic-1)
- (ii) Assoc.Prof.-3 (Community Medicine –1, Orthopaedics-1, Dentistry-1)
- (iii) Asstt.Prof.-14 (Anatomy-3, Forensic Medicine-1, Lecturer in Epidemiology-1, Lecturer in Statistics-1, Community Medicine-2, Medicine-2, Paediatric-1, Obst & Gynae. -2 (ANMO-1, MWO-1), Anaesthesia-1)
- (iv) Tutor- 2 (Radiology-1, Anaesthesia-1)

(b) The shortage of Residents is 10.5% as under:

- Sr. Resident-4 (Medicine –2, Surgery-2)
- Jr. Resident - 4 (T.B. & Chest-1, ENT-3)

2. The clinical material is inadequate in terms of Radiological and Laboratory Investigations are as under:-

	Daily Average		Day of Inspection	
O.P.D. attendance	809		611	
Casualty attendance	62		9	
Bed occupancy%	86%		78%	
Radiological Investigations	O.P.	I.P.	O.P.	I.P.
X-ray	39	12	35	6
Ultrasonography	24	7	22	5
Special Investigations	2	2	2	1
C.T. Scan	-	-	-	-
Laboratory Investigations	222	164	193	84
Biochemistry	64	64	38	27
Microbiology	8	16	12	17
Serology	27	7	25	7
Parasitology	1	2	12	5
Haematology	120	65	98	23
Histopathology	1	6	3	5
Cytopathology	2	2	5	-
Others	-	3	-	-

Number of X-ray and laboratory investigations is not commensurate with the number of patients claimed to have been attending the outdoor and admitted in the wards.

3. Hostel accommodation for the students is grossly inadequate. Girls hostel is located 4km. away from the college. There are 3 floors. On each floor 12 triple seated rooms are available. On inspection it is found that rooms are occupied by the students of Engineering College, MBA College and other colleges. Not a single medical student is staying in this hostel. This hostel cannot be considered for medical students. Boy's hostel is at a distance of 1½ km. having a 3 storied building with 5 rooms on each floor. Total accommodation is available for 48 boys. Thus, total accommodation available for medical students is grossly inadequate. Deficiency remains as it is.
4. Only 3 flats owned by the Trust and 4 flats rented by the Trust are available for teaching faculty outside the campus. No accommodation is available for teaching staff in the campus, which is not as per norms. Deficiency remains as it is.
5. Paramedical staff is grossly inadequate as under:
- Laboratory Technician-28
Laboratory Attendant -32
- Deficiency remains as it is.
6. Separate nursing hostel is not available. Deficiency remains as it is.
7. Space in the museum of Pharmacology is inadequate. Deficiency remains as it is.
8. Other deficiencies and remarks in the report.

In view of above and Govt. of India letter dated 15.03.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar Vs. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. not to renew the permission for admission of 4th batch of MBBS students against the increased intake i.e from 50 to 100 at K.J. Somaiya Medical College, Mumbai for the academic session 2006-07.

27. **Mamta Medical College, Khammam – Increase of seats in 1st MBBS course 100 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007.**

Read: The Council Inspectors report (16th & 17th May, 2006) for increase of seats in 1st MBBS course 100 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007 at Mamta Medical College, Khammam .

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (16th & 17th May,2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to issue Letter of Permission for increase of seats in 1st MBBS course from 100 to 150 at Mamata Medical College, Khammam for the academic session 2006-07.

28. Recognition of R.D. Gardi Medical College, Ujjain for the award of MBBS degree granted by Vikram University, Ujjain.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(26th May, 2006) for recognition of R.D. Gardi Medical College, Ujjain for the award of MBBS degree granted by Vikram University, Ujjain.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (26th May, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 6th batch of 100 MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at R.D. Gardi Medical College, Ujjain.

However, the recommendation of the Committee with regard to recognition of R.D. Gardi Medical College, Ujjain for the award of MBBS degree granted by Vikram University will be placed before the General Body of the Council as and when held for its consideration and approval.

29. Approval of MVJ Medical college, Bangalore for the award of MBBS degree granted by Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Bangalore.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(24th May, 2006) for approval of M.V.J. Medical College, Bangalore for the award of MBBS degree granted by Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Bangalore.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (24th May,2006) and decided as under:-

1. (a) In relation to certain Declaration Forms submitted on behalf of the medical teachers and endorsed by the Principal of the medical college, it was observed/found that teaching experience shown in those Declaration Forms is incorrect and in certain cases, it was seriously doubted. The office of the Council had undertaken the exercise of verifying the individual particulars regarding the claimed teaching experience from the Medical institutions concerned and found their claim to be fake. The following teaching faculty cannot be considered as the experience certificates submitted by them are forged as shown below:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Department	Remarks
1.	Dr. Sree Ranga Rajan H.J.	Asstt.Prof.	Pathology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Al-Ameen Medical College, Bijapur as Asstt.Prof. from 1992 to 1994. In its letter, Al-Ameen Medical College, Bijapur has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
2.	Dr. Ashoojit Kaur Anand	Tutor	Comm.Medicine	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Sri Ramachandra Medical College, Porur, Chennai from 17.6.2002 to 30.6.2005 as Tutor. In its letter, Sri Ramachandra Medical College, Porur, Chennai has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
3	Dr. Ramashankar T.	Tutor	Anaesthesia	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at JSS Medical College, Mysore from Sept.2001 to

				Oct.2003 as Tutor. In its letter, JSS Medical College, Mysore has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
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The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council were, therefore, were clearly of the view that the Council should take steps for referring these cases to the Police authorities for registration of FIRs and conducting investigations in all such cases. It was observed that in the complaint to be sent to the Police authorities, it should also be clearly requested that all those cases where there is a collusion and conspiracy of such persons with the management of the colleges, the necessary action should also be taken against the management of those colleges. It was further decided that appropriate action be taken against these Doctors and the Principal of the college in accordance with Professional Conduct (Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations, 2002.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council noted that even after removing the above mentioned teachers, the shortage of teaching faculty remains as less than 5%.

"The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council observed as under:-

The background of this case considered. It was seen that the request for establishment of MVJ Medical College & Research Hospital at Bangalore (Karnataka) as a linguistic minority institution under the management of Venkatesha Education Society, was received through the Central Govt.’s letter dt. 2.6.97 in compliance with the direction of the Hon’ble Karnataka High Court dated 15.5.97. It was directed by the Hon’ble High Court to carry out inspection of the proposed medical college within four weeks and to place the inspection report of the same before it within the time granted. Accordingly, the inspection of the college was carried out in June, 1997. In view of gross deficiencies, LOI could not be recommended by the MCI to the Central Govt.

The Hon’ble High Court by an order dated 23.9.97 had directed the Central Govt. to take a decision on the request of the college. As the proposal of the Society was deficient in fulfilling even the qualifying criteria, the proposal of the Society was rejected by the Central Govt. vide letter dated 25.3.98 with liberty to make a fresh application. The contents of the of the Central Govt.'s letter dated 25.03.1998 are reproduced as under : -

“SPEED POST

No.U.12012/36/95-ME(P)
Government of India
Ministry of Health & Family Welfare

New Delhi, dated the 25th March, 1998

To
The Secretary,
Venkatesha Education Society,
MVJ Medical College & Research Hospital,
125, Armstrong Road, Shivajinagar,
Bangalore-560 001.

Subject : Starting of new medical college – regarding.

Sir,

I am directed to refer to your letter No.Nil dated 17.5.95 on the above noted subject and to say that consequent upon the directions of Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka at Bangalore in WP No.12181/97 dated15.5.97 the Medical Council of India was asked to carry out necessary inspection of your college and to submit findings of the Council with regard to the availability of infrastructural facilities for starting of the above said college. The Medical Council of India carried out necessary inspection of the college during June, 1997 and noted the following deficiencies for the establishment of proposed medical college at Bangalore by Venkatesha Education Society, Bangalore : -

- i) The land required for the construction of the college complex is still not in the actual possession of the Society. Only MOU has been reached between the parties.
- ii) Essentiality Certificate has not been granted by the Government of Karnataka.
- iii) The Bangalore University, now the Rajiv Gandhi University had agreed to grant affiliation in 1992. There is no revalidation letter.
- iv) At present, the Management does not have a bank guarantee. Only the sanction letter from the Bank has been attached.
- v) The college has not appointed a Dean/Principal.
- vi) No teaching and non-teaching staff have been appointed.
- vii) Only space to accommodate pre-clinical departments, central library, administrative staff has been earmarked.
- viii) No furniture, fittings or equipment have been provided.
- ix) The Society at present does not own and manage a 300 bedded hospital as required under the IMC Act.

The inspection report of the Council was placed before the Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka and the Court in its order dated 23.9.97, while rejecting the request of the Society, directed the Central Govt. to take a decision on the request of the petitioner expeditiously. Since a number of deficiencies were found in the inspection report of the Medical Council of India, the proposal was required to be disapproved under the provisions of the IMC Act, 1956 as amended in 1993. However, before disapproving of scheme, an opportunity of personal hearing was extended. The paper/record submitted by the college authorities in response to the personal hearing were again scrutinised and the proposal has been again found to be deficient mainly on account of the following: -

- a) Proof of owning and possessing 25 acres of land not available.
- b) Proof of owning and managing a 300 bedded hospital not available.
- c) Essentiality Certificate from the State Government not available.
- d) Consent of affiliation from the concerned university not updated/revalidated.

Since the Society has failed to fulfil the qualifying criteria prescribed under the IMC Amendment Act, 1993 and the scheme notified thereunder the proposal has been found to be deficient and therefore the scheme is disapproved. The Society is at liberty to apply afresh after rectifying the deficiencies strictly in accordance with the provisions of the IMC Amendment Act and the regulations framed thereunder.

Yours faithfully,

Sd/-

(C.L. Bhatia)

Under Secretary to the Govt. of India

Copy to the Secretary, Medical Council of India, Kotla Road, New Delhi for information.

Sd/-

(C.L. Bhatia)

Under Secretary"

The Hon'ble High Court vide its order dated 21.05.98 while staying the operation of Central Government's letter dated 25.03.1998 directed the Central Government to grant conditional LOI in favour of the Society. To comply with the above direction of the Hon'ble Court, the Central Government decided to issue conditional LOI for establishment of a new medical college at Bangalore by this Society with an annual intake of 100 students with perspective effect. However, this LOI dated 17.08.1998 was issued by the Ministry of Health, Govt. of India, without prejudice to the rights of the Central Government to go in for an appeal against the order dated 21.05.1998 of the Hon'ble High Court.

It was mentioned in the LOI that LOP for establishment of this college would be granted on receipt of a positive compliance and the submission of documents within a period of 3 months from the date of issue of LOI failing which LOI will be deemed to have been withdrawn. However, the Society while submitting the compliance, inter-alia, did not submit the essentialities and feasibility certificate from the State Government, availability of 25 acres of land on lease etc. It was further informed by the Central Government that despite given a personal hearing on 17.02.99 to explain as to why the LOI be not disapproved, it was observed that the Society did not produce the documents referred above. In view of the non furnishing of the documents which are pre-requisite to qualifying criteria under

section 10 (A) 4 of the Act, the proposal of the Society for establishment of a new medical college at Bangalore was disapproved and LOI granted was withdrawn by the Central Government vide letter dated 24.03.1999 with the liberty to the Society to apply afresh. The contents of the of the withdrawal letter dated 24.03.1999 are reproduced as under :-

“Registered

No. U.12012/36/95-ME (P)
Government of India
Ministry of Health & Family Welfare

Nirman Bhavan, New Delhi- 110 011

Dated the 24th March, 1999

To

The Secretary
Venkatesha Education Society
125, Armstrong Road
Bangalore- 560 001

Sub: Starting of MVJ Medical College & Research Hospital at Bangalore – regarding.

Sir,

I am directed to say that in pursuance to the directions of High Court of at Bangalore dated 21.5.98 a letter of intent was issued on 17.8.98 in your favour for establishment of a new medical college at Bangalore with annual intake of 100 students. The formal permission was subject to fulfilment of the conditions stipulated in the letter of intent referred to above. Three months time was given for fulfilment of the conditions.

2. In the compliance report submitted with reference to the letter of intent, it was observed that the Society has not furnished the following documents which were pre-requisite to make an applicant to qualify himself to apply to the Central Govt. for permission to establish a new medical college as per MCI Regulations:-

- 1) Essentiality and Feasibility Certificate from State Govt.
- 2) Proof of ownership of 300 bedded hospital.
- 3) The land available with the Society for construction of colleghe is on lease and as such not owned by the Society.
- 4) Deed of the Society do not mention that medical education is one of its objectives.

In view of the above deficiencies you were given an opportunity of personal hearing on 17.2.1999 to explain as to why your proposal be not disapproved and letter of intent already issued be not withdrawn. From the written submission made by you during the personal hearing it has been observed that your Society has not been able to produce the following documents required in the letter of intent:-

- 1) Essentiality and Feasibility Certificate from State Govt.
- 2) Proof of ownership of 300 bedded hospital.
- 3) The land available with the Society for construction of college is on lease and such not owned by the Society.

Since the Society has failed to furnish the above documents and also the fact that an opportunity of personal hearing under Section 10(A) (4) has already been availed of by your Society, the proposal for starting of new medical college at Bangalore by your Society (Venkatesha Education Society, Bangalore) is hereby disapproved and letter of intent dated 17.8.98 is also hereby withdrawn. You are free to apply afresh after rectification of the deficiencies.

Yours faithfully,

Sd/-

(C.L. Bhatia)

Under Secretary to the Govt. of India

Copy to:

1. The Secretary, Medical Council of India, Kotla Road, New Delhi.
2. Secretary, Medical Education, Govt. of Karnataka, M.S. Building, Bangalore.
3. The Registrar, Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Bangalore.
4. PS to MOS (HFW)

Sd/-

(C.L. Bhatia)

Under Secretary”

The Society had filed a writ petition before the Hon'ble Karnataka High court. The Id. Single Judge of the Hon'ble Karnataka High Court passed an order on 9.8.1999 whereunder the order of the Central Government disapproving the scheme was quashed and the Central Government was directed by the Hon'ble Court to issue LOP to the Society.

The MCI had preferred an appeal before the Id. Division Bench of the Hon'ble High Court and by an order dated 15.7.1999, the order of the learned single judge dated 9.8.1999 was stayed by the learned division bench. It was directed that applicant Society may apply afresh after curing the defects. Consequent upon the directions, the Society submitted relevant documents through the Central Government. However on examination, a number of deficiencies had been observed.

The Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences vide its letter dated 25.10.2000, communicated the decision of the Syndicate of the University, taken in its meeting held on 28.04.2000 and 12.05.2000, denying the affiliation to this College as there are already five medical colleges in Bangalore, the management of the college does not fulfill the criteria 2(5) of Regulations of MCI regarding owning of a hospital with not less than 300 beds and consequent infrastructural facilities capable of being developed into a teaching institution. It was decided by MCI, in view of the gross deficiencies in affiliation of the University owning of 300-bedded hospital, possession of land and time bound programme to return the file to the Central Government. Accordingly, Council vide letter dated 25.10.2000 returned the file of the Society for further necessary action.

The Secretary of the Society vide its letter dated 18.12.2000 furnished the consent of affiliation of the Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Karnataka. The Central Government vide its letter dated September 2001 received in this Office on 17.09.2001 requested the Council to consider the proposal of this College under 1993 Regulations and inspection be carried out immediately and inspection report may be sent to the Central Government within 15 days. The Secretary of the Society vide its letter dated 17.09.2001 requested the Council to postpone inspection to 2nd week of October 2001. Further by another letter, the Secretary of the Society informed the Council that it has given an undertaking to the Central Government for construction of owning of 300 bedded hospital in two years from the date of issuance of LOP failing which action as deemed fit would be taken.

The Central Government vide its letter dated 17th September 2001 communicated the decision of the Central Government directing MCI to inspect the college immediately to verify whether the college owns/possess 25 acres of land; whether the college has revalidated the affiliation with the Rajiv Gandhi University and whether the College has tied up of 300 bedded hospital with HAL and ITI; and essentiality certificate of the State Government. The Council vide its letter dated 20.09.2001, while informing the Central Government about the request of the Secretary of the Society to postpone inspection upto 2nd week of October 2001, showed its inability to send its recommendation to the Central Government within 15 days.

An inspection team was appointed vide letter dated 12.10.2001 to verify whether the college owns/possess 25 acres of land; whether the college has revalidated the affiliation with the Rajiv Gandhi University and whether the College has tied up of 300 bedded hospital with HAL and ITI; and essentiality certificate of the State Government.

Upon inspection by the inspection team of the MCI it was found that the land is in three pieces consisting of 8 acres, 10 acres and 8 acres, separate by a village approach road and national highway. Hence, against the requirement of a single piece of land of 25 acres the Society has 25 acres of land in three pieces. It was informed to the inspection team that although the land is on lease no possession letter has been issued by any authority. The Central Government vide MCI's letter

dated 25.10.2001 was informed about decision of the Council alongwith a copy of the inspection report.

The Society vide its letter dated 22.10.2001 submitted a rectified lease agreement of the land duly registered as per the suggestion of the inspection team. When the stay order dated 15.7.1999 passed by the Id. Division Bench of the Hon'ble Karnataka High Court in the appeal filed by the MCI had been in operation, the Central Government vide its letter dated 30.10.2001 itself granted LOI and LOP thereby permitting this college to admit first batch of students during the academic session 2001-02 with an annual intake of 100 students contrary to the recommendation of the Council not to issue LOI for establishment of college under section 10(A) in view of the various deficiencies enumerated in the inspection report. Even the minimum statutory qualifying criteria with regard to minimum 25 acres of land and 300 beds hospital owned and managed by the applicant were, admittedly, not provided by this applicant and there was no recommendations by the MCI.

Subsequently, MCI vide its letter dated 25.01.2002, advised the Secretary of the Society not to admit students at this College during the academic session 2002-03 till the permission for the said session is renewed by the Central Government. Office of the Council vide its letter dated 14.02.2002, requested the Central Government to withdraw the letter of permission issued to various medical colleges including MVJ Medical College by the Central Government against the recommendation of the MCI to the contrary.

The Central Government vide its letter dated 14th March 2002 forwarded the request to the Secretary of the Society dated 26.02.2002 requesting to inspect the college for renewal of permission for the academic session 2002-03 during May 2002. Secondly, College vide letter dated 8th April 2002 requested the Council to fix the date for inspection after 20th May 2002. Council vide letter dated 17.06.2002 appointed an inspection team to carry out the inspection of the college for renewal of permission for admission to the 2nd batch of students. The inspection was carried out on 27th & 28th June 2002.

In the writ appeal before the Hon'ble Karnataka High Court No. 5451-52 of 1999- MCI Vs. Venkatesha Education Society, the Hon'ble Court directed that inspection of this college be carried out. In view of this, an inspection for renewal of permission of 2nd batch of students at this college was carried out on 8th – 9th July 2002. Inspection report was placed before the Executive Committee at its meeting held on 5th August 2002, when the committee in view of the deficiencies in the infrastructure, teaching facilities decided to recommend to the Central government not to renew the permission for 2nd batch of students at this college for the academic session 2002-03 and also to consider withdrawal of LOP granted for 100 admissions to this college contrary to the recommendations of the Council. The decision of the Committee was communicated to the Central Government vide Office letter dated 22.08.2002.

The Central Government vide its letter dated 19th September 2002 forwarded compliance submitted by the College that the request to verify the same. On examination of the compliance it was observed by the Office that the affiliation of the RGUHS for academic session 2002-03 was not received, land was in three pieces, Society has given undertaking to complete its own hospital around October 2004 besides an undertaking to construct the college with all departments and make it functional with complete infrastructure by October 2004, deficiency in teaching staff not rectified and other infrastructural deficiencies.

The matter was placed before the Executive Committee at its meeting held on 31st October 2002. The Committee noted that despite claim by college for rectification of deficiencies remains the same, it was decided by the Committee to reiterate its earlier decision taken in the meeting held on 5.08.2002 recommending to the Central Government not to renew permission for 2nd batch of students at this college for academic session 2002-03 and also to consider withdrawal of LOP

granted for 100 admissions to this College contrary to the recommendations of the Council. The decision of the EC was communicated to the Central Govt. vide Office letter dated 7.11.2002.

The Central Government vide letter dated 11.12.2002 constituted an inspection team to verify the compliance submitted by the College with respect to MCI inspection report for the inspection of July 2002. The copy of the inspection report was sent to the MCI vide Central Government's letter dated 3.01.2003. Further to the inspection of the College the College authorities submitted representations dated 29.12.2002. A copy of it was also sent to the Council. It was decided by Central Government on the compliance submitted by College that college may be given 2nd year renewal for 2002-03, the Society may be asked to rectify the teaching and clinical deficiencies within 3 months as pointed out by the inspection team. Upon submission of compliance by the college, a surprise inspection be effected thereafter. 3rd year renewal will be granted to the college after the college building on the land acquired by them dully fulfilling the teaching and other clinical facilities to the satisfaction of MCI. It was directed by the Central government to MCI to submit its recommendation on the observations of the Central government and also on the compliance verification report within period of one week.

The matter was placed before the Executive Committee where the Members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court were also present at its meeting held on 9th January 2003. The Committee on going through the documents decided to reiterate its earlier decision recommending to the Central government not to renew permission for admission of 2nd batch at this college for academic session 2002-03 and also to consider withdrawal of LOP granted for 100 admissions. The decision of the Committee was communicated vide Office letter dated 14th January 2003.

The Central Government vide its letter dated 25th April 2003, communicated to the Secretary of the Society not to renew permission for admission of 2nd batch of students at MVJ Medical College, Bangalore unless it creates necessary infrastructure as per MCI norms. However the students admitted during 2001-02 were directed to continue their studies in the College and appear for the examinations being conducted by the affiliating university as per normal schedule, while directing the college not to make admissions for 2nd batch of students for the year 2002-03.

The College vide letter dated 28th June 2003 communicated to the Council the order of the Hon'ble Karnataka High Court in a writ petition filed by the Venkatesha Education Society being WP No. 24236 of 2003 dated 13.05.2003 permitting the college to admit 100 students for the academic year 2002-03 out of which 50 to be admitted by management and 50 from the CET with further direction to respondents in the writ petition to permit the students to appear in the examinations to be held in April 2004. The College further requested the Council to cause inspection for the admission of 3rd batch of students for the academic session 2003-04. College was informed of the decision of the Council to arrange for an inspection sent without prejudice to its rights and contentions.

On 1st July 2003 the Hon'ble High Court directed the MCI to carry out an inspection of the College and submit the inspection report alongwith its recommendation within 2 weeks from the date of inspection to the Government of India and Government shall react to the report within 2 weeks from the date of receipt of inspection report and recommendation from the MCI.

College vide letter dated 4th August 2003 by reference to the directions of the Hon'ble Court requested the Council to cause an inspection for the academic year 2003-04. The Hon'ble Karnataka High Court vide order dated 19th September 2003 passed an order in W.P. No. 24236/2003 directing MCI to conduct an inspection of the college and if any deficiencies are pointed out the College may rectify the same as per the LOI granted on 31.10.2001 and shall make a report to the Government of

India. If the Government of India is satisfied regarding the standards being made by the College, the students admitted by virtue of interim order of the Court shall be treated as students admitted for academic year 2003-04 them by doing so the present batch may have to study for a longer period. Council vide its letter dated 1.10.2003 to the Central Government informed the latest status and the stand of the Council regarding the renewal of permission for academic year 2002-03.

The Council vide its letter dated 1st October 2003 informed the College the date of inspection fixed for 3rd October 2003. However the College vide its letter of the same date requested for inspection to be carried out after 9th October 2003. Accordingly inspection was refixed on 10th & 11th October 2003 vide office letter dated 7.10.2003 and it was informed to the College accordingly.

The inspection of MVJ Medical College, Bangalore was conducted on 10th and 11th October, 2003 pursuant to the orders of the Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka.

The members of the Executive Committee and of the Ad-hoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court considered the deficiencies pointed out in the inspection report dated 10th & 11th October, 2003. A perusal of the inspection report had, inter alia, revealed that (a) Affiliation is available only for the first batch of admission; (b) Available land is located in three pieces which is against Regulation 2 of the establishment of Medical Regulation, 1999 and hospital should be located in a unitary plot in 25 acres. (c) Deficiencies in respect of the 300 bedded hospital which is required to be owned in terms of Regulation 2 sub clause 5 of the 1999 Regulations, is not so. Apart from the above-mentioned deficiencies there were also prevalent other deficiencies with respect to teachers and infrastructure etc. It has been found that the college for the academic year 2002-03 had failed to fulfil the minimum infrastructural, teaching and other facilities for getting recommendation from the MCI for 2nd annual renewal of the initial permission enabling it for admission of 3rd batch of students in the first year of the MBBS course after obtaining the necessary and mandatory prior permission from the Central Govt. under Section 10A in accordance with the statutory scheme.

On consideration of the deficiencies, the members of the Executive Committee and of the Ad-hoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court came to the conclusion to recommend to the Central Govt. not to grant 2nd annual renewal for the admission of 3rd batch of students to this college. It was further resolved to direct the office of the Council for taking all steps for early consideration of the appeal filed by the Council before the Hon'ble Supreme Court challenging the orders passed by the Hon'ble High court granting permission for admissions and for sitting in the examinations and which orders are not in conformity with the statutory provisions and regulations and of the judgements of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. It was also resolved to urge the Central Govt. to also consider filing appeals against the orders passed by the Hon'ble High Court, which are not in accordance with the provisions of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 and/or which either stay, disregard, overrule or set aside the orders passed by the Central Govt. in accordance therewith.

On 18.12.2003 the Hon'ble High Court had passed an order in CW 24236/2003 permitting the College to admit students for the academic year 2003-2004, when the college had not been granted permission by the Central Govt. for the academic year 2002-2003. This direction dated 18.12.2003 was challenged before the Hon'ble Supreme Court by filing an SLP (C) No. 2820-27/2003 challenging the orders of the Hon'ble High Court dated 3.10.2003, 3.11.2003 and 18.12.2003. The Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 16.2.2004 passed the detailed reasoned order that students who were admitted pursuant to the order dated 13.5.2003 shall be treated as students admitted for the academic session 2003-04 and the college was restrained from making any fresh admissions for the academic year 2003-04. This order has been made subject to the final order in all the appeals pending before the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

Thereafter the Society had filed writ petition No.19521 of 2004 dated 5.5.2004 before the Hon'ble High Court praying for grant of permission for the academic year 2004-05. This college was inspected on 25-26 May, 2004. The inspection report was considered by the Executive Committee of the Council in its meeting held on 13.06.2004 when the members of the Ad-hoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court were also present. However, in view of the large number of deficiencies pointed out in the inspection report, the Executive Committee of the Council recommended to the Central Govt. to not to renew grant of renewal of permission for admission of students for the academic year 2004-05. This decision of the Executive Committee of the Council was communicated to the Central Govt. vide MCI's letter dated 15.06.2004.

Thereafter, the case of the college was again considered by the Executive Committee of the Council in its meeting held on 16.07.2004. The written comments on behalf of the college forwarded to the MCI by the Central Govt. alongwith the Govt. of India's letter dated 14.07.2004 were considered by the Executive Committee in its meeting. It was observed by the Executive Committee of the Council that the MCI has never made any recommendation for grant of permission to this college on account of admitted non-compliance and non-adherence to the statutory pre-conditions. It was emphasised that the college does not fulfil the minimum requirements of 25 acres of land in a unitary contiguous plot, it does not own and manage its own hospital, as required, the deficiencies with regard to staff have been correctly pointed out, etc. In view of the gross deficiencies, the Council vide its letter dated 23.07.2004 informed the Govt. Of India regarding the decision of the Executive Committee of the Council to reiterate its earlier decision to not to grant renewal of permission to this college.

By an order dated 25.08.2004, the Central Govt., in view of the recommendations of the MCI, declined to renew the permission for admission of fresh batch of students in the 1st year of the MBBS course for the academic year 2004-05. In view of the order dated 08.09.2004 passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in WP No.469/2004 - Maharishi Markandeshwar Education Trust & Ors. Vs. UOI & Ors., the Govt. of India alongwith its letter dated 10.09.2004 forwarded a representation of the college and requested that the recommendations of the Council be sent to the Ministry in accordance with the time schedule fixed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the order dated 08.09.2004.

The inspection of the college was carried out by the MCI on 14.09.2004. The inspection report was considered by the Executive Committee of the Council in its meeting held on 21.09.2004 when the members of the Ad-hoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court were also present. In view of the gross deficiencies pointed out by the MCI, the decision of the Executive Committee to not to grant renewal of permission to this college for admission of fresh batch of students for the academic year 2004-05 was communicated to the Central Govt. vide MCI's letter dated 21.09.2004.

The Govt. of India issued an order dated 24.09.2004 to the petitioner college informing the college authorities that the Govt. of India has decided not to renew the permission for the academic year 2004-05. For the academic year 2005-06 on account of deficiencies the college could not secure recommendations from the MCI for grant of renewal.

Thereafter, it was observed that by virtue of the initial permission granted by the Ministry of Health, Govt. of India and subsequent orders passed by the Hon'ble High Court, the 1st batch admitted in the MBBS course has appeared in the final examination. The college has applied through the University to the Govt. of India, for approval for its students of the MBBS course for award of medical qualification granted by Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences Bangalore.

The inspection for this purpose was carried out by the MCI on 3rd and 4th of April 2006. Deficiencies had been found and were informed to the Govt. of India vide MCI's letter dated 5.5.2006. It was also informed that the members of the

Executive Committee of the Council and of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court had decided in the meeting held on 24.4.2006 – not to approve MVJ Medical College Bangalore for the award of MBBS degree granted by Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences, Bangalore.

This college had submitted compliance for removal of deficiencies which had been pointed out in the inspection report dated 3rd and 4th April 2006. The compliance verification inspection had been carried out by the MCI inspection team on 24.5.2006. This compliance verification report was considered by the members of the Executive Committee and of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in its meeting held on 14th/15th June, 2006. It was observed that though the objection regarding land being in 3 pieces continues to remain, however, the other minimum prescribed infrastructural, teaching and other facilities for the MBBS course has been completed/fulfilled by the college authorities and the 1st batch of the MBBS course has also completed the duration of 4- ½ years of teaching and training of the MBBS course.

In this view of the matter it was decided that, subject to the further orders which may be passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in SLP (C) No. 2820-27/2003 filed by the MCI, to recommend to the General Body of the Council for forwarding the recommendations of the Council to the Ministry of Health, Govt. of India, for approval of this college for the award of MBBS degree granted by Rajiv Gandhi University of Health Sciences Bangalore. It was also decided that, subject to the further orders which may be passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in SLP (C) No. 2820-27/2003 filed by the MCI, to recommend to the Central Govt. for admission of 100 students in the MBBS course for the academic session 2006-07 at MVJ Medical College at Bangalore”.

30. Approval of Alluri Sitarama Raju Academy of Medical Sciences, Elluru for the award of MBBS degree granted by N.T.R. University of Health Sciences, Vijayawada.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(23rd May, 2006) for approval of Alluri Sitarama Raju Academy of Medical Sciences, Elluru for the award of MBBS degree granted by N.T.R. University of Health Sciences, Vijayawada.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (23rd May,2006) and decided to recommend that Alluri Sitarama Raju Academy of Medical Sciences, Elluru be approved for the award of MBBS degree granted by N.T.R. University of Health Sciences, Vijayawada.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council further decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 7th batch of 100 MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at Alluri Sitarama Raju Academy of Medical Sciences, Elluru.

31. Approval of N.K.P. Salve Instt. of Medical Sciences and Research Centre, Nagpur for the award of MBBS degree granted by Maharashtra University of Health Sciences, Nashik against the increased intake from 50 to 100 students.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(31st May, 2006) for approval of N.K.P. Salve Institute of Medical Sciences and Research Centre, Nagpur for the award of MBBS degree granted by Maharashtra University of Health Sciences, Nashik against the increased intake from 50 to 100.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (31st May,2006) and decided to recommend that N.K.P. Salve Institute of Medical Sciences and Research Centre, Nagpur be approved for the award of MBBS degree granted by Maharashtra University of Health Sciences, Nashik against the increased intake from 50 to 100.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council further decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 6th batch against the increased intake from 50 to 100 MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at N.K.P. Salve Instt. of Medical Sciences and Research Centre, Nagpur.

32. Establishment of new medical college at Munshiganj by Sanjay Gandhi Memorial Trust, New Delhi – Request received from the Trust authorities to consider their application for the year 2007-2008.

Read: The request received from the Administrator Sanjay Gandhi Memorial Trust, New Delhi to consider their application for establishment of the college for the year 2007-2008.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the letter dated 11.05.2006 received from the Administrator, Sanjay Gandhi Memorial Trust, New Delhi requesting to consider their application for Letter of Permission for the year 2007-2008. In view of the Govt. of India letter dated 15.03.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar Vs. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, and as per the Schedule prescribed in the Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to return the application to the Central Govt. recommending disapproval of the scheme submitted in the year 2004 for establishment of new medical college at Munshiganj, U.P. by Sanjay Gandhi Memorial Trust, New Delhi u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

33. Establishment of new medical college at Panikahiti by Down Town Charity Trust, Guwahati – Request received from the Principal of the college to defer the inspection for the next academic year.

Read: The request received from the Principal of Medical College, Panikahiti to defer the inspection for establishment of the college for next year.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the letter dated 13.05.2006 received from the Principal, Sankar Madhab Medical College & Hospital, Panikahiti requesting to defer compliance verification inspection of the college to the next academic year. In view of the Govt. of India letter dated 15.03.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar Vs. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, and as per the Schedule prescribed in the Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to return the application to the Central Govt. recommending disapproval of the scheme submitted in the year 2004 for establishment of new medical college at Panikahiti by Down Town Charity Trust, Guwahati u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

34. Application for increase of MBBS seats from 100 to 150 at Govt. Medical College, Mysore- Request received from the Principal to defer the matter for the 2006-2007.

Read: The request received from the Principal, Mysore Medical College, Mysore to defer the matter for increase of seats for the current academic year i.e. 2006-2007.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the letter dated 13.05.2006 received from the Principal, Govt. Medical College, Mysore intimating that inspection for increase of seats is not required for the academic session 2006-07. In view of the Govt. of India letter dated 15.03.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar Vs. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, and as per the Schedule prescribed in the regulations, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th

June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to return the application to the Central Govt. recommending disapproval of the scheme for increase of seats from 100 to 150 at Govt. Medical College, Mysore u/s10A of the I.M.C. Act,1956.

35. Proposal of new `Medical School in Bangalore from Queen Mary University of London.

Read: The letter dated 26.5.2006 received from the Govt. of India, Ministry of Health & F.W. enclosing therewith a copy of letter dated 29.4.2006 received from Queen Mary University of London for a new Medical School in Bangalore.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the letter dated 26.5.2006 received from the Govt. of India, Ministry of Health & F.W. enclosing therewith a copy of letter dated 29.4.2006 from Queen Mary University of London for a new Medical School in Bangalore and decided to authorize the President (Acting) to constitute a Sub-Committee to go through the matter and submit its report at the earliest.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council further decided to defer the consideration of the matter till then.

36. Problems faced by the Indian students acquiring degrees from foreign educational institutions.

Read: The letter dated 26.5.2006 received from the Govt. of India, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare and letter dated 3.3.2006 received from the Embassy of India, Beijing with regard to problems faced by the Indian students acquiring degrees from foreign educational institutions.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the letter dated 26.5.2006 received from the Govt. of India, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare and letter dated 3.3.2006 received from the Embassy of India, Beijing with regard to problems faced by the Indian students acquiring degrees from foreign educational institutions and decided to authorize the President (Acting) to constitute a Sub-Committee to go through the matter and submit its report at the earliest.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council further decided to defer the consideration of the matter till then.

37. Shortage of faculty members in the Medical Education Section – Request for raising the retirement age from 65 years to 70 years .

Read: The letter dated 25.4.2006 received from the Director, Govt. of India, Ministry of Health & F.W. for raising the retirement age of teachers from 65 years to 70 years.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the letter dated 25.4.2006 received from the Central Government for raising the retirement age of teachers from 65 years to 70 years and noted that the maximum age upto which a teacher can be permitted has been raised upto 65 years vide Notification dated 15th March, 2005.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided that it would be prudent to observe the effect of 2005 amendment raising the maximum age upto 65 years and directed the Secretary of the Council to obtain the details from all the State Governments/D.M.E.s as to whether the retirement age of medical teachers has been raised in conformity with the amended regulations and place the compiled information before the Committee after it is received for further consideration.

38. To consider the letter dated 12.5.2006 from the Secretary to the President of India regarding admission of students in medical colleges which are unrecognized/waiting for recognition.

Read: The letter dated 12.5.2006 from the Secretary to the President of India regarding admission of students in medical colleges which are unrecognized/waiting for recognition.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the letter dated 12.5.2006 from the Secretary to the President of India regarding admission of students in medical colleges, which are unrecognized/waiting for recognition and decided to publish the list of permitted/recognized/approved medical colleges by the Medical Council of India in the website.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council further decided that this fact of availability of list of permitted/recognised/approved medical colleges should be given wide publicity by way of press-release/advertisement in the National Newspapers for awareness of the general public further requesting the general public that they should take admission only in such medical colleges which are included in the list of permitted/recognized/approved medical colleges.

39. NTR UHS: ADMN – NTR University of Health Sciences Amendment Act No.16 of 2006 - change of name as “Dr. NTR University of Health Sciences”.

Read: The notification dated 31.3.2006 regarding change of name of NTR University of Health Sciences, Vijayawada as Dr. NTR University of Health Sciences, Vijayawada.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council noted the notification dated 31.3.2006 received from the Registrar, NTR University of Health Sciences, Vijayawada intimating that the Government of Andhra Pradesh renamed NTR University of Health Sciences, Vijayawada as “Dr. NTR University of Health Sciences, Vijayawada”.

40. Nomination of Selection Committee members for the post of Deputy Secretary(Medical).

Read: The matter with regard to nomination of the Selection Committee members for the post of Deputy Secretary (Medical) in the Council office.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council nominated Prof. S.C. Mohapatra, Director of Medical Education & Training, Govt. of Orissa and Dr. G.B. Gupta, Prof. & HOD of Medicine, Pt.JNM Medical College, Raipur on the Selection Committee for the post of Deputy Secretary (Medical).

41. Nomination of Selection Committee members for the post of Zonal Inspectors.

Read: The matter with regard to nomination of the Selection Committee members for the post of Zonal Inspectors in the Council office.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council nominated Dr. Ved Prakash Mishra, Chairman, PG Committee; Dr. C.V. Bhirmanandham, Vice-Chancellor, The Tamil Nadu Dr. M.G.R. Medical College University and Dr. V.N. Jindal, Dean, Govt. Medical College, Goa on the Selection Committee for the post of Zonal Inspector, MCI.

42. Nomination of Selection Committee for the post of Law Officer.

Read: The matter with regard to nomination of the Selection Committee for the post of Law Officer.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council nominated Dr. Ved Prakash Mishra, Chairman, PG

Committee and Dr. B.C. Das, Director, State Institute of Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of Orissa, Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar on the Selection Committee for the post of Law Officer.

43. Request of Retainer Shri J.S. Bhasin to increase the monthly retainership.

Read: The request received from Sh. J.S. Bhasin, Retainer Advocate of the Council to increase the monthly retainership.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the request received from Sh. J.S. Bhasin, Retainer Advocate of the Council and decided to increase the monthly retainership from Rs.5,000/- to Rs.10,000/-.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council further decided that he would be reimbursed the actual taxi fare on the days on which he visits the Council Office at Dwarka.

44. Recognition of Director of Medical & Health Services, Community Health Center/Primary Health Center, Moti Daman & Govt. Hospital, Marwad, Nani Damn for Compulsory Rotating Internship Training.

Read : The Council Inspector's report (8th & 9th Feb., 2006) for recognition of Director of Medical & Health Services, Community Health Center/Primary Health Center, Moti Daman & Govt. Hospital, Marwad, Nani Damn for Compulsory Rotating Internship Training.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspector's report (8th & 9th Feb., 2006) and decided to recommend that Director of Medical & Health Services, Community Health Center/Primary Health Center, Moti Daman & Govt. Hospital, Marwad, Nani Damn be recognized for Compulsory Rotating Internship Training in the following subjects with number of interns mentioned against each:-

Medicine	-	2(two)
Surgery	-	2(two)
Obst. & Gynae.		2(two)

45. Applications for issue of eligibility certificate with fake signature of Shri Jagtar Singh (Asstt. Secretary) & Shri B.D. Jain (S.O.).

Read : The enquiry report submitted by Dr. P. Kumar, Additional Secretary in the matter.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council discussed the enquiry report submitted by Dr. P. Kumar, Additional Secretary in the matter. The Secretary explained that the report does not show the whole correct scenario as he had never given specific approval for returning the files. The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided that the Sub-Committee of Dr. Ved Prakash Mishra and Dr. D.K. Sharma be asked to investigate further in the matter and submit its report at the earliest.

46. Probation period of Dr. Davinder Kumar, Deputy Secretary.

Read : the matter with regard to probation of Dr. Davinder Kumar, Deputy Secretary.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to extend the probation of Dr. Davinder Kumar, Deputy Secretary upto 4th December, 2006.

47. Establishment of new Medical College at Raichur by Government of Karnataka.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (6th & 7th June, 2006) for establishment of new medical college at Raichur by Government of Karnataka u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (6th & 7th June,2006) and noted the following:-

1. The shortage of teaching faculty is 83.05% as under:-

- a) Professor - 5 (Anatomy-1, Physiology-1, Biochemistry-1, Medicine-1, Surgery-1)
 Prof./Assoc.Prof.-11 (Pathology-1, Microbiology-1, Pharmacology-1, Forensic Medicine-1, Comm. Medicine-1, Paediatric-1, ENT-1, Ophthalmology-1, Obst. & Gynae.-1, Radiology-1, Anaesthesia-1)
 Assoc.Prof. - 6 (Anatomy-2, Physiology-2, Medicine-2)
 Asstt.Prof.-9 (Anatomy-3, Physiology-1, Lecturer in Bio Physic-1, Biochemistry-1, Obst. & Gynae.1, Dentistry-1)
 Tutors-18 (Anatomy-4, Physiology-4, Biochemistry-2, Pathology-1, Microbiology-1, Pharmacology-1, Forensic Medicine-1, Radiology-1, Anaesthesia-2)

(b) Shortage of Residents is 81.57% as under:

Sr. Resident-11 (Medicine-3, Paediatrics-1, Surgery-4, ENT-1, Ophthalmology-1, Obst. & Gynae.-1)

Jr. Resident - 20 (Medicine-8, Paediatric-2, Surgery-8, ENT-1, Ophthalmology-1)

(c) Dr. K. Ramachandra shown as Medical Superintendent, is not qualified to hold the post as he has no administrative experience.

2. The clinical material is inadequate as under:-

	Daily Average		Day of Inspection	
OPD Attendance	438		325	
Casualty attendance	05		02	
Number of admissions/discharge	34		06	
Bed occupancy %	43		40	
<u>Radiological Investigations</u>	O.P.	I.P	O.P	I.P
X-ray	21	18	23	18
Ultrasonography	10	8	10	8
Special investigations	4	3	2	4
CT Scan	-	-	-	-
<u>Laboratory Investigations</u>				
Biochemistry	25	21	22	19
Microbiology	4	4	3	2
Serology	5	5	5	3
Parasitology	4	4	4	4
Haematology	30	29	26	24
Histopathology	-	-	-	-
Cytopathology	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-

3. Distribution of beds in different specialities is not as per Council requirements.; There is over-crowding of beds in the wards. Beds are not distributed as per the speciality. Patients are put on the bed as per availability and requirements. Beds are not numbered. Unit-wise distribution of beds is not existing in reality, it is on paper.
4. In OPD, there is common registration counter for male and female patients. No waiting area is available near the counter. No sitting arrangements in OPD. Teaching facilities like x-ray, view box, examination tray etc. are not provided in most of the rooms. Teaching area is not provided for any speciality in OPD. There is no audio metry room, dark room, child welfare clinic, minor OT etc. Space is inadequate in OPD.

5. OPD registration is not computerized. Medical Record Department is not computerized. ICD X classification of diseases is not followed for indexing.
6. Most of the wards are not provided duty doctor room, nurse duty room, pantry, examination/procedure room, teaching area and side laboratory. Unitwise distribution of beds is not existing. The distance between beds is not as per norms causing congestion. All the wards need reorganisation as per MCI guidelines.
7. Civil construction work of the college building is in progress. In the present form, not a single department/area can be made functional. Pre and para clinical departments are yet to be commissioned. Construction work of administrative block is in progress.
8. Lecture theatres are under construction.
9. In operation theatre unit, nitrous oxide supply and central suction are not available. There is no post-operative ward in OT complex.
10. ICU Medical, ICCU, Surgical ICU, Paediatric ICU are not available.
11. There is no record available in Central Sterilization department. No other equipments including bins, trays, racks available in Central Sterilization department is available. Autoclave is run by a wardboy.
12. EPABX is not available.
13. There is no mechanical laundry. Manual washing of 100 to 150 clothes is carried out by three dhobi. No record of workload is available.
14. There is no provision to supply special diet as recommended by Physician. Service of dietician are not available.
15. Canteen is not available.
16. There is no incinerator. Bio-medical waste disposal is done by deep burial and dumping with lime treatment and is located near mortuary area.
17. New mortuary building is under construction. No cold storage facility is provided. Postmortems are done in a very small room which is inadequate.
18. There is no Medical Education Unit.
19. There is no college Council established.
20. Common room for boys and girls are not available.
21. Central library is not established.
22. Central photography cum audio-visual units is not established.
23. Construction for boys' and girls' hostels has just started.
24. No construction of the hostel for nurses and resident doctors started.
25. There are no residential quarters in the campus.
26. Sports and recreation facilities are not available.
27. Non-teaching staff should be appointed in various departments as per Council norms.
28. Central oxygen and central suction are not available in the casualty.
29. No emergency theatre is available.

30. No post-operative ward is available outside the OT complex.

31. The resuscitation equipment in the OT is inadequate as under:-

Multiparameter Monitor (with capnograph)	Nil
Respiratory Gas Monitor	Nil
Pulse Oximeter	One
Cardiac Monitor	Nil
Defibrillators	Nil
Ventilator	two
Boyles' apparatus	three
Infusion Pump	Nil
Drip Infusion Pump	Nil

32. Medical Record Officer is not qualified. Staff is inadequate. Follow up services is not available.

33. Para Medical Staff is grossly inadequate as under:

Laboratory Technicians-10
Laboratory Assistants-Nil
Laboratory Attendants-Nil

34. Nursing Staff is grossly inadequate as under:

Nursing Superintendent	One
Deputy Nursing Superintendent	Nil
Matron	Two
Asstt.Nursing Superintendent	Two
Nursing Sisters	Nil
Staff nurses	Forty four

35. There is a deficiency of 78 teaching beds as under:

Medicine	32
Paediatrics	02
Surgery	42
Obst. & Gynae.	02
Total:	78

36. Other deficiencies/remarks in the report.

In view of above and in view of the Govt. of India letter dated 15.03.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar Vs. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, and as per the Schedule prescribed in the Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to disapprove the scheme received in the year 2004 for establishment of new medical college at Raichur by Government of Karnataka u/s10A of the I.M.C. Act,1956.

48. Establishment of new Medical College at Bishnupur Distt., Manipur by College of Medical Society, Bishnupur, Manipur.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (29th & 30th May, 2006) for establishment of new medical college at Bishnupur Distt., Manipur by College of Medical Society, Bishnupur, Manipur u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (29-30 June, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. No faculty member was available, hence, the physical verification of the faculty could not be done. Despite several enquiries and requests to the Principal, Medical Superintendent and Secretary of the Trust Building, on the second day of inspection, no Declaration Form of any faculty member or the faculty member himself was available for verification. The member and the Medical Superintendent themselves in spite of the assurances, did not provide their own Declaration Forms.
2. The hospital which is affiliated to the proposed college is not functional. There was not a single indoor or outdoor case on the day of inspection. Facilities like Operation Theatre, Clinical laboratory and Radiology are not available. The hospital is constructed as a separate one stayed building, of which only some part is ready which is made as an OPD but non-functional. Casualty is not available. Three wards are available for Medicine, Surgery and OBGY. There are 10 beds each for male and female patients in Medicine and Surgery and 10 beds in OBG. Thus, only 50 beds are available against the requirement of 300 beds. Even these 50 beds are randomly put in three different rooms labeled as OBG, Medicine and Surgery. There are no patients. Wards are not organised and well equipped.
3. Only a few persons are available as para medical staff. This is not as per requirement.
4. No physical verification and supportive documents were available.
5. Few nurses are available in the District Hospital which is not as per the requirement.
6. College building a single storied building complex housing library, Principal Office and two small administrative offices, which were not properly organized, furnished and were made of the brick wall and the tin roofs is not as per MCI norms. Office rooms without adequate furniture, telephone facility and computer. Library building divided by a wooden divider without any proper organization of the library in terms of laying down of Almerahs, books and journals.
7. Pre-para clinical departments do not have required furniture, equipment and space. No faculty or the para medical staff was available on the day of inspection.
8. College has not provided Annual Budget.
9. There is no Medical Education Unit available in the college.
10. College Council does not exist.
11. The construction of two lecture theatres is not completed. Only four walls and the partition has been made without any roofing plastering or wood work.
12. Common rooms for boys and girls is not available.
13. There is no Animal House.
14. There is no central photography cum audio-visual unit.
15. There is no workshop available.
16. Hostels are not available in the campus.
17. There is no sports and recreation facilities available.
18. There is no Registration and Medical Record Section.
19. There is no Central Casualty Services available.
20. There is no Clinical Laboratories available.
21. Operation Theatres are not available.
22. There is no Intensive Care available.
23. Radiological facilities are not available.
24. Central Sterilization department is not available.
25. There is no Central Laundry.
26. Kitchen is not available.
27. Incinerator is not available.
28. None of the departments of Anatomy, Physiology and Biochemistry are functional. Infrastructure in the form of one hall and two rooms is available in the departments of Anatomy, Physiology and Biochemistry. They are not furnished and equipped as per Council norms.
29. Only space is earmarked for the paraclinical departments of Pathology, Microbiology, Pharmacology, Forensic Medicine and Community Medicine.
30. Other deficiencies/remarks in the report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15.3.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June and since, the applicant has failed to fulfill the mandatory and statutory requirement of owning and managing of 300 bedded hospital as laid down in the Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to disapprove the scheme for Establishment of new medical college at Bishnupur Distt., Manipur by College of Medical Society, Bishnupur, Manipur received u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

49. Establishment of new medical college at Agartala by Global Educational Net, Ambalapuzha, Kerala.

Read: The Compliance verification inspection report (26th May, 2006) for establishment of new medical college at Agartala by Global Educational Net, Ambalapuzha, Kerala u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (26th May, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to issue Letter of Permission for establishment of new medical college at Agartala by Global Educational Net, Ambalapuzha, Kerala with an annual intake of 100 students for the academic session 2006-07 u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

50. Establishment of new medical college at Bhubaneswar by Sikshya "O" Anusandhan Charitable Educational Society, Bhubaneswar, Orissa.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report (24th May, 2006) for establishment of new medical college at Bhubaneswar by Sikshya "O" Anusandhan Charitable Educational Society, Bhubaneswar, Orissaa u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (24th May, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. (a) The following faculty members were not eligible while computing faculty deficiency for reasons given as under:-

Sr. no.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Reason for Exclusion
1.	Dr. Surama Samantray	Asstt.Prof.	Biochemistry	She has only 2 years residency experience as stated in the declaration form. She cannot be accepted as Asstt. Prof. as she does not possess requisite experience of 3 years as Tutor as required under Regulations.
2.	Dr.Shashi Narayana Mohapatra	Asstt.Prof.	Pharmacology	He has only 2 years 10 months residency experience as stated in the declaration form. He cannot be accepted as Asstt. Prof. as he does not possess requisite experience of 3 years as Tutor as required under Regulations.
3.	Dr.Prasanta Kr, Mohapatra	Asstt.Prof.	Pathology	He has only 1 year residency and 6 months as Asstt.Prof. experience as stated in the declaration form. He cannot be accepted as Asstt. Prof. as he

				does not possess requisite experience of 3 years as Tutor as required under Regulations.
4.	Dr.Sarada Prasanna Das	Asstt.Prof.	Radiology	He has only 1 year 1 month residency experience as stated in the declaration form. He cannot be accepted as Asstt. Prof. as he does not possess requisite experience of 3 years as Tutor as required under Regulations.
5.	Dr.Samarendra Kr.Mohapatra	Asstt.Prof.	SPM	He has only 2 years 10 months residency experience as stated in the declaration form. He cannot be accepted as Asstt. Prof. as he does not possess requisite experience of 3 years as Tutor as required under Regulations.
6.	Dr.Gourishyam Nanda	Asstt.Prof.	Anaesth.	He has only 1 year residency and 2 years and 5 months Asstt.Prof. experience as stated in the declaration form. He cannot be accepted as Asstt. Prof. as he does not possess requisite experience of 3 years as Tutor as required under Regulations.
7.	Dr. Banchanidhi Acharya	Sr.Resident	Anaesth.	He has not mentioned any experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Sr. Resident.
8.	Dr. Prafulla Kumar Naik	Sr.Resident	Medicine	He has not mentioned any experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Sr. Resident.
9.	Dr.Prasanna Kumar Padi	Sr.Resident	Medicine	He has not mentioned any experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Sr. Resident.
10.	Dr.Umesh Chandra Mohapatra	Sr. Resident	Radiology	He has not mentioned any experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Sr. Resident.
11.	Dr.Pendyala Sujata	Sr.Resident	OBGY	He has not mentioned any experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Sr. Resident.
12.	Dr. Satchidananda Mishra	Sr.Resident	ENT	He has not mentioned any experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Sr. Resident.
13.	Dr.Subash Chandra Rout	Sr.Resident	Ortho.	He has not mentioned any experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Sr. Resident.
14.	Dr. Bijaya Kr. Tripathy	Sr.Resident	Ortho.	He has not mentioned any experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Sr. Resident.

- (b) In relation to certain Declaration Forms submitted on behalf of the medical teachers and endorsed by the Principal of the medical college, it was observed/found that teaching experience shown in those Declaration Forms is incorrect and in certain cases, it was seriously doubted. The office of the Council had undertaken the exercise of verifying the individual particulars regarding the claimed teaching experience from the Medical institutions concerned and found their claim to be fake. The following teaching faculty cannot be considered as the experience certificates submitted by them are forged as shown below:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Department	Remarks
1.	Dr. A. Ravi Kumar	Assoc. Prof.	Physiology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Adichunchanagiri Instt. of Medical Scs., Bellur from Feb., 92 to Sept., 99 as Asstt. Prof. & 01.11.01 to 15.03.05 as Assoc. Prof. In its letter, Adichunchanagiri Instt. of Medical Scs., Bellur has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
1.	Dr. K. Balasundaram	Assoc. Prof.	Physiology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at The Institute of Road Transport Perundurai Medical College, Perundurai Sanatorium, Erode Distt. TN from 12.03.90 to 02.09.96 as Asstt. Prof. and at Sree Balaji Medical College, Chennai from 10.9.96 to 19.5.2002 as Assoc.Prof. In their letters, the Institute of Road Transport Perundurai Medical College, Perundurai and Sree Balaji Medical College, Chennai have stated that he has not worked at all in the institutions. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificates and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
2.	Dr. B. Ashok	Asstt. Prof.	Physiology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at JJM Medical College, Davangere from 04.10.00 to 05.10.03 as Tutor & 05.10.03 to 17.06.04 as Asstt. Prof. In its letter, JJM Medical College, Davangere has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.

3.	Dr. R. Ganeshan	Assoc. Prof.	Anatomy	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Sri Ramachandra Medical College, Porur, Chennai from Nov.,93 to Jan., 00 as Asstt. Prof. & 10.01.00 to 12.09.03 as Assoc. Prof. In its letter, Sri Ramachandra Medical College, Porur, Chennai has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
4.	Dr. A. Lakshmi Narayana	Assoc. Prof.	Anatomy	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Deccan College of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad from 04.09.96 to 08.06.02 as Asstt. Prof. In its letter, Deccan College of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
5.	Dr. A. Suryanarayana	Prof.	Radiology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at JSS Medical College, Mysore from 04.08.97 to 15.11.98 as Asstt. Prof. and at M.S. Ramaiah Medical College, Bangalore from 8.8.85 to 14.8.92 as Asstt.Prof. and from 15.8.92 to 8.6.97 as Assoc.Prof. In their letters, JSS Medical College, Mysore and M.S. Ramaiah Medical College, Bangalore have stated that he has not worked at all in the institutions. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificates and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
6.	Dr. Rajesh	Asstt.Prof	Anatomy	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at JSS Medical College, Mysore from 06.11.01 to 29.12.04 as Asstt.Prof.. In its letter, JSS Medical College, Mysore has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
7.	Dr. S. Panchamuthu	Prof.	Anatomy	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at

				JSS Medical College, Mysore from 04.02.88 to 03.02.94 as Asstt. Prof. & from 04.02.94 to 10.10.99 as Assoc. Prof. In its letter, JSS Medical College, Mysore has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
8.	Dr. B. Anand Kumar	Asst. Prof.	Anatomy	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Sri Devaraj Urs Meeical College, Tamaka, Kolar from 16.03.01 to 18.03.04 as Tutor & 19.03.04 to 04.08.04 as Asstt. Prof.. Prof. In its letter, Sri Devaraj Urs Meeical College, Tamaka, Kolar has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council were, therefore, were clearly of the view that the Council should take steps for referring these cases to the Police authorities for registration of FIRs and conducting investigation in all such cases. It was also observed that in the complaint to be sent to the Police authorities, it should also be clearly requested that all those cases where there is a collusion and conspiracy of such persons with the management of the colleges, the necessary action should also be taken against the management of those colleges. It was further decided that appropriate action be taken against these Doctors and the Dean/Principal in accordance with Professional Conduct (Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations 2002.

(c) In view of above, the shortage of teaching staff is more than 25% as under:-

- (i) Assoc.Prof. - 7 (Anatomy-3, Physiology-3, Radio diagnosis -1)
- (ii) Asstt. Prof. - 7 (Anatomy -3, Physiology -1, Biochemistry - 1, Pathology - 1, Radiology -1)

(d) In view of the above the deficiency of residents is 20% as under:-

- (i) Sr. Resident – 6 (Anasthesia –1, Medicine –1, Radiology –1, Obst. & Gynae. –1, ENT –1, Orthopaedics –1)
- 2. There are no residential quarters available. They are under construction.
- 3. Sports & recreation facilities are not available. Site for the same has been identified. No Gymnasium facilities are available.
- 4. The nurses have been temporarily housed in the hospital ward (25 special cabin with inadequate furniture). There is no messing facilities in all temporary hostels. The construction work for the nurses hostel and residents hostel has not been still started.
- 5. 5-6 of the admitted cases were not having diseases requiring hospitalization in the casualty. The deficiency is partially rectified.
- 6. Other deficiencies/remarks in the report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15.3.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court

and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to disapprove the scheme for Establishment of new medical college at Bhubaneswar by Sikshya “O” Anusandhan Charitable Educational Society, Bhubaneswar u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council also decided that including recommendation for disapproval of the scheme of the applicant college, the Central Government may consider debarring this college from any further consideration u/s 10A of the Act for a period of 2-3 years and for any further appropriate action by the Central Government to curb this menace.

51. Establishment of new medical college at Thiruvananthapuram by Dr. K.N. Pai Heart Foundation, Kerala.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(29th May, 2006) for establishment of new medical college at Thiruvananthapuram by Dr. K.N. Pai Heart Foundation, Kerala u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors reports (29th May 2006 and 12th June 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to issue letter of permission for establishment of new medical college at Thiruvananthapuram by Dr. K. N. Pai Heart Foundation with an annual intake of 100 students for the academic session 2006-07 u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

52. Establishment of new medical college at Palakkad, Kerala by Safe Development Alms Trust for the academic session 2006-2007 .

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(25th May, 2006) for establishment of new medical college at Palakkad, Kerala by Safe Development Alms Trust u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (25th May, 2006) and noted the following:-

- 1 (a) In relation to certain Declaration Forms submitted on behalf of the medical teachers and endorsed by the Principal of the medical college, it was observed/found that teaching experience shown in those Declaration Forms is incorrect and in certain cases, it was seriously doubted. The office of the Council had undertaken the exercise of verifying the individual particulars regarding the claimed teaching experience from the Medical institutions concerned and found their claim to be fake. The following teaching faculty cannot be considered as the experience certificates submitted by them are forged as shown below:

S.No	Name	Desig- nation	Department	Remarks
1.	Dr. R. Srirama Murthy	Prof.	Anatomy	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Deccan College of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad from 10.02.89 to 16.06.94 as Asstt.Prof. & from 17.06.1994 to 20.10.1999 as Assoc. Prof. In its letter, Deccan College of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
2.	Dr. Pospati Suresh	Prof.	Radiology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Adichunchanagiri Instt. of Medical Sciences, Bellure from 21.10.1998 to 04.04.99 as Assoc. Prof. In its letter, Adichunchanagiri Instt. of Medical Sciences, Bellure has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
3.	Dr. B.R. Chandra Hasan	Prof.	Biochemistry	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Sri Devaraj Urs Medical

				College, Tamaka, Kolar from 06.07.1991 to 10.11.1997 as Asstt. Prof. In its letter, Devaraj Urs Medical College, Tamaka, Kolar has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
4.	Dr. Dara Venkata Ramaiah	Assoc. Prof.	Physiology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at JSS Medical College, Mysore from 01.08.1992 to 10.08.1998 as Asstt.Prof. In its letter, JSS Medical College, Mysore has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
5.	Dr. Puttur Jyothswar Reddy	Assoc. Prof.	Pharmacology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at JJM Medical College, Davangere from April, 1992 to April, 1995 as Tutor and from May,1995 to Dec.1999 as Asstt.Prof. In its letter, JJM Medical College, Davangere has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
6.	Dr. S. Srinivasulu	Assoc. Prof.	Physiology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Naryana Medical College, Nellor from 14.11.2001 to 13.2.2004 as Asstt.Prof. In its letter, Naryana Medical College, Nellore has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
7.	Dr. B.Paul S. Kumar	Assoc. Prof.	Biochemistry	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Deccan College of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad from 4.7.1994 to 20.12.1999 as Asstt.Prof. In its letter, Deccan College of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
8.	Dr. B.M.V. Giridhar	Assoc. Prof.	Anatomy	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at PES Instt. of Medical Sciences, Kuppam from 10.10.2006 to 16.10.2003 as Assoc.Prof. In its letter, PES Instt. of Medical Sciences, Kuppam has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
9.	Dr. K.A. Anand	Assoc. Prof.	Pathology	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Deccan College of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad from 1.6.1993 to 10.6.1999 as Asstt.Prof. In its letter, Deccan College of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
10.	Dr. B.R. Chandra Hasan	Asstt. Prof.	Biochemistry	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Sri Devaraj Urs Medical College, Kolar, Karnataka from 6.7.1991 to 10.11.1997 as Asstt. Prof. In its letter, Sri Devaraj Urs Medical College, Kolar, Karnataka has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
11.	Dr. P.K. Rajan	Asstt. Prof.	Anaesthesia	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Kasturba Medical College,

				Manipal from 2000 to 2003 as Tutor. In its letter, Kasturba Medical College, Manipal has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
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(b) The following faculty members were not eligible while computing faculty deficiency for reasons given as under:-

Sr. no.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Reason for Exclusion
1.	Dr.S. Somasundram	Assoc. Prof.	ENT	He has only 2 years residency and 4 years Asstt.Prof. experience as stated in the declaration form. He cannot be accepted as Assoc. Prof. as he does not possess requisite experience of 5 years as Asstt.Prof. as required under Regulations.
2.	Dr.K.Sengottayan	Asstt. Prof.	General Surgery	He has not mentioned any experience in the declaration form. Hence he cannot be accepted.
3.	Dr. R. Sadasivan	Sr. Resident	Surgery	He has not mentioned any experience in the declaration form. Hence he cannot be accepted.

(c) In view of above, the shortage of teaching staff is more than 25% as under:-

- (i) Prof. – 2 (Anatomy –1, Biochemistry -1)
 - (ii) Assoc.Prof.-9 (Microbiology-1, Orthopaedics-1, Pharmacology-1, Anatomy-1, Physiology-2, Biochemistry-1, Pathology-1, Radio diagnosis -1)
 - (iii) Asstt.Prof. -3 (Forensic Medicine-1, Biochemistry-1, Surgery - 1)
2. CCTV facility not available in the Operation Theatres. Deficiency remains as it is.
3. Dr. V. Bhaskaran, shown as Medical Superintendent is not qualified to hold the post as he has only 8 years' administrative experience which is inadequate as per norms.
4. Accommodation is available for 30 boys and 39 girls (i.e. 69 students) against the requirement of 100. Even in this hostel, there is no railing on the staircase and the windows are yet to be fixed in the boys hostel. Rooms are not furnished adequately. Toilets are not ready for use. The hostel is non-functional. Deficiency remains as it is.
5. Registration counter is computerized but not fully cross-linked with computer in the MRD as well as with the central laboratory, operation theatres and labour rooms. ICD X classification is not followed. Deficiency remains as it is.
6. No glove inspection machine and instrument washing machine is available in Central Sterilization department. Separate washing area is not available. Deficiency remains as it is.
7. Temporary kitchen with tiled roof and no flooring, no windows, no electricity and water facility is available. No regular permanent arrangements for kitchen in the hospital premises is available. The trollies for the carrying the food for patients were inadequate.
8. Paramedical staff is inadequate as under:-
Laboratory Technicians-16
Laboratory Assistants - 7
Laboratory Attendants- 8
9. Rooms in hospital wards, OPDs and departments are not constructed as per MCI norms. All rooms have temporary hospital aluminum partition.
10. There are no cadavers in the department of Anatomy. Books in the departmental library are inadequate.
11. In deptt. of Physiology, there is no wash basin in clinical lab. In Mammalian Lab., no working table and washing area is available. All the rooms in the department including the labs and faculty rooms were partly partitioned by aluminium partition.
12. In Biochemistry deptt., no proper room for keeping the gas cylinders is available.
13. There are no regular rooms in the hospital OPD, wards and in the college departments. The rooms have been made by the use of aluminium/glass partitions.
14. One office each for Pharmacology, Microbiology, Pathology and Forensic Medicine was available with aluminum partition and no proper roof, electricity and water supply was available.
15. There is no proper roof for the PSM Department. There was no electricity and water connection in the department. The department is non-functional.
16. Histopathology and Cytopathology investigations are not available.

17. Medlar and Internet are not available in the Central library.
18. Only space is available for the common rooms for boys and girls. The deficiency remains as it is.
19. Other deficiencies/remarks in the report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15/3/2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, and as per the Schedule prescribed in the Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to disapprove the scheme for Establishment of new medical college at Palakkad, Kerala by Safe Development Alms Trust received u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956."

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council also decided that including recommendation for disapproval of the scheme of the applicant college, the Central Government may consider debaring this college from any further consideration u/s 10A of the Act for a period of 2-3 years and for any further appropriate action by the Central Government to curb this menace.

53. Hi-Tech Medical College & Hospital, Pandara, Bhubaneswar – Renewal of Permission for admission of 2nd batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Council Inspectors report(22nd & 23rd May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 2nd batch MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Hi-Tech Medical College & Hospital, Pandara, Bhubaneswar.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (22nd & 23rd May, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 2nd batch of 100 (Hundred) MBBS students at Hi-Tech Medical College & Hospital, Pandara, Bhubaneswar for the academic session 2006-07.

54. Christian Medical College & Hospital, Dichpally – Renewal of Permission for admission of 4th batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Council Inspectors report(6th & 7th June, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 4th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Christian Medical College, Dichpally.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (6th & 7th June, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. (a) The shortage of teaching staff is 50.76% as under:-
 - (i) Professor-16 (Anatomy-1, Physiology-1, Biochemistry-1, Pharmacology-1, Microbiology-1, Forensic Medicine-1, Comm. Medicine-1, Paediatrics-1, TB & Chest-1, Dermatology-1, Psychiatry-1, Orthopaedics-1, ENT-1, Ophthalmology-1, Radiology-1, Dental-1)
 - (ii) Assoc.Prof.-21 (Anatomy-2, Physiology-2, Biochemistry-1, Pharmacology-1, Pathology-3, Microbiology-1, Forensic Medicine-1, Comm. Medicine-1, Gen. Medicine-2, Paediatrics-1, General Surgery-2, OBGY-1, Anaesthesia-1, Radio-Diagn.-1, Orthopaedics-1)
 - (iii) Asstt.Prof.-25 (Anatomy-3, Physiology-2, Biochemistry-1, Pharmacology-2, Pharma Chemist-1, Pathology-2, Forensic Medicine-1, Comm. Medicine-2, Epidemiologist-1, Statistician-1, RHTC-1, UHC-1, Gen. Medicine-1, Paediatrics-1, Dermatology-1, Psychiatry-1, ANMO-1, MWO-1, Radiology-1)

(iv) Tutors - 4 (Anatomy-1, Pharmacology-2, Microbiology-1)

(b) Shortage of Residents is 38.15% as under:-

- (i) Sr. Resident-17 (General Medicine-3, Paediatrics-2, TB-1, Dermatology-1, Psychiatry-1, Gen. Surgery-4, Ortho.-2, ENT-1, OBGY-2)
- (ii) JR. Resident-12 (Gen. Medicine-1, Paediatrics-2, TB-3, Psychiatry-1, Ortho-5)

(c) Dr. G. Kanthadevi, shown as Medical Superintendent is not qualified to hold the post of Medical Superintendent as she has only 2 ½ years of administrative experience.

2. The clinical material is inadequate in terms of X-ray and laboratory investigations as under:-

<u>Radiological Investigations</u>	OP	IP	OP	IP
X-ray	42	19	45	9
Ultrasonography	28	5	24	13
Special investigations	4	2	0	3
CT Scan	1	-	-	-
<u>Laboratory Investigations</u>	OP	IP	OP	IP
Biochemistry	131	23	128	18
Microbiology	18	13	15	11
Serology	32	24	29	17
Parasitology	13	18	9	7
Haematology	467	39	421	28
Histopathology	1	1	0	1
Cytopathology	3	2	1	1
Others	20	12	24	-

Number of X-ray and laboratory investigations is not commensurate with the number of patients claimed to have been attending the outdoor and admitted in the wards.

Major surgery in Gynaecology and Orthopaedic operations are not adequate. On 6.4.2006, only one Histopathologic and on the day of inspection, i.e. on 6th January 2006, only one Inguinal Hernia case was there. Overall, 10-12 cases are operated daily mainly minor surgical procedures i.e. Sebaceous Cyst excision, lipoma excision, hydrocele cataract.

3. In Medical wards, most of the patients are of no clinical significance and need indoor admissions.
4. Display and distribution of various units in different departments is not done.
5. Space for the teaching areas is small in OPDs of major departments like Medicine, Surgery, Pediatrics, Obst. & Gynae. and Orthopaedics.
6. There is no central oxygen and suction in any of the ICU's. On the day of inspection there was no patient in any of the ICU's.
7. No colour Doppler, CT Scan and C Arm are available. Facilities for special investigations e.g. mammography are not available.
8. A total of 20 quarters are available within the campus for the teaching staff. Only two quarters are occupied and rest are lying vacant and were simply locked.
9. Out patient attendance record is not maintained at UHC. Immunization services for diagnostic investigations and for minor surgery are not available. Activities under the National Programme are not carried out. Duty Roasters and records of various activities and investigations are not maintained.
10. Accommodation is available only for 25 Residents which is grossly inadequate.
11. Only Dormitory type beds are available with common toilets and bathrooms. On the day of inspection in the evening at 9 PM, only two bags were lying. No Resident was staying in the hospital.
12. In OPD and wards, there is no proper segregation and disposal of waste material.
13. In the Casualty, Central Oxygen and Central Suction are not available. Resuscitation equipment and Defibrillator are not available. On the day of inspection, there was no patient in the Casualty and even in the evening, there was no patient.
14. There is no glove inspection machine, ATO and Ultrasonic cleaner in CSSD.
15. There is no provision to supply special diet as recommended by Physician.
16. Para medical staff is grossly inadequate as under :-

Laboratory Technicians	:	15
Laboratory Assistants	:	20
Laboratory Attendants	:	20

17. No programme has been held in Medical Education Unit since July 2005.
18. No lecturers cum medical officers having MD(PSM) qualification is available at RHTC/UHC. Students are not posted at RHTC. No furniture is available in the hostel at RHTC. Messing facility is not available. Audio-visual aids have not been provided. Family welfare activities are not regularly carried out. No records are available. Staff as prescribed under MCI norms needs to be appointed.
19. Other deficiencies/remarks in the report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15/3/2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. not to renew the permission for admission of 4th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at Christian Medical College & Hospital, Dichpally.

55. National Institute of Medical Sciences, Jaipur – Renewal of permission for admission of 3rd batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(25th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 3rd batch MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at National Institute of Medical Sciences, Jaipur.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (6th & 7th June, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 3rd batch of 100(Hundred) MBBS students at National Institute of Medical Sciences, Jaipur for the academic session 2006-07.

56. Kesar Sal Medical College & Research Institute, Ahmedabad – Renewal of Permission for admission of 3rd batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(27th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 3rd batch MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Kesar Sal Medical College & Research Institute, Ahmedabad.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (27th May, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 3rd batch of 100(Hundred) MBBS students at Kesar Sal Medical College & Research Institute, Ahmedabad for the academic session 2006-07.

57. Chhatisgrah Institute of Medical Sciences, Bilaspur – Renewal of permission for admission of 6th batch of students for the academic session 2006-07.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(3rd June, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 6th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Chhatisgrah Institute of Medical Sciences, Bilaspur.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (3rd June, 2006) alongwith the letter dated 15th July,2004 of the Joint Secretary, Govt. of India, Ministry of Health & F.W and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 6th batch of MBBS students at Chattisgarh Institute of Medical Sciences, Bilaspur for the academic session 2006-07.

58. K.V.G. Medical College, Sullia – Renewal of permission for admission of 5th batch of students for the academic session 2006-07.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(23rd May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 5th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at K.V.G. Medical College, Sullia.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (23rd May, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 5th batch of MBBS students at KVG Medical College, Sullia for the academic session 2006-07.

59. Pushpagiri Institute of Medical Sciences & Research Centre, Tiruvalla, Kerala – Renewal of permission for admission of 5th batch of students for the academic session 2006-07.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(27th May, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 5th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Pushpagiri Institute of Medical Sciences & Research Centre, Tiruvalla, Kerala.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Compliance Verification Inspection report (27th May, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 5th batch of 100 MBBS students at Pushpagiri Instt. of Medical Sciences and Research Centre, Tiruvalla, Kerala for the academic session 2006-07.

60. S.V. Medical College, Tirupati – Renewal of permission for admission of 6th batch of students against the increased intake i.e.100 to 150 for the academic session 2006-07.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(3rd June, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 6th batch of MBBS students against the increased intake i.e. 100 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007 at S.V. Medical College Tirupati.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Compliance Verification Inspection Report (3rd June, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 6th batch of MBBS students against the increased intake from 100 to 150 at S.V. Medical College, Tirupati for the academic session 2006-07.

61. Narayana Medical College, Nellore – Increase of seats in 1st MBBS course from 100 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (29th & 30th May, 2006) for increase of seats in 1st MBBS course from 100 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007 at Narayana Medical College, Nellore .

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the letter dated 5th June 2006 of the Dean, Narayana Medical College, Nellore forwarded by the Central Government dated 12th June 2006 and in view of the Govt. of India letter dated 15.03.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar Vs. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations and as per the Schedule prescribed in the Regulations, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of letter of permission to the Central Government being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to return the application to the Central Government recommending disapproval of the Scheme for increase of seats from 100 to 150 at Govt. Medical College, Mysore u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

62. Govt. Medical College, Surat – Increase of seats in 1st MBBS course from 120 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (16th & 17th May, 2006) for increase of seats in 1st MBBS course from 120 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007 at Govt. Medical College, Surat.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (16-17 May, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to issue Letter of Permission for increase of MBBS seats from 120 to 150 seats at Govt. Medical College, Surat for the academic session 2006-07 u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

63. Govt. Medical College, Kottayam – Increase of seats in 1st MBBS course from 100 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (2nd & 3rd June, 2006) for increase of seats in 1st MBBS course from 100 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007 at Govt. Medical College, Kottayam.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (02-03 June, 2006) and noted the following:-

1 The shortage of teaching staff is as under:-

(a) Faculty 23.78% (i.e. 39 out of 164)

1. Professor : 3(1 Biochemistry, 1 Microbiology, 1 Ophthalmology)
2. Associate Professor: 10(2 Anatomy, 2 Physiology, 1 Pharmacology, 1 Pathology, 1 Forensic Medicine, 1 Comm. Medicine, 1 TB & Chest, 1 Orthopaedics)
3. Assistant Professor: 19(2 Anatomy, 4 Physiology, 1 Biochemistry, 2 Pharmacology, 2 Pathology, 7 Comm. Medicine, 1 Gen. Surgery)
4. Tutor : 7(3 Anatomy, 1 Physiolog, 1 Pathology, 2 Comm. Medicine)

(b) Residents 44.73% (i.e. 34 out of 76) as under :-

1. Sr. Resident : 5(1 Gen. Medicine, 1 TB & Chest, 3 Gen. Surgery)
2. Jr. Resident : 29 (8 Gen. Medicine, 2 Paediatrics, 2 TB& Chest, 2 Dermatology, 2 Psychiatry, 6 Gen. Surgert, 4 Orthopaedics, 2 ENT, 1 OBGY)

(c) Dr. M.J.Cyriac, shown as Medical Superintendent is not qualified to hold the post as he has only 6 years administrative experience.

2. There is a small registration counter separate for male and female patients with no proper waiting area near these counters.
3. No technician is available in the audiometry room
4. There is a separate registration counter for O.P.D. cases in O.P.D which is not computerized. Indoor registration counters are not computerized. The case records are maintained manually in the registers.
5. There is no central oxygen and no central suction available in the casualty block.
6. Central Suction facility is not available in OT Unit.
7. There is no Central Kitchen in the Hospital.
8. Students' lockers are not available in the Anatomy department. The departmental library cum seminar room has no seats.
9. Blood Bank Licence is not renewed after the expiry on 19.06.02 due to non compliance of certain deficiencies pointed out by the competent authority.
10. There is no place for any seating arrangement in the departmental libraries in Physiology & Biochemistry Departments.
11. Total area available in the library is only 485 sq.m. which is inadequate. The seating capacity in 2 rooms in the Central library is only 60 which is grossly inadequate. Total

- number of journals subscribed are 37 Indians & 24 foreign against the requirement of 70 Indian & 30 foreign journals at this stage.
12. Total accommodation is available for 396 students against the requirement of 550 at this stage. The hostels are inadequately furnished.
 13. No Hostel is available for residents.
 14. Interns' accommodation is available for 77 interns, which is inadequate. The hostel is inadequately furnished.
 15. Accommodation is available only for 72 nurses, which is grossly inadequate. The hostel is inadequately furnished.
 16. Other deficiencies/remarks are in the main report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15.3.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to disapprove the scheme for increase of MBBS seats from 100 to 150 at Govt. Medical College, Kotayyam received u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

64. T.D. Medical College, Alappuzha – Increase of seats in 1st MBBS course from 100 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (31st May & 1st June, 2006) for increase of seats in 1st MBBS course from 100 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007 at T.D. Medical College, Alappuzha.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (31st May & 1st June, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. The shortage of teaching staff is as under:-
 - (a) The shortage of teaching faculty is 31.3%
 - i) Professor 1 (Radiodiagnosis)
 - ii) Associate Professor 16 (1 in Anatomy, 2 Physiology, 2 in Pathology, 1 Gen. Medicine, 1 in Paediatrics, 1 in Psychiatry, 2 in Gen. Sugary, 1 Orthopaedics, 1 Ophthalmology, 1 OBGY, 1 Anaesthesia, 1 Radiodiagnosis, 1 Dentistry)
 - iii) Assistant Professor 24 (1 Anatomy, 3 Physiology, 2 Biochemistry, 3 Pharmacology, 3 Pathology, 1 Forensic Medicine, 3 Comm. Medicine, 1 Gen. Medicine, 5 Surgery, 1 Radiodiagnosis, 1 Dentistry)
 - iv) Tutor 11 (3 Anatomy, 1 Biochemistry, 1 Pharmacology, 2 Pathology, 3 Radiodiagnosis, 1 Anaesthesia)
 - (b) The shortage of Residents is 48.68% as under :-
 - i) Sr. Resident - 5 (3 Gen. Medicine, 2 Gen. Surgery)
 - ii) Jr. Resident - 32 (10-Gen. Medicine, 2 Paediatrics, 2 TB & Chest, 2 Psychiatry, 8 Gen. Surgery, 6 Orthopaedics, 1 E.N.T, 1 OBGY)
 - (c) Dr. M. P. Sam shown as Medical Superintendent of the old hospital is not qualified to hold the post as he has only 5 years of administrative experience. Dr. K. Rajendra, shown as Medical Superintendent of the new hospital is not qualified to hold the post as he has only six months administrative experience.
 - (d) Regular Principal is on extraordinary leave since last three months. Dr. M.S. Kumarshila is acting as Principal in his absence.
2. Total number of journals subscribed are nil Indian and 18 Foreign in the Departmental Library which are inadequate against the requirement of 70 Indian and 30 Foreign journals at this stage. Internet and medlar facilities are not available. The number of computer

terminals available in the library is nil. There was no proper record for number of books available and no proof of any books purchased during the year 2005, 2006 was produced.

- 3. The number of teaching beds in Orthopaedic Department are inadequate as only 42 beds are available against the requirement of 60 beds at this stage.
- 4. The clinical material is inadequate in terms of OPD attendance and special investigations as under :-

	Daily Average	Day of Inspection
O.P.D. attendance	619	622
<u>Radiological Investigations</u>		
X-ray	178	163
Ultrasonography	22	17
Special Investigations	Nil	Nil
C.T. Scan	20	11

- 5. There are only seven Operation Theatres available against the requirement of 10 at this stage.
- 6. The facilities in the Hostels for students, interns and Residents are inadequate as under:-

Hostels	No.	Rooms	Capacity	Furnished Yes/No	Mess Yes/No
Boys	1	33 single 15 double 33 triple seated	162	Very poorly furnished	Yes
Girls	1	50 single 25 four seated	150	Inadequate	Yes
Interns Male	1	21 double seated	42	Inadequate	No
Female	1 located in the new hospital block 3 rd & 4 th floor	12 double seated and 4 four seated	40	Inadequate	No
P.G.Students Male	2 one located in new hospital building & the other in old hospital campus	10 double seated and 2 houses with 7 double seated rooms	34	Inadequate	No
Girls	2 10 rooms in new hospital building and one flat in old hospital campus.	10 double seated and one flat with 4 double seated rooms	28	Inadequate	No
Nurses	1	14 tripple seated rooms	42	Inadequate	No

- 7. Intern girls and PG girls hostel is located in the new hospital block which is adjacent to the psychiatry department. There is no security for the girls staying in this block. All the hostels are inadequately furnished. There is no mess in all the hostels except for undergraduate students
- 8. In OPD, there is no proper sitting area for the patients. There is no x-ray view box in any of the cubicles. There were only two teaching areas for the entire OPD block with inadequate seating capacity, no washing area and no x-ray view box. There was no weighing machine in paediatric OPD. There is a separate registration counter for O.P.D. cases in O.P.D which is not computerized.

9. In Wards, there was no duty room provided for duty doctors and nurses. One nursing station was provided in a separate area in each floor. No pantry, no examination / procedure room was available. Teaching area was available in few departments with side laboratory. Total 2 clinical demonstration areas with a capacity of 20 have been provided in the wards. There are 2 flat type lecture theatres in the hospital. Office accommodation was available only for heads of departments. The beds in the ward were over crowded. The teaching area were grossly inadequate. There were no duty doctors rooms and office accommodation for faculty members other than heads of departments. Patients from different departments were kept in one room. There were patients of tuberculosis kept along those of ophthalmology and urology. There was no labeling of beds and units. There is no central suction or oxygen supply in the entire old hospital.
10. Microbiology and histopathology investigations are not done in the hospital central lab as they are being done in the Microbiology department. The patients or their attendants have to travel 11 kilometers to deliver the samples in the microbiology / pathology departments in college campus.
BARC is available with the radiographers but not with the faculty.
11. OPD Registration is not computerised. Medical Record is not computerised.
12. Indoor registration counter is adjacent to casualty which is not computerised and is not cross linked with outdoor registration numbers.
13. There is no Central oxygen and central suction facility available in the Casualty.
14. Resuscitation equipment is inadequate.
15. There is no Central Oxygen and Central Suction available in all ICUs.
16. Only two static units, one of 500mA and one of 300mA are available which is inadequate. Only two mobile units of 50 mA are available which is inadequate. Colour Doppler and CT Scan are not available.
17. In Anatomy Department museum, MRI and CT and X-Rays are not display. The number of specimens is inadequate. There is only one demonstration room of 25 seats as against the capacity of 90 seats.
18. In Physiology Department, there is only one demonstration room having a capacity of 26 against the requirement of 90 seats at this stage.
19. In Biochemistry Department, there is only one demonstration room with a capacity of 30 seats which is inadequate.
20. In Microbiology Department, there is no demonstration room. The gas cylinders in the teaching laboratory are kept inside the same laboratory which is extremely hazardous.
21. Central oxygen & nitrous oxide supply and central suction is not available in any operation theatre in Operation Theatre Unit.
22. There is no ICU available for burns, Obstetrics & Gyn.
23. The Surgical ICU is not functional due to shortage of staff.
24. There is no central sterilization department. There is no washing area, no separate receiving and distribution counters and no instrument washing area.
25. The Laundry is having 01 bulk washing machine which is not functioning.
26. Incinerator is not available.
27. In Biochemistry Dept., there is inadequate space for demonstration room and teaching staff members.
28. No Assistant Professor available at the UHC
29. No accommodation is available for resident doctors.
30. Other deficiencies/remarks are in the main report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15.3.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to disapprove the scheme for increase of MBBS seats from 100 to 150 at T.D.Medical College, Alapuzha u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

65. Govt. Medical College, Thrissur – Increase of seats in 1st MBBS course from 100 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (5th & 6th June, 2006) for increase of seats in 1st MBBS course from 100 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007 at Govt. Medical College, Thrissur.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (5th and 6th June, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. The shortage of teaching staff is as under:-
 - (a) The shortage of teaching faculty is 16.05%
 - i) Professor : 2 (1 Pediatrics, 1 Orthopaedics)
 - ii) Associate Professor : 7 (1 Anatomy, 1 Physiology, 1 Pathology, 1 Comm. Medicine, 1 Gen. Medicine, 1 Anesthesia, 1 Radiodiagnosis)
 - iii) Assistant Professor 12 (1 Physiology, 1 Biochemistry, 1 Pharmacology, 1 Forensic Medicine, 5 Comm. Medicine, 2 Gen. Medicine, 1 Radiodiagnosis)
 - iv) Tutor 1 (1 Comm. Medicine)
 - (b) The shortage of Residents is more than 25% as under :-
 - i) Sr. Resident 2 (1 Gen. Sugery, 1 Orthopaedics)
 - ii) Jr. Resident 22 (1 Paediatrics, 2 TB & Cehst, 1 Dermatology, 2 Psychiatry, 10 Gen. Surgery, 4 Orthopaedics, 2 OBGY)
 - (c) Dr. K. Mohanan shown as Medical Superintendent of new hospital is not qualified to hold the post as he has only 4 years administrative experience.
2. The number of journals subscribed in the central library are 27 Indian and 41 foreign against the requirement of 30 Indian and 70 foreign journals. The seating capacity in the central library is inadequate. Medlar facility is not available.
3. There is inadequate furniture in the students hostels including the mess. Accommodation is available for 260 students only against the requirement of 550 students.
4. The Nurses hostel construction is complete, it is yet to be occupied. It is not furnished. The kitchen and the mess in the newly constructed Nurses hostel is still not furnished. Presently only one room is allotted for 4 nurses in the old building.
5. There is a separate registration counter for O.P.D. cases in O.P.D. which is not computerized. Indoor registration is not computerized. Medical Record department is not computerized. All the records are maintained manually in the register.
6. No Central oxygen supply or central suction is available in the Old hospital. There is no central oxygen and central suction in the MICU, ICCU & PICU in new hospital. There is no burn ICU. Casualty area is attached to Medical ICU and Medical ICCU. Hence, the facilities are common to ICU and Medical ICCU which is not as per norms.
7. There are only 8 O.Ts. available against the requirement of 10 at this stage. Even the distribution of the available 8 O.Ts. is not as per norms.
8. No separate room for eclampsia is provided in the labour room.
9. CT Scan is not available. Only 3 statistic units of 300 mA and 2 mobile units are available which is inadequate and not as per norms.
10. In Forensic Medicine department, the cooling cabinet for storing the bodies is being shared with the Anatomy department.
11. There is only one demonstration room with 50 seats against the requirement of two demonstration rooms of 96 each. The dissection hall has only 100 seats. There are no small dissection tables available.
12. There is no bowl sterilizer or glove inspection machine in CSSD. The receiving and distribution points are not separate.
13. The mechanized laundry is yet to be installed in the new hospital block.
14. There is no central kitchen.
15. There are no student lockers available in the Anatomy Dept.
16. In Physiology Dept., there is no separate research lab. The seating arrange in the labs is inadequate. The washbasins are not fixed on the working tables. The space in the

- Haematology and amphibian lab is inadequate for 100 students. There is only one demonstration room of 40 seats which is inadequate.
17. In Biochemistry Dept., there are no gas burners in the practical lab. There is only one demonstration room of 35 seats which is inadequate. The practical lab. has only 25 work places which is inadequate.
 18. In Pathology department, separate Histopathology lab. is not provided.
 19. In Pharmacology Dept., the size of the demonstration rooms is small. There is no pharmaceutical chemist.
 20. In Microbiology Dept., the seating capacity in one demonstration room is inadequate.
 21. In Community Medicine Dept., there is no accommodation facility available for the medical students/interns at the RHTC. There is no Assistant Professor posted at the RHTC & UHC.
 22. Other deficiencies/remarks are in the main report.

In view of the Govt. of India letter dated 15.03.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar Vs. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations and as per the Schedule prescribed in the Regulations, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of letter of permission to the Central Government being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to return the application to the Central Government recommending disapproval of the Scheme for increase of MBBS seats from 100 to 150 at Govt. Medical College, Thrissur u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956."

66. Govt. Medical College, Kota – Increase of seats from 50 to 100 for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The verification of additional information inspection report(3rd June, 2006) for increase of seats from 50 to 100 for the academic session 2006-2007 at Govt. Medical College, Kota alongwith the additional information supplied by the Govt. of Rajasthan.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Verification Inspection Report (3rd June, 2006) of additional information supplied by the Govt. of Rajasthan alongwith the letter dated 15th July, 2004 of the Joint Secretary, Govt. of India, Ministry of Health & F.W and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to issue Letter of Permission for increase of MBBS seats from 50 to 100 seats at Govt. Medical College, Kota for the academic session 2006-07 u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

67. Recognition of Sikkim Manipal Institute of Medical Sciences, Gangtok for the award of MBBS degree granted by Sikkim Manipal University of Health Medical & Technological Sciences, Gangtok.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report(1st June, 2006) for recognition of Sikkim Manipal Institute of Medical Sciences, Gangtok for the award of MBBS degree granted by Sikkim Manipal University of Health Medical & Technological Sciences, Gangtok.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (1st June, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. The shortage of teaching staff is as under:-
 - (a) The shortage of teaching staff is 31% as under :-
 - i) Professor : 2 (ENT – 1, Paediatrics-1)
 - ii) Assoc. Prof. : 16 (Anatomy-1, Physiology-2, Biochemistry-1, Pathology-1, FMT – 1, Gen. Med.-3, Psychiatry-1, Paediatrics-1, Surgery-1, Orthopaedics-1, Radiology-2, Anaesthesia-2)
 - iii) Asst. Prof. : 11 (Pathology-1, PSM-3, Orthopaedics-1, OBG-2, Radiodiagnosis-2, Anaesthesia-2)
 - iv) Tutor : 17 (Anatomy-1, Physiology-1, Pathology-3, Pharmacology-2, FMT-1, PSM-5, Radiology-2, Anaesthesia-2)

- (b) The shortage of Residents is 53.9% as under :-
- i) Sr. Resident 14 (Medicine-4, TB & Chest-1, Skin & VD-1, Psychiatry-1, Paediatrics-1, Surgery-4, Orthopaedics-1)
 - ii) Jr. Resident 27 (Medicine-6, TB & Chest-2, Skin & VD-3, Psychiatry-2, Paediatrics-2, Surgery-9, ENT-1, Ophthalmology-2)

2. The clinical material is grossly inadequate as under:-

	Daily Average	Day of Inspection
O.P.D. attendance	280	214
Casualty attendance	14	9
Bed occupancy%	28%	40%
Operative work		
Number of major surgical operations	1	2
Number of minor surgical operations	1	0
Number of normal deliveries	1	0
Number of caesarian Sections	-	0
<u>Radiological Investigations</u>		
X-ray	54	22
Ultrasonography	24	12
Special Investigations	1	0
C.T. Scan	1	0
<u>Laboratory Investigations</u>		
Biochemistry	279	345
Microbiology	16	20
Serology	7	35
Parasitology	8	08
Haematology (Clinical Pathology)	132	121
Histopathology	5	3
Cytopathology	2	1
Others		

- 3. Auditorium is not available.
- 4. Boarding and lodging facilities for 6 boys and 6 girls in two large halls alongwith messing arrangement has been made in a leased house at a 50 mtrs. Distance from RHTC. The centre is under control of Sikkim Govt. but the college has been permitted to utilize the facilities.
- 5. Accommodation is available only in 46 tripple seated rooms for nurses which is inadequate. Deficiency remains as it is.
- 6. Total accommodation available for Residents is 54 - i.e. 34 residents in 17 rooms of 8 storey and 20 residents on the 7th storey - which is inadequate. Deficiency remains as it is.
- 7. CSSD has only one horizontal and one vertical autoclave which is inadequate.
- 8. Other deficiencies/remarks are in the main report.

In view of above, the members of the Adhoc committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided not to recognize Sikkim Manipal Institute of Medical Sciences, Gangtok for the award of MBBS degree granted by Sikkim Manipal University of Health Medical & Technological Sciences, Gangtok.

68. Recognition of Co-operative Medical College, Kochi for the award of MBBS degree granted by Cochin University of Sciences & Technology.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report (7th June, 2006) for recognition of Co-operative Medical College, Kochi for the award of MBBS degree granted by Cochin University of Sciences & Technology.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council inspection report (7th June, 2006) alongwith the letter of Joint Secretary, Govt. of India, dt. 15.07.2004 and observed that the following infrastructural deficiencies are still persisting:-

- 1. The shortage of Residents is 13.2% as under :-
 - i) Sr. Resident 8 (Medicine-3, TB & Chest-1, Surgery-3, OBG-1)
 - ii) Jr. Resident 02 (Dermatology-1, OBG-1)

2. Medical Record Dept. is not computerized.
3. Static machine 500 mA yet to be installed. No static machine of 800 mA is available.
4. Presently there is no CSSD. There is no bowl sterilizer, glove inspection machine and no instrument washing machine.
5. There is no lecture theatre in the hospital.
6. Other deficiencies/remarks are in the main report.

In view of the above, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee decided to recommend to the Central Government to renew the permission for admission of 6th batch of 100 MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at Cooperative Medical College, Kochi. However, the recommendation of the Committee with regard to recognition of the college for the award of MBBS degree granted by Cochin University of Science and Technology, Cochin will be considered only after the deficiencies of infrastructural facilities and other observations made by the inspectors in the inspection report are complied with.

69. Approval of Mahatma Gandhi National Institute of Medical Sciences, Jaipur for the award of MBBS degree granted by University of Rajasthan, Jaipur.

Read: The Council Inspectors report(14th & 15th May, 2006) for approval of Mahatma Gandhi National Institute of Medical Sciences, Jaipur for the award of MBBS degree granted by University of Rajasthan, Jaipur.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors reports (14-15 May, 2006 and 12th June 2006) and decided to recommend that Mahatma Gandhi National Institute of Medical Sciences, Jaipur be approved for the award of MBBS degree granted by University of Rajasthan, Jaipur.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council further decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 6th batch of 100 MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at Mahatma Gandhi Instt. of Medical Sciences, Jaipur.

70. Complaint against Dr. Balraj Singh Yadav and Dr. Vinita Yadav as alleged by the Manager,(Pers. & HR) on Technologies Pvt. Ltd.,Gurgaon.

Read: The complaint against Dr. Balraj Singh Yadav and Dr. Vinita Yadav as alleged by the Manager,(Pers. & HR) on Technologies Pvt. Ltd.,Gurgaon alongwith the recommendation of the Ethics Committee.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the matter and decided to approve the following decision of the Ethics Committee dated 24th & 25th April, 2006:-

"The Ethics Committee considered the complaint against Dr. Balraj Singh Yadav and Dr. Vinita Yadav as alleged by the Manager, (Pers. & HR) EON Technologies Pvt. Ltd, Gurgaon alongwith deposition of Dr.Balraj Singh Yadav which was submitted before the Ethics Committee in its meeting held on 20th/21st March, 2006.

The Ethics Committee further observed that Dr. Balraj Singh Yadav has not followed the Indian Medical Council (Professional Conduct, Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations,2002, as amended from time to time , so far as the medical certification is concerned.

In view of above, Ethics Committee recommends to issue 'warning' & a directive to Dr. Yadav to observe the proper norms and forms of the Indian Medical Council(Professional Conduct, Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations, 2002."

71. Complaint against Dr. Anil Sabhani as alleged by Distt. Appropriate authority-Cum-Civil Surgeon, Faridabad.

Read: The complaint against Dr. Anil Sabhani as alleged by Distt. Appropriate authority-Cum-Civil Surgeon, Faridabad alongwith the recommendation of the Ethics Committee.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the matter and decided to approve the following decision of the Ethics Committee dated 24th & 25th April, 2006:-

"The Ethics Committee considered the complaint against Dr. Anil Sabhani as alleged by Distt. Appropriate Authority-cum-Civil Surgeon, Faridabad and noted that this Council has received a copy of Judgement letter from the Chairman State Appropriate Authority (PNDT)-cum-Director General Health Services, Haryana wherein it has been stated that the Hon'ble Court of Mr. Jagjit Singh, HCS, Sub Divisional Judicial Magistrate, Palwal has ordered against the case No. RET-298/2 of 2001 both the convicts i.e. Dr. Anil Sabhani and Mr. Kartarr Singh to undergo simple imprisonment for a period of two years and to pay a fine of Rs. 5,000/- each for the offences mentioned in section 6(a), 6(b), section 5(1), 5(2), section 4(1), 4(2), 4(3) and section 29 read with Rule 9 of the Act and all the offences are punishable under section 23 of the Act. In default of payment of fine, the convicts shall further undergo simple imprisonment for a period of three months.

The Ethics Committee after detailed deliberation considering the complaint as well as the above mentioned judgement and deposition submitted by Dr. Anil Sabhani on 7.10.2005 before the Ethics Committee unanimously decided to recommend eraser of his name from the Indian Medical Register permanently."

72. Establishment of new Medical College at Kadapa by Govt. of Andhra Pradesh.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (01st & 02nd June, 2006) for establishment of new medical college at Kadapa by Govt. of Andhra Pradesh u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (01-02 June, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to issue letter of permission for establishment of new medical college at Kadapa by Govt. of Andhra Pradesh with an annual intake of 150 students for the academic session 2006-07 u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

73. Establishment of new Medical College at Hassan by Govt. of Karnataka.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (06th & 07th June, 2006) for establishment of new medical college at Hassan by Govt. of Karnataka u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (06-07 June, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. The shortage of teaching staff is as under:-

(a) Faculty 50% (i.e. 30 out of 59)

(i) Professor : 04 (1-Anatomy, 1-Physiology, 1-Biochemistry & 1-Medicine)

(ii) Associate Professor: 11 (Anatomy-2, Physiology-2, Microbiology, Pharmacology, Paediatrics, Surgery, Ortho, Radiodiagnosis & Anaesthesia – one each)

(iii) Assistant Professor: 11 (Anatomy-3, Physiology-3, Pathology, FM, PSM, RD & Anaesthesia – one each)

(iv) Tutor : 04 (Biochemistry, Pathology, RD & Anaesthesia – one each)

(b) Resident 69% (i.e. 26 out of 38)

(i) Sr. Resident : 09 (Medicine – 4, Surgery – 3, ENT & OBG – one each)

ii) Jr. Resident : 17 (Medicine – 7, Paediatric – 01 surgery – 6, ENT – one & OBG – 2)

(c) Dr. H.R. Krishne Gowda, Medical Superintendent has nil years of administrative experience.

(d) No administrative staff is posted yet.

2. The clinical material is inadequate as under :-

	Daily Average	Day of Inspection 06-06-2006
OPD attendance	325-500	384
<u>Radiological Investigations</u>		
X-ray	35 to 40	34
Ultrasonography	20 to 25	34
Special Investigations	- -	-
C.T. Scan	- -	-
<u>Laboratory Investigations</u>		
Biochemistry	30 to 35	34
Microbiology	07 to 10	00
Serology	30 to 40	44
Parasitology	08 to 10	00
Haematology	45 to 55	50
Histopathology	00	00
Cytopathology	00	00
Others	-	-

3. The Medical College, Lecture Theatres, Common room for boys and girls, Animal House, Central library, Central photography cum audio-visual units, all are under construction.

4. There is a deficiency of 36 teachings beds as under:-

Speciality	Required Beds/Units	Present Beds/Units	Remarks
General Medicine	80	76	4 beds deficient
Paediatrics	30	19	11 beds deficient
General Surgery	90	79	11 beds deficient
ENT	10	-	10 beds deficient
Total	210	174	36 beds deficient

Sri Chamarajendra Hospital is not fully equipped to cater to different specialties

- In OPD, Registration is done manually and no Computer is available.
- Medicine O.P.D. has got 2 cubicles with one x-ray box, there is no class room available. Paediatrics O.P.D. has got one cubical with no X-ray view box. Skin & VD OPD has got one cubicle and no Microscope. No Psychologist is available. There is no Class room available in any OPD. The Audio metry room is not Air conditioned. No Technician is available. There is no Class room available in the OPD.
- Registration and Medical Record Section is not computerized. There is no Medical record Technician available and no ICD index is being followed.
- Specialists are not available on call in the casualty.
- Nursing stations are located outside the ward. There is no pantry, ward lab. and teaching area available in any of the wards.
- Central clinical laboratory managed only the technicians. It functions only OPD hours and no emergency back up service available. equipments for doing basic investigations only are available.
- Oxygen supply is through the cylinder only and suction is by mechanical instrument. No emergency equipments or crash cart are available in the ward. There is no minor O.T or Emergency O.T available in the casualty.
- The following equipments are available in O.T. block which is inadequate :-

Multiparameter Monitor (with capnograph)	-	Nil
Respiratory Gas Monitor	-	Nil
Respiratory Gas Monitor with Pulse oximeter	-	Nil
Defibrillators	-	One
Ventilator	-	Two
Boyles' apparatus	-	Five
Infusion Pump	-	Nil
Drip Infusion Pump	-	Nil
- No ultrasound is given to Obstetrics & Gynaecology department.
- There is no CSSD available.

15. There is no Intercom facility available and the wards are not connected by Phone.
16. Laundry service is being out sourced.
17. There is no provision to supply special diet.
18. There is no canteen available.

19. Para Medical Staff is grossly inadequate as under :-

Laboratory Technicians/ Assistant:	Eight
Laboratory Attendants:	Four.

20. Nursing Staff is grossly inadequate as under :-

Nursing Superintendent	:	One
Deputy Nursing Superintendent	:	One
Matron	:	Nil
Asstt. Nursing Superintendent	:	Nil
Nursing Sisters	:	Three
Staff nurses	:	Sixty Three

21. The pre clinical department of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry are under construction and not functional.
22. Hostels are under construction.
23. Teaching beds are not adequate in number and distribution at this stage.
24. Other deficiencies/remarks are in the main report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15.3.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to disapprove the scheme received in the year 2004 for Establishment of new medical college at Hasan by Govt. of Karnataka u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

74. Establishment of new Medical College at Mandya by Govt. of Karnataka.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (08th & 09th June, 2006) for establishment of new medical college Mandya by Govt. of Karnataka u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (08-09 June, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. The shortage of teaching staff is as under :-
 - (a) Faculty 11.0 % (i.e. 7 out of 59)
 - i) Associate Professor: 5 (Anatomy-2, Physiology-2, Paediatrics)
 - ii) Assistant Professor : 2 (Anatomy and Dental one each)
2. The Medical College, Lecturer Theatres, Common room for boys and girls, Animal House, Central Library and Central Photography cum audio visual units, all are under construction.
3. Hostels are under construction.
4. Residential quarters are under construction.
5. Sports and recreation facilities are under preparation.
6. In OPD, Registration is done manually and no Computer is available.
7. Medicine O.P has got 3 cubicles with one X-ray view box. Paediatrics O.P has got two cubicle with no X-ray view box and immunisation Clinic is available. Psychiatry O.P has got one cubicle and no Psychologist is available. No Audiometry room is available. No Technician is available.
8. The Clinical Material is inadequate as under :-

	Daily Average	Day of Inspection 08-06-2006
O.P.D. attendance	384 to 450	650
<u>Radiological Investigations</u>		
X-ray	45 to 55	38
Ultrasonography	25 to 30	24
Special Investigations	00 to 01	00
C.T. Scan	- -	-

9. In CSSD, Oxygen supply is through the cylinder only and suction is by mechanical instrument. No other emergency equipments or crash cart are available in the ward.
10. Central Laboratory functions during the OP hours only. No cytology or histopathology work is being done.
11. The following equipments are available in O.T. block, which are inadequate:-

Multiparameter Monitor (with capnograph)	-	One
Respiratory Gas Monitor	-	Nil
Respiratory Gas Monitor with Pulse oximeter	-	Nil
Defibrillators	-	Two
Ventilator	-	Two
Boyles' apparatus	-	Five
Infusion Pump	-	Nil
Drip Infusion Pump	-	Nil
12. No ultrasound is given to Obstetrics & Gynaecology department.
13. There is no CSSD available.
14. Laundry service is being out sourced.
15. There is no provision to supply special diet.
16. Para Medical Staff is grossly inadequate as under :

Laboratory Technicians/ Assistant	: Six
Laboratory Attendants	: Three
17. The Nursing staff is grossly inadequate as under :-

Nursing Superintendent	: One
Deputy Nursing Superintendent	: Nil
Matron	: Nil
Asstt. Nursing Superintendent	: Nil
Nursing Sisters	: One
Staff nurses	: Forty One
18. OPD and Indoor registration counters are not computerized.
19. In casualty oxygen supply only cylinder and suction is by mechanical instrument. No emergency major O.T. is available in the casualty.
20. Pre clinical departments of Anatomy, Physiology & Biochemistry are under construction and not functional.
21. Para clinical departments are not available.
22. Other deficiencies/remarks are in the main report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15.3.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June and since, the applicant has failed to fulfill the mandatory and statutory requirement of owning and possessing of 25 acres of land in a single plot as laid down in the Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to disapprove the scheme received in the year 2004 for Establishment of new medical college at Mandya by Govt. of Karnataka received u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

75. Establishment of Rohilkhand Medical College & Hospital, Pilibhit by Rohilkhand Educational Charitable Trust, Bareilly.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (09th & 10th June, 2006) for establishment of Rohilkhand Medical College & Hospital, Pilibhit by Rohilkhand Educational Charitable Trust, Bareilly u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (09-10 June, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to issue letter of permission for establishment of new medical college at Pilibhit by Rohilkhand Educational Charitable Trust, Bareilly with an annual intake of 100 students for the academic session 2006-07 u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

76. Establishment of new Medical College at Saifai, Etawa by Govt. of Uttar Pradesh.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (09th & 10th June, 2006) for establishment of new medical college Saifai, Etawa by Govt. of Uttar Pradesh u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (09-10 June, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to issue letter of permission for establishment of new medical college at Etawa by Govt. of Uttar Pradesh with an annual intake of 100 students for the academic session 2006-07 u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

77. Basaveshwara Medical College & Hospital, Chitradurga – Renewal of Permission for admission of 6th batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (05th & 06th June, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 6th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Basaveshwara Medical College & Hospital, Chitradurga.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the inspection report (05-06 June, 2006) alongwith the request of the college received through Central Government vide letter dated 02.06.2006 requesting to permit for consideration for reduced intake of 50 admissions, and noted the following :-

1. The bed occupancy on the day of inspection is 62% on total 500 teaching beds.
2. Total accommodation available for students is inadequate for the present stage with intake of 100 students.
3. There are only 7 major Operation Theatres against the requirement of 10.

In view of above and noting that teaching faculty, the infrastructure, clinical material, teaching hospital and other facilities are adequate for reduced intake of 50 students, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to Central Government to renew the permission for admission of 50 MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at Basaveshwara Medical College & Hospital, Chitradurga.

78. Govt. Medical College, Anantapur – Renewal of permission for admission of 6th batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report (8th June, 2006 & 13th June, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 6th batch of MBBS students for the academic session 2006-2007 at Govt. Medical College, Anantapur.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Compliance Verification Inspection Reports (8th and 13th June 2006) alongwith the letter dated 15th July, 2004 of the Joint Secretary, Govt. of India, Ministry of Health & F.W and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 6th batch of 100 MBBS students at Govt. Medical College, Anantapur for the academic session 2006-07.

79. Establishment of new Medical College at Belgaum by Govt. of Karnataka.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (06th & 07th June, 2006) for establishment of new medical college at Belgaum by Govt. of Karnataka u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (06-07 June, 2006) and noted the following:-

- 1.(a) The shortage of teaching faculty is 15.25% as under:
 - i) Professors-2 (Physiology-1, Biochemistry-1)
 - ii) Assoc.Profs.-2 (Physiology-1, Radiology-1)
 - iii) Asstt.Prof.s-4 (Anatomy-2, Radiology-1, Dentistry-1)
 - iv) Tutor-1 (Radiology-1)
- (b) The shortage of Residents is 11.1%
 - i) Sr. Residents-3 (General Surgery-3)
 - ii) Jr. Resident-1 (General Surgery-1)
- (c) The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council, in view of the request received from the college through Central Government vide letter dt. 13.06.2006 observed that the shortage of teaching faculty for 50 seats is 9.6% as under:-
 - i) Professors-2 (Physiology-1, Biochemistry-1)
 - ii) Assoc.Prof-1 (Radio-Diagn.-1)
 - iii) Asstt.Prof.-2 (Anatomy-2)
2. The construction of the new medical college is nearing completion.
3. The space for the common room for boys and girls has been demarcated in the college building. However, finishing and furnishing is yet to be completed. There is attached toilet with both the rooms.
4. The boys hostel is at present being accommodated in the "House Surgeon Block" and is not furnished. The other wing of the house surgeon block is being utilized as the resident hostel. The girls hostel has been allocated one floor in the nurses hostel block and is not furnished and will be used till the new hostel comes up. The new boys hostel is under construction. The newly upcoming girls hostel is still in the early stages of civil works and construction up to first floor is on pillars and the first roof is being casted.
5. There is only one lecture theatre which is inadequate as per norms.
6. Only space for teaching area has been demarcated in each ward but is not equipped and is not functional.
7. There is no regular casualty Medical Officer posted in Casualty.
8. No ultrasound is given to Obst. & Gynaecology department.
9. Incinerator is not available.
10. In central sterilization department, receiving and distribution points are not separate.
11. Paramedical staff is grossly inadequate as under:-
 - Laboratory Technicians-8
 - Laboratory Attendants - 3
12. Nursing staff is grossly inadequate as under::

Nursing Superintendent	1
Dy.Nursing Superintendent	-
Matron	1
Asstt. Nursing Superintendent	1
Nursing sisters	6
Staff Nurses	97
13. Medical College building is under construction.
14. In Anatomy department, audiovisual aids have been procured but yet to be installed. Band saw has been ordered for but the delivery is awaited. Museum is under construction.
15. Only space is earmarked for the paraclinical departments which are under construction.
16. Other deficiencies/remarks in the report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15.3.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, 1999, the last date for

sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to disapprove the scheme received in the year 2004 for Establishment of new medical college at Belgaun by Govt. of Karnataka received u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

80. Establishment of new Medical College at Bidar by Govt. of Karnataka.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (09th & 10th June, 2006) for establishment of new medical college at Bidar by Govt. of Karnataka u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (09-10 June, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. (a) The shortage of teaching faculty is 52.5% as under:-

i) Professors-4 (Anatomy-1, Biochemistry-1, Gen. Medicine-1, General Surgery-1)
ii) Assoc.Prof.-10 (Anatomy-2, Physiology-2, Pharmacology-1, Paediatric-1, Orthopaedic-1, Obst. & Gynae.-1, Anaesthesia-1, Radio-Diagnosis-1)
iii) Asstt.Prof.-5 (Anatomy-2, Forensic Medicine-1, Comm. Medicine-1, Opthal.-1)
iv) Tutors-9 (Anatomy-3, Physiology-3, Biochemistry-1, Anaestheisa-1, Radio-Diagn.-1)

(b) The shortage of Residents is 66.6% as under:

i) Sr.Residents-8 (General Medicine-1, General Surgery-2, Orthopaedic-1, ENT-1, Ophthalmology-1, Obst. & Gynae.-2)

ii) Jr.Residents-16 (General Medicine-7, General Surgery-7, Ortho.-1, OBGY-1)
2. Clinical material is inadequate in terms of Radiological investigations and Laboratory investigations as under:

<u>Radiological Investigations</u>		
X-ray	8	18
Ultrasonography	6	2
Special investigations	-	-
CT Scan	-	-
<u>Laboratory Investigations</u>		
Biochemistry	7	16
Microbiology	-	-
Serology	7	11
Parasitology	8	8
Haematology	38	23
Histopathology	-	-
Cytopathology	-	-
Others		

 - The clinical load and the lab. data are not in agreement with each other. The load of the Radiology deptt., the central lab. etc. are very less compared to the outpatient and indoor patient load.
 - The histopathology reporting has not yet been started in the college.
3. One 100 feet wide Udgir road is dividing the hospital and the college campuses. This is a main arterial road passing through town. Thus, there is no single, unitary plot of land available.
4. The proposed college is under construction. At present a polytechnic college is located and functioning alongside in the campus without any demarcated boundary wall where the new college building is being constructed.
5. The construction is present going on and the civil work is yet to be completed. As per the site engineer the work should be completed by June, 2007.
6. The academic block is not available as per the requirements as the space allocated for the Deans office in the new college building is still under construction and not fit for occupancy.

7. The space for the Medical Education Unit has been outlined but is yet to be furnished, equipped and completed.
8. The lecture theatres in the college are still in the early stages of construction and not ready for use. No audio-visual aids have been procured so far. Order for the procurement of these equipments has been placed.
9. No common rooms for boys and girls exists and they are still the planning stages only.
10. Library is still early stages of construction and not yet ready for occupation. There are no books in the library. However, an order for procurement of the required books and journals has been placed.
11. Central photography cum audio visual units is under construction and the civil work is yet not completed. The equipment for the unit has not yet been procured.
12. The construction of the hostel for the students is still in its very early stages. Only foundation and pillars upto first level have been constructed. So, no hostel is available at the present stage for the students and residents. There is no hostel accommodation for the resident staff.
13. No operational playground is available.
14. In OPD, manual registration is being done for the outpatients and inpatients both. In the OPD, x-ray view box are not provided in any of the OPDs. There is no provision for teaching space and neither any space earmarked for teaching the OPDs. The surgical and Obst./Gynae. OPDs are currently under renovation and when completed will have 4 examination rooms each and a designated teaching areas and adequate waiting areas. Audiometry room is not airconditioned. No speech and hearing therapist is available.
15. In ENT and Ophthalmology ward, duty room for nurses, doctor duty room, nursing station, pantry area, procedure room, side lab. and area for demonstration room are not provided. The demonstration room is not equipped/furnished. There is congestion of beds because of less space.
16. There is a separate registration counter for OPD cases in the OPD. It is not computerized. Indoor registration counter is in the same place and is not computerized and nor cross linked with outdoor registration numbers. Medical Record department is also not computerized.
17. No emergency theatre is available in Central Casualty.
18. In Clinical Laboratories, there is no media preparation room. Culture and sensitivity studies are yet to start. No histopathological studies or cyto-pathological studies are done at present. Auto-processor, hot air oven, microtome, cryostat and knife sharpener are available but yet to be put to use.
19. There is no central oxygen, nitrous oxide supply and central suction in operation theatre unit.
20. Resuscitation equipment is inadequate.
21. No ultrasound is given to the Obst. & Gynae. department.
22. Washing is done manually.
23. Canteen is not available.
24. There is no incinerator available. The hospital waste is burnt in an area near the old mortuary where two dumping grounds for the hospital wastes have been located.
25. Paramedical staff is grossly inadequate as under:-
 - Laboratory Technicians-8
 - Laboratory Assistants -
 - Laboratory Attendants-1
26. Nursing staff is grossly inadequate as under:

Nursing Superintendent	1
Dy.Nursing Superintendent	2
Matron	nil
Asstt.Nursing Superintendent	
Nursing Sisters	8
Staff Nurses	52
27. Departments of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Forensic Medicine and Community Medicine do not exist.
28. Other deficiencies/remarks in the report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15.3.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June and since, the applicant has failed to fulfill the mandatory and statutory

requirement of owning and possessing of 25 acres of land in a single plot as laid down in the Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to disapprove the scheme received in the year 2004 for Establishment of new medical college at Bidar by Govt. of Karnataka received u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

81. Establishment of new Medical College at Shimoga by Govt. of Karnataka.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (09th & 10th June, 2006) for establishment of new medical college at Shimoga by Govt. of Karnataka u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (09-10 June, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. (a) The shortage of teaching faculty is 74.57% as under:

i) Professors-5 (Anatomy-1, Physiology-1, Biochemistry-1, Medicine-1, Surgery-1)
ii) Assoc.Prof.-15 (Anatomy-2, Physiology-2, Biochemistry-1, Pharmacology-1
Pathology-1, Microbiology-1, Forensic Medicine-1, Comm. Med.-
1, Paediatric-1, Orthopaedic-1, OBGY-1, Anaesthesia-1, Radio-
Diagn.-1)
iii) Asstt.Prof.-10 (Anatomy-3, Physiology-3, Biochemistry-1,Pathology-1,
Ophthalmology-1, Dentistry-1)
iv) Tutors-14 (Anatomy-4, Physiology-4, Biochemistry-2, Pharmacology-1,
Microbiology-1, Comm. Medicine-1, Radio-Diagn.-1)

(b) The shortage of Residents is 65.78% as under:-

i) Sr.Resident-9 (Medicine-4, Surgery-3, Orthopaedic-1, OBGY-1)
ii) Jr.Resident-16 (Medicine-7, Surgery-8, ENT-1)
2. Clinical material is inadequate in terms of Radiological investigations and Laboratory investigations as under:

<u>Radiological Investigations</u>	<u>Day Average</u>	<u>Day of Inspection</u>
X-ray	44	34
Ultrasonography	20	22
Special investigations	--	--
CT Scan	Not available	Not available
<u>Laboratory Investigations</u>		
Biochemistry	26	18
Microbiology	Not available	Not available
Serology	Not available	Not available
Parasitology	Not available	Not available
Haematology	80	62
Histopathology	Not available	Not available
Cytopathology	Not available	Not available
Others	Not available	Not available
3. In 28 acres of land, two pieces of lands measuring 35x25 meters and 60x30 meters, which comes to an area 0.70 acres is occupied by Ayurvedic Authorities for running Govt. Ayurvedic Hospital which is functioning since last 28 years. These areas are located in between Medical College on the west, boys hostel in the east and girls hostel in the north. There is a resolution of the Governing Council of Shimoga Instt. of Medical Sciences. Vide resolution No.21 of the meeting dt. 7th March,2006, in which it is resolved to take necessary action to relocate existing and new Ayurvedic Hospital which is almost near completion stage situated in the middle of the unitary campus, expenditure/money spent by PWD towards construction of new Ayurvedic Hospital to be reimbursed by SIMS to Ayurvedic Hospital for construction of similar building elsewhere. The modalities of transfer of funds between the institution and further construction shall be taken up by PWD. The New Ayurvedic Hospital building taken over by SIMS shall be utilized for any good purpose-housing new OPD block and necessary completion of work to be

accomplished by PWD through grant in aid. The said building may be made use of in future in the interest of patients and health care of public at large.

4. Medical College is under construction.
5. Dr. Nanda S. Shinge shown as Medical Superintendent and has only 8 years of administrative experience is not qualified to hold the post of Medical Superintendent as she does not have 10 years of administrative experience.
6. OPD-Each speciality is provided one room for examination of patients and accommodation for doctors. No teaching area is provided in any of the OPD. Audiometry room is not sound proof and air-conditioned. No x-ray view boxes were available in OPDs. The immunization room in the Paediatric OPD was locked and could not be opened because it was not under the charge of hospital or the college. The district staff for this service was not available on the day of inspection. There was no family welfare room in the OPD.
7. Wards are not well maintained and have inadequate lighting. There was no provision for water for cleaning or drinking purpose. No separate treatment or procedure rooms area available in any of the wards nor is there a designated nursing station. No duty room for doctor-on-duty is available in any of the wards. Wards are in cubical rooms or in long halls and hence required to be reorganised. No ward pantry, examination/procedure room, teaching area and side laboratory are available. Nil clinical demonstration areas have been provided in the wards. There is no seminar hall in the major departments. No audiovisual aids and other teaching facilities are available in the wards.
8. Registration counters for OPD cases is not computerized. Medical Record department is not computerized. There is no record technician, no record clerk and no sanction post of statistician. ICD X classification of diseases is not followed for indexing. No follow up service is available.
9. In Central Casualty, specialist are not available on call. No separate casualty services for Obst. & Gynae. is available. The needle-destroyer was not being used in the casualty ward. Doctors on duty in casualty also looks-after the 5 medical wards where no separate doctors are posted for night duty.
10. Clinical Laboratories is under the control of the Sr. Resident of Pathology Department. It is inadequate as there are no Microbiology tests and Serology tests being carried out in the department. The facilities for Biochemistry tests and Pathology tests are also inadequate. No Cytopathology and Histopathology tests are being carried out in the Lab. The Pathology, Microbiology and Biochemistry departments are not existing in the college.
11. Pulse-oxymeter was found to be non-functional state and nobody was aware of it. Central suction machine was not operational. There was no ABG machine. There were no patients in the MICU. The registers showed scare use the MICU and only 10 patients had been admitted during the past 6 months. Three rooms had been occupied by equipments like TMT, ECHO and PFT machine. These facilities are meant for outpatient departments of the hospital. This would be a great impediment to the ICU care, more so when permanent wiring fixtures have been made for these equipment's in MICU.
12. Medical Education Unit is not established.
13. There is no Statistical Unit available.
14. There are two lecture theatres which is under construction.
15. Common rooms for boys and girls are not available.
16. There is no central library available.
17. Central photography cum audio-visual unit is not available.
18. The Boys and girls hostels for undergraduate students are under construction.
19. The nurse's accommodation is situated outside the main campus at a distance of about 1 km.
20. A total of 6 quarters are available to the faculty of the college within the campus and nil are available outside the campus.
21. Sports and recreation facilities are not available.
22. There is no septic case in the labour room.
23. Facilities for special investigations are not available.
24. CSSD facility is inadequate. There are no bowl sterilizer, no Glove inspection machine nor any instrument washing machine.
25. There is no EPABX facility available.
26. Central Laundry is not available.
27. Paramedical staff is grossly inadequate as under:-
 - Laboratory Technicians-6
 - Laboratory Assistants - 3
 - Laboratory Attendants - 6

28. Nursing staff is grossly inadequate as under:

Nursing Superintendent	1
Dy. Nursing Superintendent	5
Matron	Nil
Asstt.Nursing Superintendent	Nil
Nursing Sisters	13
Staff Nurses	73

29. Departments of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pharmacology, Pathology are under construction.

30. No teaching staff is available in the department of Physiology.

31. Other deficiencies/remarks in the report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15.3.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June and since, the applicant has failed to fulfill the mandatory and statutory requirement of owning and possessing of 25 acres of land in a single plot as laid down in the Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to disapprove the scheme in the year 2004 for Establishment of new medical college at Shimoga by Govt. of Karnataka received u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

82. Establishment of new Medical College, Muzaffarnagar by Fateh Chand Charitable Trust.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (2nd & 3rd June, 2006) for establishment of new medical college, Muzaffarnagar by Fateh Chand Charitable Trust u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (02-03 June, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to issue letter of permission for establishment of new medical college at Muzaffarnagar by Fateh Chand Charitable Trust with an annual intake of 100 students for the academic session 2006-07 u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

83. Establishment of new Medical College, Bhubaneswar by Kalinga Institute of Medical Sciences, Bhubaneswar.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (17th & 18th May, 2006) for establishment of new medical college at Bhubaneswar by Kalinga Institute of Medical Sciences, Bhubaneswar u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (17-18 May, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. (a) The following faculty members were not eligible while computing faculty deficiency for reasons given as under:-

Sr. no.	Name of the Faculty	Designation	Department	Reason for Exclusion
1.	Dr.Dibakar Chakrabarty	Assoc.Prof.	Physiology	He possesses Ph.D. degree from Science faculty. Hence, cannot be accepted as an Assoc. Prof. as per TEQ Regulations.
2.	Dr. Aparna Behura	Asstt.Prof.	Pathology	She has only 3 months residency experience and 08 months as Asstt. Prof. as stated in the declaration form. She cannot be accepted as Asstt. Prof. as she does not possess requisite experience of 3 years as

				Tutor as required under Regulations.
3.	Dr.Kanaklata Purohit	Asstt.Prof.	Pathology	She has only 1 year 1 month residency and 9 months as Asstt.Prof. experience as stated in the declaration form. She cannot be accepted as Asstt. Prof. as she does not possess requisite experience of 3 years as Tutor as required under Regulations.
4.	Dr.D.P. Panigrahi	Asstt.Prof.	Forensic Medicine	He has not mentioned any teaching experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Asstt. Prof.
5.	Dr.Jyochnamayi Panda	Asstt.Prof.	Obst. & Gynae.	She has not stated any teaching experience in the declaration form. She cannot be accepted as Asstt. Prof. as she does not possess requisite experience of 3 years as Tutor as required under Regulations..
6.	Dr.P.V. Mohan	Asstt.Prof.	Radio-Diagnosis	He has not mentioned any teaching experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Asstt. Prof.
7.	Dr. Sarika Awasthi	Asstt.Prof.	Obst. & Gynae.	She has not mentioned any teaching experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Asstt. Prof.
8.	Dr.Nityananda Pradhan	Asstt.Prof.	Anaesth.	He has only 2 years residency experience as stated in the declaration form. He cannot be accepted as Asstt. Prof. as he does not possess requisite experience of 3 years as Tutor as required under Regulations.
9.	Dr. Prasan Kumar Das	Asstt. Prof.	Community Medicine	He has not mentioned any teaching experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Asstt. Prof.
10.	Dr. Shashi Shankar Behera	Asstt. Prof.	Obst. & Gynae.	He has not mentioned any teaching experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Asstt. Prof.
11.	Dr.Sarbeshwar Sahu	Asstt. Prof.	Surgery	He has not mentioned any teaching experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Asstt. Prof.
12.	Dr.Shantanu Tapadar	Asstt. Prof.	Physiology	He has not mentioned any teaching experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Asstt. Prof.
13.	Dr.Manoranjan Mohapatra	Sr.Resident	Radiology	He has only 2 years 6 months experience as Sr. Resident. He cannot be accepted as Sr. Resident as he does not possess requisite experience of 3 years as required under regulations.
14.	Dr. R.N. Samanta	Sr.Resident	Surgery	He has not mentioned any teaching experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Sr. Resident.
15.	Dr.G. Biswas	Sr.Resident	Medicine	He has not mentioned any teaching experience as stated in the declaration form. Not accepted as Sr. Resident.
16.	Dr. Sasmita Das	Sr.Resident	Obst. & Gynae.	She has stated in her declaration form that she possesses experience of 2 years and 4 months in a non-teaching hospital. She cannot be accepted as Sr. Resident as she does not possess requisite experience of 3 yrs in the department in a teaching hospital.

- (b) In relation to certain Declaration Forms submitted on behalf of the medical teachers and endorsed by the Principal of the medical college, it was observed/found that teaching experience shown in those Declaration Forms is incorrect and in certain cases, it was seriously doubted. The office of the Council had undertaken the exercise of verifying the individual particulars regarding the claimed teaching experience from the Medical institutions concerned and found their claim to be fake. The following teaching faculty cannot be considered as the experience certificates submitted by them are forged as shown below:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Department	Remarks
1.	Dr. Bijay Kumar Pathak	Professor & HOD	Surgery	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Mamata Medical College, Khammam from 11.12.2004 to 31.7.2005 as Professor. In its letter, Mamata Medical College, Khammam has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
2.	Dr. Allam Murli Mohan	Assoc.Prof.	Biochemistry	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Deccan College of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad from 1.2.92 to 10.11.99 as Assoc. Professor. In its letter, Deccan College of Medical Sciences, Hyderabad has stated that he has not worked at all in the institution. Thus, he has submitted a false and forged experience certificate and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.
3.	Dr.K.L. Narayana Reddy	Assoc.Prof.	Orthopaedics	In his declaration form, he has claimed that he has worked at Kasturba Medical College, Manipal from 1992 to 1995 as Tutor and from 2.6.95 to 28.10.2000 as Asstt.Prof. in Sri Devraj Urs Medical College, Kolar. In their letters, Kasturba Medical College, Manipal and Sri Devraj Urs Medical College, Kolar have stated that he has not worked at all in the institutions. Thus, he has submitted false and forged experience certificates and therefore cannot be accepted as a teacher.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council were, therefore, were clearly of the view that the Council should take steps for referring these cases to the Police authorities for registration of FIRs and conducting investigation in all such cases. It was also observed that in the complaint to be sent to the Police authorities, it should also be clearly requested that all those cases where there is a collusion and conspiracy of such persons with the management of the colleges, the necessary action should also be taken against the management of those colleges. It was further decided that appropriate action be taken against these Doctors and the Dean/Principal in accordance with Professional Conduct (Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations 2002.

- [c] The following teacher has been found to be working at more than one medical college simultaneously:

1. Dr. Aruna Dehury

Name of the college	Date of Joining	Date of Inspection
1. Naryana Medical College, Nellore	05.07.2004	20.04.2005
2.Chhatisgarh Instt. of Medical Sciences, Bilaspur	20.12.2001	15.07.2004

3. Kalinga Instt. of Medical Sciences, Bhubaneswar	09.12.2005	17.05.2006
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- (d) The shortage of teaching staff is more than 25% as under:-
 (i) Professor-1 (Surgery-1)
 (ii) Assoc. Prof.-3 (Biochemistry-1, Orthopaedics-1, Physiology-2)
 (iii) Asstt. Prof. -10 (Biophysics-1, Radio-Diagnosis-1, Dental-1, Physiology-1,
 Biochemistry-1, Pathology-1, Anaesthesia-1, Forensic Medicine-1,
 Community Medicine-1)
 (iv) Tutors-2 (Radio-Diagnosis-2)
- (e) The Shortage of Residents is more than 20% as under:-
 (i) Sr. Resident-10 (Medicine-3, Surgery-3, ENT-1, OBGY-2, Anaesthesia-1))
 (ii) Jr. Resident-2 (Medicine-1, Orthopaedic-1)

2. Clinical material is inadequate as under:-

	Daily Average	Day of Inspection
OPD Attendance	300 to 320	640
Bed occupancy %	60 to 65%	65%
Operative work		
Number of major surgical operations	1-3	1
Number of minor surgical operations	2-5	4
Number of normal deliveries	0-1	0
Number of caesarian sections	0-1	0

3. In Central library, total number of journals subscribed are 10 Indian and 03 foreign. Internet and medlar facilities are not available.
4. No accommodation is made available within the campus for Resident doctors.
5. Unmarried nurses are accommodated in a hostel located 2 km. away from the hospital alongwith the MCA students. Married nurses are reported to be staying at their own.
6. Total 30 quarters are available outside the campus (half km.), 17 two bedroom, 13-three bedroom and one four bedroom quarters are available for the staff.
7. The ground ear marked for play ground etc. is yet to be leveled and made available.
8. Dr. Sisir Kumar Mishra, 62 years is the Medical Superintendent. He is MBBS (1966), MS (1969) and has less than 3 years of administrative experience.
9. Distribution of beds is not as per MCI norms as under:-

Speciality	Required Beds/Units	Present Beds/Units	Deficiency
General Surgery	90	80	10
Orthopaedics	30	30	-
Ophthalmology	10	08	02
ENT	10	08	02
OBGY	50	48	02
Total:	300	284	16

10. OPD has got three cubicles and only one x-ray view box is available. There is no class room available. Orthopaedic OPD cubicles have small and narrow. There is no refractionist and no class room or procedure room available.
11. Nursing stations are located at the end of each corridor with no visibility by the nurses on duty. No class rooms, ward labs. and pantry are available.
12. There is no medical record section available under a qualified medical record technician. The old cases are kept under the custody of Asstt. Medical Superintendent.
13. In Central Casualty, there is no crash trolley available. There is no emergency theatre available. No toilet facility or ceiling fan is available in doctor's room.
14. In Intensive Care, Paediatrics and Obstetrics beds are not available.
15. Eclamsia machine is not available in Labour room.
16. No ultrasound is available in Obst. & Gynae. department. Facilities for special investigations are not available.
17. There is no hospital pharmacy available.
18. Central laundry is not available.
19. Kitchen is not available and no dietician available.

20. Incinerator is not available.
21. Boys and Girls hostel are not provided within the campus.
22. Other deficiencies/remarks in the report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15.3.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to disapprove the scheme for Establishment of new medical college at Bhubaneshwar by Kalinga Instt. of Medical Sciences, Bhubaneshwar u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council also decided that including recommendation for disapproval of the scheme of the applicant college, the Central Govt. may consider debarring this college from any further consideration u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956 for a period of 2-3 years and for any further appropriate action by the Central Govt. to curb this menace.

84. Establishment of new medical college at Trivandrum by Dr. K.N. Pai Heart Foundation, Kerala.

The minutes of this item are recorded under item No. 51.

85. Santosh Medical College, Ghaziabad – Renewal of permission for admission of 2nd batch of students against the increased intake i.e. from 50 to 100 for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (5th & 6th June, 2006) for renewal of permission for admission of 2nd batch of students against the increased intake i.e. from 50 to 100 for the academic session at Santosh Medical College, Ghaziabad.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (5th and 6th June, 2006) and decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 2nd batch of MBBS students against the increased intake from 50 to 100 at Santosh Medical College, Gaziabad for the academic session 2006-07.

86. Approval of Mahatama Gandhi Medical College & Research Institute, Pondicherry for the award of MBBS degree granted by Pondicherry University, Pondicherry.

Read: The compliance verification inspection report (09th & 10th June, 2006) for approval of Mahatama Gandhi Medical College & Research Institute, Pondicherry for the award of MBBS degree granted by Pondicherry University, Pondicherry.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the compliance verification inspection report (09th & 10th June, 2006) and decided to recommend that Mahatama Gandhi Medical College & Research Institute, Pondicherry be approved for the award of MBBS degree granted by Pondicherry University, Pondicherry.

87. Approval of Subharati Medical College, Meerut for the award of MBBS degree granted by Dr. Bhim Rao Ambedkar University, Agra.

Read: The Council Inspectors report (29th May, 2006) for approval of Subharati Medical College, Meerut for the award of MBBS degree granted by Dr. Bhim Rao Ambedkar University, Agra.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors reports (06-07 April, 2006 and 29th May 2006) and decided to recommend that Subharati Medical College, Meerut be approved for the award of MBBS degree granted by Dr. Bhim Rao Ambedkar University, Agra.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council further decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to renew the permission for admission of 6th batch of 100 MBBS students for the academic session 2006-07 at Subharati Medical College, Meerut.

88. Approval of Mahatma Gandhi National Institute of Medical Sciences, Jaipur for the award of MBBS degree granted by University of Rajasthan, Jaipur.

The minutes of this item are recorded under item No. 69.

89. Recognition for Internship – Apollo Gleneagles Hospital, Kolkata(Non-teaching Hospital).

Read: The Council Inspector report (13th May, 2006) for recognition for internship training at Apollo Gleneagles Hospital, Kolkata (Non-teaching Hospital).

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspector report (13th May, 2006) and decided to recommend that Apollo Gleneagles Hospital, Kolkata be recognised for Compulsory Rotatory Internship Training in the following subjects with number of interns mentioned against each:-

General Medicine-	2
General Surgery-	2
Obst. & Gynae.-	2

90. Undertaking given by Dr. A. Shankar Rao for working in more than one medical college – Action to be taken in view of Code of Medical Ethics.

Read: The undertaking given by Dr. A. Shankar Rao for working in more than one medical college alongwith the decision of the Ethics Committee.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the matter and decided to approve the following decision of the Ethics Committee dated 18th & 19th May, 2006:-

“The Ethics Committee heard Dr. A. Shankar Rao, who appeared before the Ethics Committee meeting on 18/19th May, 2006. Written statement was also taken from him which are as under:-

Statement of Dr. A. Shankar Rao

I, Dr. A. Shankar Rao, did my MBBS from Kakatiya Medical College in the year 1975. I did my MD (Forensic Medicine) from Gandhi Medical College in the year 1998. My Registration No. is 6596 of Hyderabad State Medical Council. My Date of Birth is 14.08.1949.

I have never attended MCI Inspection in PES Instt. of Medical Sciences, Kuppam nor at Navodaya Medical College, Raichur. The Declaration Forms produced by those institutes are bearing my name, photograph, signature but I have not filled up those forms but signed in blank Declaration Forms. I was not physically present in both the Institutes. I applied for job in those medical colleges.

Other than this, I applied in other 8 medical colleges also. I have signed blank Declaration Forms of those institutions also.

I know I have done a mistake and this was done for the sake of my job.

Date : 18.05.2006

Sd/-
(Dr. A. Shankar Rao)

The above mentioned medical teacher had submitted Declaration Form to the Inspection team of the Council at the time of conduct of inspection of the medical college/institution claiming employment as a full time medical teacher in the concerned medical college/institution. He had also incorporated a statement in the Declaration Form that all the contents and statements made in the Declaration Form duly signed by him are correct and true to his knowledge.

On the examination of the records of the Council i.e. inspection reports and the Declaration Forms submitted by various medical colleges/ institutions inspected by the Council, it was prima facie found by the Monitoring Cell of the Council that the above mentioned medical teacher has made misstatements and false declarations in the Declaration Forms submitted by him to the effect and to the result that he has been found to be claiming employment as a full time medical teacher in more than one medical college/institution at the same point of time.

The above mentioned medical teacher was, therefore, issued “Show Cause Notices” calling upon him to explain why appropriate action be not taken against him for submitting more than one Declaration Forms signed and submitted by him claiming employment as full time medical teacher at the same point of time in more than one medical college/institution. Along with the respective “Show Cause Notice”, all the Declaration Forms, which he had submitted to the inspection team of the Council, were also sent to him.

The above mentioned medical teacher, pursuant to the Show Cause Notice issued to him, has submitted his written response giving his clarifications and explanations for the submission of more than one Declaration Form by him.

Upon consideration of the case of Dr.A. Shankar Rao, the Ethics Committee noted that explanation /clarification has not been found to be satisfactory and the misconduct of making mis-declaration/misstatement in Declaration Form having been found to be established.

The Ethics Committee perused the opinion of the Council Advocate Sh. Maninder Singh which reads as follows :-

“Though the issue of interpretation of certain provisions of the Act and the Regulations made thereunder with regard to grant of direct registration and taking action against doctors for misconduct is pending before the Hon’ble Supreme Court, however, since filing of false declarations by the individual doctors with or without the involvement of college authorities with a view to fraudulently mislead the Council for falsely achieving the fulfillment of the minimum teaching requirement in the medical colleges, is a serious violation/offence having the potential of causing serious threat and prejudice to the general public and larger public interest, I am of the prima facie opinion that besides and in addition to informing the police authorities such illegal acts of omission and commission for necessary action, the Council would be well advised and empowered to initiate appropriate proceedings for removal of the names of such medical teachers from the Indian Medical Register, in accordance with law.

The Ethics Committee also perused the decision of the General Body of the Council taken at its meeting held on 12.10.2004 on this matter in similar type of cases, the extract of which is as follows :-

“Over a period of last 1-2 years by considering the inspection reports of various medical colleges seeking permissions /renewals under Section 10A of the Act, it was felt and observed that a large number of doctors are claiming employment as medical teachers in more than one medical college at the same time. It was being observed that the names of the doctors shown as medical teachers in a particular medical college were getting repeated in the inspection reports of certain other medical colleges, in the same proximity of time.

Apparently, the medical colleges and the medical teachers were indulging in such activities only to show to the inspection team of the Council that the colleges concerned are fulfilling the minimum requirement for the teaching staff for seeking permissions/renewals under Section 10A of the Act.

The Council, therefore, to curb such unscrupulous tendencies, started adopting methods in this regard. Declaration forms were introduced to be signed by the doctors claiming employment as medical teachers in any given medical college and that they also remain present along with their declaration forms, at the time of the conduct of the inspection of that college.

Subsequently, a provision for endorsement by the Dean/Principal of the medical college was also introduced in the Declaration Forms to make this requirement more efficient and effective by stating that in the event of any declaration made by a particular medical teacher turns out to be untrue and incorrect, the Dean/Principal of the college putting signatures as endorsement of the truthfulness of the statement made in the declaration would also be held responsible in that event.

Needless to state that the Council has always tried to improve in this regard for ensuring that such misdeclaration /misstatements are completely eliminated or minimized to the extent possible with the clear percept on that the Council should take appropriate action against such erring doctors whenever it is found that the particular doctor has furnished more than one declaration forms towards claiming teaching employment in any medical college when such a doctor has already furnished similar declaration for claiming employment as medical teacher in certain other medical colleges at the same point of time.

This problem has engaged attention of the Council continuously during the last 1-2 years. The cases have also been considered by the Ethics Committee of the Council. Whenever it has been found that a particular doctor is claiming employment as medical teacher at the same point of time in more than one medical colleges, show cause notices had been issued seeking their replies. They were given due opportunities to present their explanation before the Ethics Committee.

This issue was considered by the General Body of the Council with all required seriousness. Undoubtedly, such kind of misconduct is much more serious than the alleged negligence in cases of treating the patients by doctors. Such misdeclarations /misstatements are made to cause deception not only to the Council but also on the Central Govt. for extracting permissions/renewals under Section 10A of the Act.

The worst part is that ultimately it is those innocent students who get admissions in such medical colleges where the minimum required medical teachers are shown only in such a dubious manner, causes irreparable prejudice to the fair interests of those students and further also to the patients who may be treated by such half-backed students who would not get their exposure and training with the minimum required number of medical teachers available to them.

The General Body was clearly of the view that such a tendency has to be completely eliminated and not only curbed. The situation does not brook any lenience in this regard and deserves to be dealt with a heavy hand. No doctor should ever be allowed to make such false declaration and get away with it. Timely efficient action in this regard is the need of the hour. It should also act as an effective deterrent so that others who are getting tempted to indulge into such activities should feel reluctant to do so."

The Ethics Committee, after detailed deliberations and perusal of all the relevant documents as well as the oral and written statement of Dr.A. Shankar Rao along with the opinion of Advocate of this Council, Sh. Maninder Singh vide his letter dated 29.12.2003 and the decision of General Body dated 12.10.2004, have come to the unanimous decision that he has violated the Professional Conduct, Etiquette and Ethics Regulations, 2002 so far as the following sections are concerned:-

Section 1.1.1.

A Physician shall uphold the dignity and honour of his profession.

Section 1.1.2.

The prime object of the medical profession is to render service to humanity; reward or financial gain is a subordinate consideration. Who- so-ever chooses his profession, assumes the obligation to conduct himself in accordance with its ideals. A physician should be an upright man, instructed in the art of healings. He shall keep himself pure in character and be diligent in caring for the sick; he should be modest, sober, patient, prompt in discharging his duty without anxiety; conducting himself with propriety in his profession and in all the actions of his life.

The Ethics Committee is of the opinion that the Act of Commission in the part of Dr.A. Shankar Rao constitutes PROFESSIONAL MISCONDUCT, which render him liable for disciplinary action.

Under the above mentioned circumstances, the Ethics Committee unanimously recommended that his name may be erased from IMR temporarily for a period of 2 years, as per Section 8.1 of the PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT, ETIQUETTE AND ETHICS REGULATIONS, 2002, which reads as follows :-

“Section 8.1 - PUNISHMENT AND DISCIPLINARY ACTION

“It must be clearly understood that the instances of offences and of Professional misconduct which are given above do not constitute and are not intended to constitute a complete list of the infamous acts which calls for disciplinary action, and that by issuing this notice the Medical Council of India and or State Medical Councils are in no way precluded from considering and dealing with any other form of professional misconduct on the part of a registered practitioner. Circumstances may and do arise from time to time in relation to which there may occur questions of professional misconduct which do not come within any of these categories. Every care should be taken that the code is not violated in letter or spirit. In such instances as in all others, the Medical Council of India and/or State Medical Councils has to consider and decide upon the facts brought before the Medical Council of India and/or State Medical Councils.”

91. Undertaking given by Dr. R. Ram Chandra Rao for working in more than one medical college – Action to be taken in view of Code of Medical Ethics.

Read: The undertaking given by Dr. R. Ram Chandra Rao for working in more than one medical college alongwith the decision of the Ethics Committee.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the matter and decided to approve the following decision of the Ethics Committee dated 18th & 19th May, 2006:-

“The Ethics Committee heard Dr. R.Ram Chandra Rao who appeared before the Ethics Committee meeting on 18/19th May, 2006. Written statement was also taken from him which are as under:-

Statement of Dr. R. Ram Chandra Rao

I, Dr. R. Ram Chandra Rao, did my MBBS from Kakatiya Medical College, Warangal in the year 1970 & my MD (Forensic Medicine) from Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad. My registration No. is 4384 dt. 29.03.1972 of Hyderabad Medical Council (A.P.). My Date of Birth is 13.06.1942.

I am to state that I was physically present during the MCI inspection at Narayana Medical College, Nellore on 6th – 7th March, 2003, at Prathima Instt. of Medical Sciences, Karimnagar on 27th – 28th May, 2003 and at Alluri Sitaram Raju Medical College, Elluru, on 19th – 20th June 2003 and I have signed myself in the declaration form and I was given the expenditure in those institutes and declaration form have signed and the date of joining was different in different places.

I have done a wrong thing but I have only 11 month to complete my 65 year of age & I have suffering from Diabetic Nephropathy and now I am not in a position to work anywhere. I request the Hon’ble Members of the Ethics Committee of Medical Council of India to excused me for this thing will not be undertaken by myself in future. I request to pardon me it will never be repeated in future.

Sd/-
(Dr. R. Ram Chandra Rao)

The above mentioned medical teacher had submitted Declaration Form to the Inspection team of the Council at the time of conduct of inspection of the medical college/institution claiming employment as a full time medical teacher in the concerned medical college/institution. He had also incorporated a statement in the Declaration Form that all

the contents and statements made in the Declaration Form duly signed by him are correct and true to his knowledge.

On the examination of the records of the Council i.e. inspection reports and the Declaration Forms submitted by various medical colleges/ institutions inspected by the Council, it was prima facie found by the Monitoring Cell of the Council that the above mentioned medical teacher has made misstatements and false declarations in the Declaration Forms submitted by him to the effect and to the result that he has been found to be claiming employment as a full time medical teacher in more than one medical college/institution at the same point of time.

The above mentioned medical teacher was, therefore, issued "Show Cause Notices" calling upon him to explain why appropriate action be not taken against him for submitting more than one Declaration Forms signed and submitted by him claiming employment as full time medical teacher at the same point of time in more than one medical college/institution. Along with the respective "Show Cause Notice", all the Declaration Forms, which he had submitted to the inspection team of the Council were also sent to him.

The above mentioned medical teacher, pursuant to the Show Cause Notice issued to him, has submitted his written response giving his clarifications and explanations for the submission of more than one Declaration Form by him.

Upon consideration of the case of Dr. R. Ram Chandra Rao, the Ethics Committee noted that explanation /clarification has not been found to be satisfactory and the misconduct of making mis-declaration/misstatement in Declaration Form having been found to be established.

The Ethics Committee perused the opinion of the Council Advocate Sh. Maninder Singh which reads as follows :-

"Though the issue of interpretation of certain provisions of the Act and the Regulations made thereunder with regard to grant of direct registration and taking action against doctors for misconduct is pending before the Hon'ble Supreme Court, however, since filing of false declarations by the individual doctors with or without the involvement of college authorities with a view to fraudulently mislead the Council for falsely achieving the fulfillment of the minimum teaching requirement in the medical colleges, is a serious violation/offence having the potential of causing serious threat and prejudice to the general public and larger public interest, I am of the prima facie opinion that besides and in addition to informing the police authorities such illegal acts of omission and commission for necessary action, the Council would be well advised and empowered to initiate appropriate proceedings for removal of the names of such medical teachers from the Indian Medical Register, in accordance with law.

The Ethics Committee also perused the decision of the General Body of the Council taken at its meeting held on 12.10.2004 on this matter in similar type of cases, the extract of which is as follows :-

"Over a period of last 1-2 years by considering the inspection reports of various medical colleges seeking permissions /renewals under Section 10A of the Act, it was felt and observed that a large number of doctors are claiming employment as medical teachers in more than one medical college at the same time. It was being observed that the names of the doctors shown as medical teachers in a particular medical college were getting repeated in the inspection reports of certain other medical colleges, in the same proximity of time.

Apparently, the medical colleges and the medical teachers were indulging in such activities only to show to the inspection team of the Council that the colleges concerned are fulfilling the minimum requirement for the teaching staff for seeking permissions/renewals under Section 10A of the Act.

The Council, therefore, to curb such unscrupulous tendencies, started adopting methods in this regard. Declaration forms were introduced to be signed by the doctors claiming employment as medical teachers in any given medical college and that they also remain present along with their declaration forms, at the time of the conduct of the inspection of that college.

Subsequently, a provision for endorsement by the Dean/Principal of the medical college was also introduced in the Declaration Forms to make this requirement more efficient and effective by stating that in the event of any declaration made by a particular medical teacher turns out to be untrue and incorrect, the Dean/Principal of the college putting signatures as endorsement of the truthfulness of the statement made in the declaration would also be held responsible in that event.

Needless to state that the Council has always tried to improve in this regard for ensuring that such misdeclaration /misstatements are completely eliminated or minimized to the extent possible with the clear percept on that the Council should take appropriate action against such erring doctors whenever it is found that the particular doctor has furnished more than one declaration forms towards claiming teaching employment in any medical college when such a doctor has already furnished similar declaration for claiming employment as medical teacher in certain other medical colleges at the same point of time.

This problem has engaged attention of the Council continuously during the last 1-2 years. The cases have also been considered by the Ethics Committee of the Council. Whenever it has been found that a particular doctor is claiming employment as medical teacher at the same point of time in more than one medical colleges, show cause notices had been issued seeking their replies. They were given due opportunities to present their explanation before the Ethics Committee.

This issue was considered by the General Body of the Council with all required seriousness. Undoubtedly, such kind of misconduct is much more serious than the alleged negligence in cases of treating the patients by doctors. Such misdeclarations /misstatements are made to cause deception not only to the Council but also on the Central Govt. for extracting permissions/renewals under Section 10A of the Act.

The worst part is that ultimately it is those innocent students who get admissions in such medical colleges where the minimum required medical teachers are shown only in such a dubious manner, causes irreparable prejudice to the fair interests of those students and further also to the patients who may be treated by such half-backed students who would not get their exposure and training with the minimum required number of medical teachers available to them.

The General Body was clearly of the view that such a tendency has to be completely eliminated and not only curbed. The situation does not brook any lenience in this regard and deserves to be dealt with a heavy hand. No doctor should ever be allowed to make such false declaration and get away with it. Timely efficient action in this regard is the need of the hour. It should also act as an effective deterrent so that others who are getting tempted to indulge into such activities should feel reluctant to do so."

The Ethics Committee, after detailed deliberations and perusal of all the relevant documents as well as the oral and written statement of Dr. R. Ram Chandra Rao along with the opinion of Advocate of this Council, Sh. Maninder Singh vide his letter dated 29.12.2003 and the decision of General Body dated 12.10.2004, have come to the unanimous decision that he has violated the Professional Conduct, Etiquette and Ethics Regulations, 2002 so far as the following sections are concerned:-

Section 1.1.1.

A Physician shall uphold the dignity and honour of his profession.

Section 1.1.2.

The prime object of the medical profession is to render service to humanity; reward or financial gain is a subordinate consideration. Who- so-ever chooses his profession,

assumes the obligation to conduct himself in accordance with its ideals. A physician should be an upright man, instructed in the art of healings. He shall keep himself pure in character and be diligent in caring for the sick; he should be modest, sober, patient, prompt in discharging his duty without anxiety; conducting himself with propriety in his profession and in all the actions of his life.

The Ethics Committee is of the opinion that the Act of Commission in the part of Dr. R. Ram Chandra Rao constitutes PROFESSIONAL MISCONDUCT, which render him liable for disciplinary action.

Under the above mentioned circumstances, the Ethics Committee unanimously recommended that his name may be erased from IMR temporarily for a period of 2 years, as per Section 8.1 of the PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT, ETIQUETTE AND ETHICS REGULATIONS, 2002, which reads as follows :-

“Section 8.1 - PUNISHMENT AND DISCIPLINARY ACTION

“It must be clearly understood that the instances of offences and of Professional misconduct which are given above do not constitute and are not intended to constitute a complete list of the infamous acts which calls for disciplinary action, and that by issuing this notice the Medical Council of India and or State Medical Councils are in no way precluded from considering and dealing with any other form of professional misconduct on the part of a registered practitioner. Circumstances may and do arise from time to time in relation to which there may occur questions of professional misconduct which do not come within any of these categories. Every care should be taken that the code is not violated in letter or spirit. In such instances as in all others, the Medical Council of India and/or State Medical Councils has to consider and decide upon the facts brought before the Medical Council of India and/or State Medical Councils.”

92. To note the Letter of LOI/LOP/Renewal of permission issued by the Central Govt. for establishment of medical colleges/increase of seats in 1st MBBS course for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read: The Letter of LOI/LOP/Renewal of permission issued by the Central Govt. for establishment of medical colleges/increase of seats in 1st MBBS course for the academic session 2006-2007.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council noted the following LOI/LOP/Renewal of permission issued by the Central Govt. for establishment of medical colleges/increase of seats in 1st MBBS course for the academic session 2006-2007:-

Name of the College	Date of issue of letter of Intent/ permission/renewal of permission
Sri Manakula Vinayagar Medical College and Hospital, Kalitheerthalkuppam, Pondicherry.	LOI dated 30 th March, 2006 LOP dated 12 th May, 2006 for establishment of new medical college with an annual intake of 150 students for the academic session 2006-2007.
Chettinad Hospital & Research Instt., Kanchipuram Distt, Tamilnadu.	LOI dated 9 th May, 2006 LOP dated 16 th May, 2006 for establishment of new medical college with an annual intake of 150 students for the academic session 2006-2007.
Sri Lakshmi Narayana Instt. of Medical Sciences, Pondicherry.	LOI dated 20 th March, 2006.
Kannur Medical College, Kannur, Kerala.	LOI dated 23 rd May, 2006
Shri Guru Ram Rai Instt. of Medical & Health Sciences, Dehradun.	LOI dated 10 th May, 2006.
Pt. Deendayal Upadhyay Medical College, Rajkot.	LOI dated 23 rd May, 2006 increase of seats in MBBS course from 50 to 100. LOP dated 5 th June, 2006.
Govt. Medical College, Bhavnagar.	LOI dated 23 rd May, 2006 increase of seats in MBBS course from 50 to 100. LOP dated 5 th June, 2006.
Meenakshi Medical College & Research Instt. Enathur.	Letter dated 23 rd March, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 4 th batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.

A.J. Instt. Of Medical Sciences,Mangalore.	Letter dated 23 rd May, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 5 th batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
North Bengal Medical College, Darjeeling.	Letter dated 19 th May, 2006 for renewal of permission for admission of 6 th batch of students against the increased intake 50 to 100 for the academic session 2006-2007
Tirunelveli Medical College, Tirunelveli.	Letter dated 22 nd May, 2006 for renewal of permission for admission of 4 th batch of students against the increased intake 100 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007
Coimbatore Medical College, Coimbatore.	Letter dated 19 th May, 2006 for renewal of permission for admission of 3 rd batch of students against the increased intake 110 to 150 for the academic session 2006-2007
M.N.R. Medical College, Sangareddy, A.P.	Letter dated 23 rd May, 2006 for renewal of permission for admission of 5 th batch of students for the academic session 2006-2007.
MES Medical College, Perintalmanna, Malappuram Distt. Kerala.	Letter dated 23 rd May, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 3 rd batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
Agartala Govt. Medical College Agartala, Tripura.	Letter dated 23 rd May, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 2 nd batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
Khaja Banda Nawaz Instt. of Medical Sciences, Gulberga.	Letter dated 22 nd May, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of fresh batch of students for the academic year 2006-2007.
Govt. Medical College, Latur.	Letter dated 1 st June, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 4 th batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
Bharati Vidyapeeth Deemed University Medical College & Hospital Sangli.	Letter dated 1 st June, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 2 nd batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
Jubilee Mission Medical College and Research Instt. Thrissur.	Letter dated 1 st June, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 4 th batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
Peoples College of medical Sciences & Research Centre, Bhanpur Bhopal.	Letter dated 1 st June, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 2 nd batch of 150 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
Vydehi Instt. Of Medical Sciences, Bangalore.	Letter dated 24 th April, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 5 th batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
S. Nijalingappa Medical College, Bagalkot.	Letter dated 25 th April, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of fresh batch of 100 MBBS students for the academic year 2006-2007.
Navodaya Medical College, Raichur.	Letter dated 24 th April, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 4 th batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
SDM Medical College, Dharwad.	Letter dated 25 th April, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 3 rd batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
SRM Medical College Hospital & Research Centre at Kattankulathur, (Tamilnadu)	Letter dated 10 th May, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 2 nd batch of 150 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
Govt. Kanyakumari Medical College, Asaripallam.	Letter dated 10 th May, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 3 rd batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
Sri Aurbindo Instt. of Medical Sciences, Indore.	Letter dated 10 th May, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 3 rd batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
Malankara Orthodox & Syrian Church Medical College, Kolencherry.	Letter dated 10 th May, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 5 th batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
Rajarajeswari Medical College & Hospital at Bangalore (Karnataka)	Letter dated 10 th May, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 2 nd batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
Mahatma Gandhi Medical College and Research Instt.,Pondicherry.	Letter dated 10 th May, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 6 th batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.

Amrita Instt. Of Medical Sciences,& Research Centre, Kochi.	Letter dated 10 th May, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 5 th batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
Krishna Institute of Medical Sciences,	Letter dated 10 th May, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 2 nd batch of MBBS students against the increased intake i.e. 100 to 150 during the academic year 2006-2007.
Bharati Vidyapeeth Deemed University Medical College, Pune.	Letter dated 10 th May, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 3 rd batch of MBBS students against the increased intake i.e. 120 to 150 during the academic year 2006-2007.
Padamshree Dr. D.Y. Patil Medical College, Pimpri, Pune.	Letter dated 12 th May, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 4 th batch of MBBS students against the increased intake i.e. 100 to 150 during the academic year 2006-2007.
S.C.B. Medical College, Cuttack.	Letter dated 25 th April, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 2 nd batch of MBBS students against the increased intake i.e. 107 to 150 during the academic year 2006-2007.
Jawaharlal Nehru Medical College, Wardha.	Letter dated 24 th April, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 4 th batch of MBBS students against the increased intake i.e. 100 to 150 during the academic year 2006-2007.
Katuri Medical College, Guntur.	Letter dated 13 th January, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 5 th batch of 100 MBBS students during the academic year 2006-2007.
Govt. Medical College, Akola	Letter dated 5 th June, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 4 th batch of students during the academic year 2006-2007.
Govt. Medical College, Toothukudi	Letter dated 2 nd June, 2006 for Renewal of Permission for admission of 7 th batch of students during the academic year 2006-2007.

93. Mahatma Gandhi Mission's Medical College, Navi Mumbai – Increase of MBBS seats from 100 to 150 – Request received from the Dean of the college to defer the proposal from this year to next academic year.

Read: The letter dated 20th May, 2006 from the Dean, Mahatma Gandhi Mission's Medical College, Navi Mumbai requesting to defer the proposal for increase of MBBS seats from 100 to 150 from this year to next academic year.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the letter dated 12.05.2006 received from the Dean, MGM Medical College, Navi Mumbai and in view of the Govt. of India letter dated 15.03.2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar Vs. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations and as per the Schedule prescribed in the Regulations, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of letter of permission to the Central Government being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to return the application to the Central Govt. recommending disapproval of the scheme received in the year 2004 for increase of MBBS seats from 100 to 150 at MGM Medical College, Navi Mumbai u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

94. Delegates for attending the IAMRA's 2006 Members General Assembly, which will be held in conjunction with the 7th International Conference on Medical Regulation on November 11-14-2006 in Wellington, Newzealand.

Read: The E-mail dated 3rd May, 2006 from Ms. Pat McCarty, IAMRA Secretariat for appointment of Delegates to participate in the Members General Assembly to be held on November 11-14-2006 in Wellington, Newzealand.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to nominate Dr. P.C. Kesvankutty Nayar, President (Acting) and Dr. Ved Prakash Mishra, Chairman, Postgraduate Committee as delegates for attending the IAMRA's 2006 Members General Assembly, to be held in conjunction with the

7th International Conference on Medical Regulation on November 11-14-2006 in Wellington, Newzealand.

95. Diplomate of National Board equated with MD/MS and DM/M.Ch. for teaching jobs -.

Read: The matter with regard to equivalency of Diplomate of National Board with MD/MS and DM/M.Ch. for teaching jobs – Newspaper report published in the Hindu, Chennai Edition dated 09.06.2006.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council perused the newspaper report published in the Hindu, Chennai Edition dated 09.06.2006 on the subject of equivalency of Diplomate of National Board with MD/MS and DM/M.Ch. for teaching jobs and observed that the General Body of the Council at its meeting held on 26.3.2005 on the matter of equivalency of DNB qualifications with MD/MS and DM/M.Ch. course for teaching jobs had decided as under:-

"The Council noted that the Postgraduate Committee at its meeting held on 23.12.2004 considering the letter dated 20.12.2004 from the Govt. of India decided to seek the opinion thereon from the Directors of premier institutions like AIIMS, New Delhi; PGI, Chandigarh; SGPGI, Lucknow; JIPMER, Pondicherry; Sri Chitra Thirunal Institute of Medical Sciences & Technology, Trivandrum; KGMU (Deemed University), Lucknow.

The observations communicated by Registrar, AIIMS, New Delhi in his communication dated 29.1.2005 enclosing the minutes of the meeting held on 22.1.2005 at AIIMS and observations of the Vice Chancellor, KGMU (Deemed University), Lucknow in his communication dated 1.2.2005 were in contrast to the observations that have been brought out by the Committee of Experts incorporated in the communication from the Govt. of India dated 20.12.2004.

In view of the same, the Secretary of the Council by a communication dated 17.3.2005 directed by the Chairman, Postgraduate Committee sought opinion of the members of the Postgraduate Committee in regard to the conclusion that "it was not prudent and appropriate to waive the decision of the General Body of the Council prescribing additional teaching experience of one/two years at the recognised medical institutions/colleges for acquiring equivalence with the regular postgraduate degrees by the holders of Diplomate National Board for the purpose of appointment as teacher in medical colleges/institutions."

The said decision was concurred by the members of the Postgraduate Committee. The members observed that the observations brought out by the Vice-Chancellor of King George Medical University, Lucknow and those by the various heads of the department at A.I.I.M.S. vide a meeting held on 22.1.2005 presided over by the Dean, Dr. Kusum Verma be adopted.

Accordingly, Council unanimously decided that the earlier decision of the Council in regard to equivalency of DNB qualifications with MD/MS and DM/MCh. course with that of Diplomate of National Board and their validity for the purpose of appointment of teachers is reiterated."

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided that this decision of the General Body of the Council may be reiterated and communicated to the concerned authorities.

96. Confirmation of employees of Medical Council of India.

Read : The recommendation of the Departmental Promotion Committee for confirmation of employees of Medical Council of India.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council approved the recommendation of the Departmental Promotion Committee meeting held in the Council office on 09.06.2006 for considering the cases of Council’s employees for confirmation in their Entry Grade as under:-

“The Departmental Promotion Committee considered the cases of the following employees for confirmation in their Entry Grade as under:-

S.No.	Name	Designation	Date of joining	Date of completion of Probationary period
1.	Mrs. Monika Yadav	L.D.C.	17.05.2004	28.05.2006 (She was on EOL for 12 days w.e.f. 07.06.2004 to 18.06.04)

2.	Ms. Savita	L.D.C.	17.05.2004	16.05.2006
3.	Sh. Vikas Tanwar	L.D.C.	17.05.2004	16.05.2006
4.	Mrs. Nirmala Srivastava	L.D.C.	17.05.2004	16.05.2006
5.	Sh. Rakesh Kumar	Messenger	17.05.2004	16.05.2006
6.	Sh. Damodar	Messenger	17.05.2004	16.05.2006

The Committee observed from the service records that all the above employees have completed their probation period mentioned against each. Annual Confidential Reports in respect of these employees do not contain any adverse remarks. No vigilance case pending against all these employees. The Committee recommends that the employees mentioned from serial No. 1 to 6 above may be confirmed in their entry grade with effect from the date of completion of their probationary period as mentioned against each.”

97. Establishment of new medical college at Srinagar, Pauri Garhwal, Uttaranchal by Govt. of Uttaranchal.

Read: The letter dated 31st May, 2006 from Principal-Secretary, Govt. of Uttaranchal, Dehrdun as forwarded by the central Govt. vide letter dated 12th June, 2006 for establishment of new medical college at Srinagar, Pauri Garhwal, Uttaranchal by Govt. of Uttaranchal.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report on 22nd – 23rd November, 2005 and noted the following:-

1.

a) Dean /Principal is yet to be appointed.
b) The shortage of teaching faculty is 68% as under :-

i) Professor - 5 (1 Anatomy, 1 Physiology, 1 Biochemistry, 1 General Medicine, 1 Gen. Surgery)
ii) Associate Professor – 13 (2 Anatomy, 2 Physiology, 1 Biochemistry, 1 Pharmacology, 1 Pathology, 1 Microbiology, 1 Paediatrics, 1 Orthopaedics, 1 OBG, 1 Anaesthesia, 1 Radio-diagnosis)
iii) Assistant Professor – 15 (3 Anatomy, 2 Physiology, 1 Biochemistry, 1 Forensic Medicine, 1 Comm. Medicine, 1 Gen. Medicine, 1 Gen. Surgery, 1 ENT, 1 Ophthalmology, 1 OBG, 1 Anaesthesia, 1 Radio-diagnosis)
iv) Tutor – 16 (4 Anatomy, 4 Physiology, 2 Biochemistry, 1 Pharmacology, 1 Microbiology, 1 Forensic Medicine, 1 Comm. Medicine, 1 Anaesthesia, 2 Radio-diagnosis)

c) The shortage of Residents is 72% as under :-

i) Senior Residents - 8
ii) Junior Residents – 20
2. Dr. S. R. S. Rana is the Medical Superintendent. He is DCH (Paediatrics 1991) and has 4 months of administrative experience as Superintendent. He is not qualified to hold the post of Medical Suptd. as per Minimum Qualifications for Teachers in Medical Institutions Regulations.
3. The Clinical material is grossly inadequate as under :-

	Daily Average	Day of Inspection
OPD Attendance	200	250
Bed Occupancy	50%	52%
Operative Work		
No. of major surgical operations	2	3
No. of minor Surgical operations	3	4
No. of Normal deliveries	5	4
No. of Caesarian Section	1	2
Radiological Investigations		
X-Ray	25	30
Ultrasonography	10	8
Special Investigations	-	-
CT Scan	2	4
Laboratory Investigations		
Biochemistry	20	25

Microbiology	10	12
Serology	3	4
Parasitology	6	8
Haematology	15	20
Histopathology	-	-
Cytopathology	-	-
Others	5	5

- 4. Registration and Medical Record Section is not computerized. There is no medical record department.
- 5. There are 3 operation theatres having total 3 tables. None of the OTs is having central oxygen & nitrous oxide supply and central suction.
- 6. Central sterilization department is not available.
- 7. Intercom is not available.
- 8. Central laundry is not available.
- 9. Para Medical Staff is grossly inadequate as under :-

Laboratory Technicians	:	10
Laboratory Assistants	:	05
Laboratory Attendants	:	02

- 10. Nursing staff is inadequate as under :-

Nursing Superintendent	:	1
Deputy Nursing Suptd.	:	1
Matron	:	Nil
Asst. Nursing Suptd.	:	1
Nursing Sisters	:	30
Staff Nurses	:	10

- 11. OPD Services are run daily in one session. Space for teaching area is not available in any of the OPDs.
- 12. The photographs in the Declaration Forms are signed by Chief Suptd., who does not have the requisite degree and experience to be accepted as Medical Superintendent. They are not signed by Dean/Principal as he is not appointed.
- 13. The number and distribution of beds in the affiliated teaching hospital is adequate. But the basic fault in the design of wards of internal cubicles with glass partition should be corrected. Teaching areas and wardside laboratories should be developed.
- 14. Other deficiencies /remarks are in the main report.

In view of above, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Government not to issue Letter of Intent for establishment of new medical college at Srinagar, Pauri Garhwal by Govt. of Uttaranchal u/s 10A of the IMC Act,1956.

On account of gross deficiencies found in the inspection report, it had been recommended by the Council not to issue LOI in favour of this applicant. This decision of the Executive Committee and of the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court was communicated to the Ministry of Health, Govt. of India vide MCI letter dated 30.12.2005.

Along with the Govt. of India letter dated 12.6.2006 (received on 13.6.2006) a letter dated 31.5.2006 from the competent authority of Govt. of Uttranchal had also been sent to the Medical Council of India. In the said letter dated 31.5.2006, it has been stated as under:-

“Please refer to Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India, letter No.12012/187/05 ME(P-II) dated 9th Jan 2006, alongwith which the decision of Executive Committee MCI meeting dated 28.12.05, together with a copy of MCI Letter 34(41)/2005/Med/18731 dated 30.12.05 inspection report have been sent. I have got the matter of compliance of reported deficiencies examined by Director General, Medical Health & Family Welfare, Uttranchal and based on his report of the compliance of various deficiencies pointed out in MCI report. The compliance is reported to your pointwise as follows:-

1. The posts of Dean/Principal – 1, Professors –5, Associate Professor –13, Assistant Professor –15, Tutors/Demonstrator-16, Senior Residents – 8, Junior Residents –20, Statistician/Assistant Professor-1, para medical staff and ancillary staff all inclusive total-154 posts have been sanctioned by State Govt. vide GO No.1063/XXVIII(1)-2006-62/2006 dated 27th May, 2006, the appointments are under process, copy of GO is enclosed (E).
2. Dr. J.P. Chamoli, MD(Medicine) has been appointed as Medical Superintendent of the teaching hospital, of proposed medical college, who has already taken over charge.
3. Clinical material is being upscaled.
4. Computerization of Registration and Medical Section is under process.
5. The existing 8 Operation theatres – (Emergency OT-1, Trauma Unit OT-1, General OT-6) out of which 4 Ots are being upgraded as per MCI criteria, the upgradation/construction work shall be completed within 3 months.
6. Central Sterilization department is being remodelled as MCI guidelines.
7. Establishment of Intercom is under process which will be completed within 6 weeks.
8. Central laundry services is being provided presently through outsource & same shall be extended.
9. Appointment of required member of Para Medical and Nursing Staff as per MCI norm is under process.
10. Upgradation/remodelling of OPD in order to develop teaching area faculty is under way and shall be completed before next inspection.
11. The photographs and the declaration forms of the employed faculty shall be submitted after the same being got signed by the Dean/Principal when he takes over.
12. The design of wards and internal cubicles with glass partitions is being corrected, the development of ward side laboratories to facilitate teaching is under construction.
13. The project cost of Rs.14297.56 lakhs for establishment of proposed medical college has been approved by the Uttranchal State Expenditure and Finance Committee for completing the Srinagar Medical College in phased manner as per the requirement of Medical Council of India.
14. For construction of medical college and its associated buildings. The Government has accorded administrative and financial sanction of Rs.78,36 crores vide GO No.1064/xxvIII(1)-2006-19/2006 dated 31.5.2006. Copy of which is enclosed (E). Out of total sanctioned fund the govt. has released Rs.10 crore, initially for starting construction forthwith.
15. Upgradation and renovation of existing 300 bedded teaching hospital is being done for which Rs.3.87 Crore has been sanctioned and Rs.3.00 crore released to construction agency vide GO No.402/xxxvIII-1-2006-56/2002-1 dated 23rd March, 2006, the work is under progress (E).
16. For GO No.80/xxxvIII-1-2006-182/05 dated 13th March, 2006 (D) nurses hostel and staff quarters Rs.473.60 lakhs has been sanctioned and the work of construction is on way.
17. Construction of connecting road to make the land of proposed medical college as one unit is under progress, and shall be complete before the date of inspection.
18. Rs.5.00 crore has been sanctioned vide GO No.167/xxxvIII(1)-2005-13/2004 dated 21st Feb. 2006 (E) for procurement of equipments. Most of the equipments are procured.”

The perusal of the abovementioned letter dated 31.5.2006 only indicates certain steps, stated to have been taken by the authorities in the State of Uttranchal for removal of deficiencies in future. It is not a compliance report i.e. the deficiencies have not been removed. It only states that the deficiencies would get removed in future.

In this regard the provisions of the mandatory, statutory time schedule as per regulations, were considered and the scheduled is reproduced as under:-

SCHEDULE FOR RECEIPT OF APPLICATIONS FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW MEDICAL COLLEGES AND PROCESSING OF THE APPLICATIONS BY THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AND THE MEDICAL COUNCIL OF INDIA

Stage of Processing	Last date
1. Receipt of applications by the Central Govt.	From 1st August to 31st August (both days inclusive) of any year
2. Receipt of applications by the MCI from Central Govt.	30 th September
3. Recommendations of Medical Council of India to Central Government for issue of Letter of Intent	31st December
4. Issue of Letter of Intent by the Central Government	31st January
5. Receipt of reply from the applicant by the Central Government requesting for Letter of Permission	28th February
6. Receipt of Letter from Central Government by the Medical Council of India for consideration for issue of Letter of Permission	15th March
7. Recommendations of Medical Council of India to Central Government for issue of Letter of Permission	15th June
8. Issue of Letter of Permission by the Central Government	15th July

Note: (1) The information given by the applicant in Part-I of the application for setting up a medical college that is information regarding organization, basic infrastructural facilities, managerial and financial capabilities of the applicant shall be scrutinized by the Medical Council of India through an inspection and thereafter the Council may recommend issue of Letter of intent by the Central Government.

(2) Renewal of permission shall not be granted to a medical college if the above schedule for opening a medical college is not adhered to and admissions shall not be made without prior approval of the Central Government....."

It was observed that as per the abovementioned mandatory time schedule prescribed for establishment of new medical colleges, the last date for receipt of applications - which are in order with all mandatory documents prescribed as per the Regulations such as registered sale deed for land, essentiality certificate by the State Govt. in the prescribed format, consent of University for affiliation etc. - by the MCI from the Central Govt. is 30th of September of the previous year. Thereafter, the process for consideration, the recommendations and issuance of Letter of Intent (LOI) has been prescribed in different stages, for all those applications which are received by the MCI from the Central Govt. by 30th September of the previous year. The recommendations by the MCI in relation to LOI are required to be sent to the Govt. of India before 31st of December and in the present case 31.12.2005. The Govt. of India, on the basis of the recommendations of the MCI, is required to issue the LOI by 31st January of the year subsequent to the previous year in which the applications had been received i.e. 31.1.2006 in the present case.

It is to be emphasised here that thereafter the case is required to be considered for Letter of Permission (LOP). The college gets permitted for making admissions in the MBBS course

only upon the grant of LOP by the Ministry of Health, Govt. of India – on the recommendations of the Medical Council of India. In other words, grant of LOI does not entitle any college to make admissions.

The last date of 15th of March in the subsequent year has been prescribed only for receiving the letter from the Central Govt. by the MCI for consideration of the case for issuance of letter of permission.

The removal of deficiencies and readiness for inspection with all the required infrastructure, teachings and other facilities as per the regulations at this stage, is to be achieved before 15th of March and a communication to be sent to the MCI to this effect on or before 15th of March and in the present case on or before 15.3.2006 for grant of Letter of Permission.

The following directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in Mridul Dhar's case dated 12.1.2005 were also noted:-

14. Time schedule for establishment of new college or to increase intake in existing college, shall be adhered to strictly by all concerned.

15. Time schedule provided in Regulations shall be strictly adhered to by all concerned failing which defaulting party would be liable to be personally proceeded with.

It was observed that the Hon'ble Supreme Court had required the MCI to fix the time schedule for admissions in the medical courses in its judgment in Madhu Singh's case, in para 23(vi) of the said judgment it had been specifically directed that there shall not be any variation in the said time schedule. Proceeding further in this process for achieving discipline in the admissions in the medicine courses so as to ensure that the medical students are adequately exposed to the minimum required teaching and training with the availability of minimum required teaching, infrastructure and other facilities prescribed by the MCI Regulations – the Hon'ble Supreme Court then directed for strict discipline and adherence to time schedule beginning from the declaration of 10 + 2 results, strict adherence to the statutory time schedule for establishment of new medical colleges and without which adherence to the time schedule for admissions in medicine courses, is impossible to be achieved.

One of the main reasons which had been considered and appreciated by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in certain cases which then resulted in issuance of directions dated 12.01.2005 in Mridul Dhar's case was that delay in grant of permissions/renewals for new medical colleges under section 10A had been exploited at number of places to the effect that in the chaos got created on that account, students lower in the merit list had got admissions in the medical courses and the students higher in the merit list had been kept out and were not granted admissions.

It had therefore been found by the Hon'ble Supreme Court that it is an imperative that the entire seat matrix of the medicine seats in all the medical colleges should become available to the admission authorities before the start of the process for admissions inasmuch as the admission process undertaken by the admission authorities, invariably, is a combined admission process for MBBS, BDS, Homeopathy and Ayurveda seats. In the event of any delayed permission for any new medical or dental college, an unwarranted chain reaction becomes inevitable for the completion of the admission process thereby creating an unmanageable chaos and further harassment to the meritorious students and admission to students with lesser merit.

It was some of these considerations, which resulted into the Hon'ble Supreme Court, getting compelled to issue directions no. 14 and 15 in Mridul Dhar's case making it abundantly clear that non-adherence to the time schedules, either for establishment of new medical colleges or for admissions, by any authority shall invite personal liabilities/ proceedings against the persons/authorities concerned.

These directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court have been issued for strict adherence so as to eliminate aberrations in the admission process all over the country for admissions in the medical courses and for over all effective development of the medical education where the more meritorious students do not face any hardship or harassment and are not denied admission by the admission authorities by granting admissions to candidates lower in merit.

In the light of the above statutory time schedule, it is to be seen that vide EC decision dated 28.12.2005, it had been recommended that on account of gross deficiencies LOI be declined to this college.

As per statutory time schedule, the consideration of any application under Section 10A for grant of LOI by MCI is only during the period between 30.9.2005 to 31.12.2005, in the present case and whereafter it is neither permissible nor possible for any authority including MCI to take any action for consideration for grant of LOI. As such, when the Ministry of Health, Govt. of India itself observed in its letter dated 12.6.2006 that the communication for this college is late as per the time schedule, and having regard to the contents of the letter dated 31.5.2006 which only indicates removal of deficiencies in future, it was decided to recommend to the Govt. of India for disapproval of the scheme of this applicant under Section 10A of the Act.

98. **Minutes of the Registration & Equivalence Committee held on 31.5.2006-Approval of.**

Read: The minutes of the Registration & Equivalence Committee meeting held on 31.5.2006.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council approved the minutes of the Registration & Equivalence Committee meeting held on 31.5.2006.

99. **Establishment of new medical college at Beed by Aditya Education Trust, Beed.**

Read: The letter dated 13.6.2006 received from the Govt. of India, Ministry of Health & F.W. for establishment of new medical college at Beed by Aditya Education Trust, Beed.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council observed that the proposal for establishment of new medical college at Beed by Aditya Educational Trust, Beed had been received in the office of the Council on 16th March, 2006. The statutory time schedule as per regulations is as under:-

SCHEDULE FOR RECEIPT OF APPLICATIONS FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW MEDICAL COLLEGES AND PROCESSING OF THE APPLICATIONS BY THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AND THE MEDICAL COUNCIL OF INDIA

Stage of Processing	Last date
1. Receipt of applications by the Central Govt.	From 1st August to 31st August (both days inclusive) of any year
2. Receipt of applications by the MCI from Central Govt.	30 th September
3. Recommendations of Medical Council of India to Central Government for issue of Letter of Intent	31st December
4. Issue of Letter of Intent by the Central Government	31st January
5. Receipt of reply from the applicant by the Central Government requesting for Letter of Permission	28th February
6. Receipt of Letter from Central Government by the Medical Council of India for consideration for issue of Letter of	15th March

- | | |
|--|-----------|
| Permission | |
| 7. Recommendations of Medical Council of India to Central Government for issue of Letter of Permission | 15th June |
| 8. Issue of Letter of Permission by the Central Government | 15th July |

Note: (1) The information given by the applicant in Part-I of the application for setting up a medical college that is information regarding organization, basic infrastructural facilities, managerial and financial capabilities of the applicant shall be scrutinized by the Medical Council of India through an inspection and thereafter the Council may recommend issue of Letter of intent by the Central Government.

(2) Renewal of permission shall not be granted to a medical college if the above schedule for opening a medical college is not adhered to and admissions shall not be made without prior approval of the Central Government....."

It was observed that as per the abovementioned mandatory time schedule prescribed for establishment of new medical colleges, the last date for receipt of applications - which are in order with all mandatory documents prescribed as per the Regulations such as registered sale deed for land, essentiality certificate by the State Govt. in the prescribed format, consent of University for affiliation etc. - by the MCI from the Central Govt. is 30th of September of the previous year. Thereafter, the process for consideration, the recommendations and issuance of Letter of Intent (LOI) has been prescribed in different stages, for all those applications which are received by the MCI from the Central Govt. by 30th September of the previous year. The Letter of Intent is to be issued by 31st January of the year subsequent to the previous year in which the applications had been received.

The last date of 15th of March in the subsequent year has been prescribed only for receiving the letter from the Central Govt. by the MCI for consideration of the case for issuance of letter of permission in respect of only such colleges whose applications had been received under Section 10A of the Act by the MCI from the Central Govt. by 30th September of previous year.

In the light of the above statutory time schedule, it is to be seen that the application of this college under Section 10A of the Act has been received by the office of the Council from the Central Govt. only on 16.3.2006. Accordingly, since it was not permissible for the Council to consider that application under Section 10A as per the statutory Regulations, the MCI was required to return the application in original. Vide its letter dated 30.3.2006 this application under Section 10A was returned by the office of the Council to the Central Govt.

The following directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in Mridul Dhar's case dated 12.1.2005 were also noted:-

14. Time schedule for establishment of new college or to increase intake in existing college, shall be adhered to strictly by all concerned.
15. Time schedule provided in Regulations shall be strictly adhered to by all concerned failing which defaulting party would be liable to be personally proceeded with.

It was observed that the Hon'ble Supreme Court had required the MCI to fix the time schedule for admissions in the medical courses in its judgment in Madhu Singh's case, in para 23(vi) of the said judgment it had been specifically directed that there shall not be any variation in the said time schedule. Proceeding further in this process for achieving discipline in the admissions in the medicine courses so as to ensure that the medical students are adequately exposed to the minimum required teaching and training with the availability of minimum required teaching, infrastructure and other facilities prescribed by the MCI Regulations – the Hon'ble Supreme Court then directed for strict discipline and adherence to time schedule beginning from the declaration of 10 + 2 results, strict adherence to the statutory time schedule for establishment of new medical colleges and without which adherence to the time schedule for admissions in medicine courses, is impossible to be achieved.

One of the main reasons which had been considered and appreciated by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in certain cases which then resulted in issuance of directions dated 12.01.2005 in Mridul Dhar's case was that delay in grant of permissions/renewals for new medical colleges under section 10A had been exploited at number of places to the effect that in the chaos got created on that account, students lower in the merit list had got admissions in the medical courses and the students higher in the merit list had been kept out and were not granted admissions.

It had therefore been found by the Hon'ble Supreme Court that it is an imperative that the entire seat matrix of the medicine seats in all the medical colleges should become available to the admission authorities before the start of the process for admissions inasmuch as the admission process undertaken by the admission authorities, invariably, is a combined admission process for MBBS, BDS, Homeopathy and Ayurveda seats. In the event of any delayed permission for any new medical or dental college, an unwarranted chain reaction becomes inevitable for the completion of the admission process thereby creating an unmanageable chaos and further harassment to the meritorious students and admission to students with lesser merit.

It was some of these considerations, which resulted into the Hon'ble Supreme Court, getting compelled to issue directions no. 14 and 15 in Mridul Dhar's case making it abundantly clear that non-adherence to the time schedules, either for establishment of new medical colleges or for admissions, by any authority shall invite personal liabilities/proceedings against the persons/authorities concerned.

These directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court have been issued for strict adherence so as to eliminate aberrations in the admission process all over the country for admissions in the medical courses and for over all effective development of the medical education where the more meritorious students do not face any hardship or harassment and are not denied admission by the admission authorities by granting admissions to candidates lower in merit. In view of the above mentioned statutory time schedule for Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999 and of the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court, it is stated that for considering any case for grant of permission u/s 10A of the Act for the academic year 2006-07, the applications were required to be received by the Council from the Central govt. by 30.9.2005.

The communications which have been exchanged between the Council and the Ministry of Health, Govt. of India, pertaining to the abovementioned subject were also considered. The following legal opinion dated 9.6.2006 on the abovementioned subject received by the Council was also considered in the meeting held on 14/15.6.2006:-

“.....Please refer to the legal advice sought in the above matter as to whether the Medical Council of India should carry out inspection of the proposed College referred to above. As per the time schedule laid down and approved by the Hon’ble Supreme Court in Mridul Dhar’s case the last date for submission of application complete in all respects to the Central Government is 31st August. A Trust or Society in order to be eligible to make an application seeking permission to establish a Medical College, should have among other things consent of affiliation from the concerned University. In the present case I find that at the time the application was submitted, consent of provisional affiliation was not obtained or furnished and that it was only on 25.1.2006 consent of provisional affiliation was obtained from Maharashtra University of Health Sciences. In as much as the application said to have been submitted on 30th August 2005 was without the consent of provisional affiliation from the University concerned it cannot be regarded as a valid application. The Government of India also did not forward the application to the MCI by 30th September for its consideration as required by the Regulations. An application to be valid and to be considered further, should fulfil the essential pre-requisites such as owning a 300 bed hospital, 25 acres of land, essentiality certificate from the State Government and consent of affiliation from the University concerned etc. The Government of India may be informed accordingly.....”

In the light of the abovementioned statutory time schedule, it is observed that the application of this college under Section 10A of the Act has been received by the office of the Council from the Central Govt. only on 16.03.2006 i.e. after the prescribed last date under the Regulations for sending the applications under Section 10A for establishment of new medical colleges, by the Central Govt. and which for the present purpose is 30.9.2005.

Having regard to the communications received from the Govt. of India on the subject mentioned-above, the Committee takes this opportunity to convey to the Ministry of Health, Govt. of India that the Council, with all sincerity and sensitivity to the feelings of the Government of India, is fully committed to take all such timely actions including conduct of inspections and making recommendations to the Govt. of India with reference to all applications received under Section 10A, in accordance with the statutory time schedule and directions of the Hon’ble Supreme Court from time to time.

This opportunity is also taken by the Executive Committee of the Council and members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court to reassure the Government of India that the council had never possessed any rigidity in its attitude which may even remotely hamper the development of medical education in the country. The council has always remained and is ready to carry out all its responsibilities without any hesitation in ensuring that all those applicants who are coming forward with bonafide and genuine efforts by strictly adhering to the statutory time schedule laid down for establishment of new medical colleges that never ever any delay is allowed to occur in timely considering their applications, conducting inspections and making recommendations to the Government of India in accordance therewith. The Council also deserves that Ministry of Health, Govt. of India to appreciate, in the correct perspective, the continuous and relentless actions and efforts of the MCI in discharging its responsibilities under the Act, in each year.

After the judgment of the Hon’ble Supreme Court dated 12.01.2005 in Mridul Dhar’s case, it deserves to be appreciated that in the light of the mandatory statutory regulations, the statutory time schedule and the directions of the Hon’ble Supreme Court mentioned above, it

is neither permissible nor possible for any authority including the Council to consider this application under Section 10A.

100. Establishment of new medical college at Jagdalpur, Chhatisgarh by Govt. of Chhatisgarh for the academic session 2006-2007.

Read : The Council Inspectors report (12th & 13th June, 2006) for establishment of new medical college at Jagdalpur, Chhatisgarh by Govt. of Chhatisgarh u/s 10A of the I.M.C. Act, 1956.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report (12th & 13th June, 2006) and noted the following:-

1. The shortage of teaching staff is as under:-

(a) The shortage of teaching faculty is 35.7% as under

i) Professor 3 (1-Anatomy, 1-Biochemistry, 1-General Surgery)

ii) Associate Professor 8 (2 - Anatomy, 2 - Physiology, 1 - Biochemistry,
1 - Microbiology, 1 - Orthopaedics, 1 - Radiology)

iii) Assistant Professor 5 (2 Anatomy, 1 - Physiology, 1 - FMT, 1 - Radiology)

iv) Tutor 4 (1 Physiology, 1 - Microbiology, 1 - Radiology, 1 - Anaesthesia)

(b) The shortage of Residents is 44.7 % as under:-

i) Sr. Resident 1 (1 General Surgery)

ii) Jr. Resident 15 (7 - General Medicine 8 - General Surgery)

2. Lecture theatres are under construction.

3. Common rooms for Boys and Girls are under construction.

4. Central Library is not established, organized and equipped with new books and journals. Only two rooms have been provided in which mostly old medicine books, old edition books have been randomly stacked on the floor by the walls of the room. On the day of inspection, books were brought from Govt. Medical College Raipur and off loaded from vehicle. Only one librarian was available in the library. The books have been neither indexed/accessed nor any precise list of the books was available. No other facilities are available in the library.

5. Boys hostel is under construction.

6. Sports and recreation facilities are not available.

7. OPD registration counter and indoor registration counter are not computerized. Each speciality is provided one to two rooms for examination of patients and inadequate accommodation for the doctors. Teaching facilities like patient couch, stools, x-ray, view box, examination tray, etc. are inadequate. There are no teaching areas in the major clinical departments. In wards, there is no doctor duty room, pantry, side laboratory, teaching and demonstration room, in any of the indoor wards. Medical Record Section is not computerized. Indoor registration counter is also not computerized. Medical record department is not computerized. Follow up service is not available.

8. The casualty is not adequately equipped with resuscitation instruments. Central oxygen supply, central suction, defibrillator, pulse oximeter, ambu bag, and disaster trolley etc. are not available. Casualty OT is used for minor surgery.

9. Bio-Chemistry laboratory has analyzers and semi autoanalysers which are not properly and optimally used. The laboratory setup and working is not properly organized. Each section is not having required equipment except in bio-chemistry department. The histopathology work is yet to begin. Technical staff is not adequate.

10. There is no Medical, Surgical & Paediatrics ICU.

11. In Radiological department, the protective measures as per BARC specifications are not used.

12. There is no CSSD.

13. Intercom is not available.

14. There is no mechanized laundry.

15. The services of dietician is not available.

16. There is no incinerator. The college has an arrangement with local agency for disposal of there bio-medical waste.
17. Nursing staff is not adequate as under:

Nursing Superintendent	:	1
Deputy Nursing Superintendent	:	1
Matron	:	Nil
Asstt. Nursing Superintendent	:	4
Nursing Sisters	:	29
Staff nurses	:	96
18. Pre clinical departments of Anatomy, Physiology & Biochemistry etc. are under construction and not functional.
19. Other deficiencies and remarks in the report.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dt. 15/3/2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, and as per the Schedule prescribed in the Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to recommend to the Central Govt. to disapprove the scheme for Establishment of new medical college at Jagdalpur, Chhatisgarh by Govt. of Chhatisgarh received u/s 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

101 Resignation of Mr. Laxmi Narain from the post of L.D.C. – Consideration of.

Read : The matter with regard to resignation of Mr. Laxmi Narain from the post of L.D.C. of the Council.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to obtain a preliminary enquiry report from Mr. A.K. Harit, Deputy Secretary (Administration) on the matter and further decided to defer the consideration till the report is received.

102. Establishment of new medical college at Lucknow by Sardar Patel Shikshan Samiti, Lucknow.

Read: The matter with regard to establishment of new medical college at Lucknow by Sardar Patel Shikshan Samiti, Lucknow.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the application for establishment of new medical college at Lucknow by Sardar Patel Shikshan Samiti alongwith the legal opinion obtained from the Council Advocate on the land documents submitted by the applicant authority vide letter dated 28.2.2006. The operative part of the legal opinion reads as under:-

"..... in my opinion we must ask the applicant to submit the clear description of the land as per the various deed submitted by him because there is variation in Khasra number mentioned in the certificate issued by the Officer of the Sub-Registrar, Distt. Lucknow and certificate issued by Land Revenue Officer/Tehsildar showing that minimum 25 acres of land as 'one piece of land' exist in the said campus for establishment of new medical college".

The Committee further noted that the applicant authority has failed to provide the required documents pertaining to owning and possessing of 25 acres of land and hence not fulfilled the qualifying criteria laid down in the "Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999".

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dated 15/03/2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to

strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, and as per the schedule prescribed in the Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to return the application to the Central Govt. recommending disapproval of the scheme for Establishment of new medical college at Lucknow by Sardar Patel Shikshan Samiti, Lucknow received u/s. 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

103. Establishment of new medical college at Jadcherla by the Governing Council of the Conference of the Mennonite Brethern Church of India.

Read: The request received from the authorities of medical college at Jadcherla for deferring the inspection of the college to the next academic year.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the request received from the authorities of medical college, Jadcherla requesting to defer the inspection for grant of LOP to the next academic year.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dated 15/03/2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, and as per the schedule prescribed in the Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to return the application to the Central Govt. recommending disapproval of the scheme for Establishment of new medical college at Jadcherla by the Governing Council of the Conference of the Mennonite Brethern Church of India received u/s. 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

104. Establishment of new medical college at Sitapur, Lucknow by Career Convent Educational & Charitable Trust.

Read: The matter with regard to establishment of new medical college at Sitapur, Lucknow by Career Convent Educational & Charitable Trust alongwith the letter dated 22.2.2006 received from the President of the Trust.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the letter dated 22nd February, 2006 received from the President, Career Institute of Medical Sciences & Hospital requesting to fix the date of inspection when they will inform the Council about completion of all requirements and further noted that no communication has been received from the applicant authority regarding carrying out the inspection by the Council for grant of Letter of Permission.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dated 15/03/2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, and as per the schedule prescribed in the Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to return the application to the Central Govt. recommending disapproval of the scheme for Establishment of new medical college at Sitapur, Lucknow by Career Convent Educational & Charitable Trust received u/s. 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

105. Establishment of new medical college at Arogyavaram by CSI Arogyavaram Medical Centre, Chittor District, Andhra Pradesh.

Read : The compliance submitted by the Principal, CSI Arogyavaram Medical Centre, Chittor District, Andhra Pradesh.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council observed that Council had requested vide letter dated

05/05/2006 and 18/05/2006 to indicate their willingness for inspection. However, no reply has been received by this office till date.

In view of above, and Govt. of India letter dated 15/03/2005 issued after the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in case of Mridul Dhar V/s. UOI & Ors. requesting the Council to strictly adhere to the time schedule prescribed under the regulations, and as per the schedule prescribed in the Establishment of Medical College Regulations, 1999, the last date for sending the recommendations of the MCI for grant of Letter of Permission to the Central Govt. being 15th June, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to return the application to the Central Govt. recommending disapproval of the scheme for establishment of new Medical College at Arogyavaram by CSI Arogyaravam Medical Centre, Chittoor District, Andhra Pradesh received u/s. 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

106. Establishment of new medical college at Warangal by Medicare Educational Trust, Warangal.

Read : The Council Inspectors report (22nd & 23rd Nov.,2005 and 21st Dec.,2005) for establishment of new medical college at Warangal by Medicare Educational Trust, Warangal.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council considered the Council Inspectors report 22nd & 23rd Nov.,2005 and 21.12.2005 and noted the following:-

1. The following teachers were present during the last inspection dated 22nd & 23rd Nov.,2005 but were absent during the inspection on 21.12.2005:-

Sl.No.	Department	Designation	Name
1	Anaesthesiology	Assoc. Prof.	Dr.P.D.R.Vara Prasad
2	Anaesthesiology	Asst. Prof.	Dr.A.V.S.S.Subrabmanya Kumar
3	Anaesthesiology	Sr. Resident.	Dr.Ramesh Babu
4	Anaesthesiology	Sr. Resident.	Dr.Sudhakar
5	Anatomy	Prof.	Dr.Aruna Subbarayulu
6	Anatomy	Assoc. Prof.	Dr.Bharathi Govindarajan
7	Anatomy	Assoc. Prof.	Dr.Ramesh Srinivasan
8	Anatomy	Asst. Prof.	Dr.Suresh Kumar Jayaraj
9	Anatomy	Asst. Prof.	Dr.Anudha Ramaswamy
10	Anatomy	Asst. Prof.	Dr.Abdul Aleem A. H.
11	Anatomy	Tutor	Dr.Kaspa Reddy
12	Biochemistry	Prof.	Dr.M.Arumugam
13	Biochemistry	Assoc. Prof.	Dr.Ramesh Gopala Swamy
14	Biochemistry	Asst. Prof.	Dr.Srinivasan Venkatesan
15	Community Medicine	Asst. Prof.	Dr.Bhaskar Ganashekarani
16	Community Medicine	Tutor	Dr.Durga Prasad Mavani
17	Dental	Jr. Resident.	Dr.Anil Kumar Reddy J
18	ENT	Sr. Resident.	Dr.Soma Sreedhar
19	ENT	Jr. Resident.	Dr.V.Sreenivasa Rao
20	Forensic Medicine	Asst. Prof.	Dr.Ravichandran Rangaswamy
21	Forensic Medicine	Tutor	Dr.Singanaboin Rambabu
22	General Medicine	Jr. Resident.	Dr.Venkateshwarlu
23	General Medicine	Jr. Resident.	Dr.Ch.Babu Rao
24	General Medicine	Jr. Resident.	Dr.Subba Rao Daggubati
25	General Medicine	Jr. Resident.	Dr.Gatta Satya Kishore
26	General Medicine	Jr. Resident.	Dr.Gorijavolu Naveen Kumar
27	General Surgery	Prof.	Dr.Lakshminarayana
28	General Surgery	Asst. Prof.	Dr.K.Rajeshwar Rao
29	General Surgery	Asst. Prof.	Dr.B.Prathap Reddy
30	General Surgery	Jr. Resident.	Dr.Vikram Palaniswamy
31	General Surgery	Jr. Resident.	Dr.Naveena J
32	General Surgery	Jr. Resident.	Dr.K.Raj Gopal

33	General Surgery	Jr. Resident.	Dr.Gopi Kota
34	Microbiology	Prof.	Dr.Janardhan Rao
35	OBGY	Sr. Resident.	Dr.S.Yamuna
36	OBGY	Jr. Resident.	Dr.P.Kousalya
37	Ophthalmology	Asst. Prof.	Dr.Ramagiri Nagaraju
38	Ophthalmology	Jr. Resident.	Dr.Naveen Kumar G.
39	Orthopaedics	Assoc. Prof.	Dr.Vamshidar Dhanunjay
40	Orthopaedics	Sr. Resident.	Dr.V.Rakesh
41	Orthopaedics	Jr. Resident.	Dr.M.Srinivasa Murthy
42	Orthopaedics	Jr. Resident.	Dr.A.Pattabi Ramaiah
43	Paediatrics	Assoc. Prof.	Dr.Ravichandran Subbayyan
44	Paediatrics	Jr. Resident.	Dr.Venu Madhav
45	Pathology	Asst. Prof.	Dr.Usha Nanthini
46	Pharmacology	Assoc. Prof.	Dr.Karthikeyan Veluswamy
47	Pharmacology	Tutor	Dr.Pulluri Thirupathi
48	Physiology	Prof.	Dr.Ramesh Kanumurthy
49	Physiology	Assoc. Prof.	Dr.M.Ramaswamy
50	Physiology	Assoc. Prof.	Dr.Bharathmurthy K
51	Physiology	Asst. Prof.	Dr.Aruna Therlma Kiruba
52	Physiology	Asst. Prof.	Dr.S.Abdul Salam
53	Physiology	Asst. Prof.	Dr.G.Alexander
54	Physiology	Tutor	Dr.P.G.V.Siva Prasad
55	Physiology	Tutor	Dr.Battini Pradeep Kumar
56	Radiology	Assoc. Prof.	Dr.Raja Shanmugam T
57	Radiology	Asst. Prof.	Dr.Stalin Selvaraju
58	Radiology	Sr. Resident.	Dr.Ajay Gupta
59	Radiology	Sr. Resident.	Dr.Ajantha Sanjeevi

2. The shortage of teaching faculty required for Letter of Intent is 27.27% as under:-

Associate Professors – 3 (Anatomy-1, Physiology-1, Biochemistry-1)

3. The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council observed that in relation to certain Declaration Forms submitted on behalf of the Medical teachers and endorsed by the Principal of the medical college, it was observed/found that teaching experience shown in those Declaration Forms is incorrect and in certain cases, it was seriously doubted. The office of the Council had undertaken the exercise of verifying the individual particulars regarding the claimed teaching experience from the Medical institutions concerned and found their claim to be fake. The following teaching faculty cannot be considered as the experience certificates submitted by them are forged as shown below:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Department	Remarks
1	Dr. M. Rama Samy	Associate Professor	Physiology	In declaration form, he has shown experience at Rajah Muthiah Medical College, Annamalainagar from 03.04.1993 to 04.04.1998 as Assistant Professor and from 05.04.1998 to 19.05.2001 as Associate Professor. Rajah Muthiah Medical College has stated that he has never worked in their college. Thus the experience certificate submitted by him is forged and that experience cannot be considered. He is not eligible to be considered as Associate

				Professor.
2.	Dr. M. Arumugam	Professor	Biochemistry	In declaration form, he has shown experience at Rajah Muthiah Medical College, Annamalainagar from March 1990 to April,1995 as Assistant Professor. Rajah Muthiah Medical College has stated that he has never worked in their college. Thus the experience certificate submitted by him is forged and that experience cannot be considered. He is not eligible to be considered as Professor.
3.	Dr. Ramesh Gopalaswamy	Associate Professor	Biochemistry	In declaration form, he has stated that he has worked at Rajah Muthiah Medical College, Annamalainagar from March,1994 to October,1999 as Assistant Professor. Rajah Muthiah Medical College has stated that he has never worked in their college. Thus the experience certificate submitted by him is forged and that experience cannot be considered. He is not eligible to be considered as Associate Professor.
4.	Dr. R. Thanmarajan	Associate Professor	Radio-Diagnosis	In declaration form, he has stated that he has worked at Sri Ramachandra Medical College, Chennai from 02.02.1995 to 10.03.2001. Sri Ramachandra Medical College, Chennai has stated that he has never worked in their college. It has also been observed that he was also present at the inspection carried out at PSI Instt. of Medical Sciences, Vijayawada in 2004. However, the photograph submitted by him at the inspection at PSI Instt. of Medical Sciences, Vijayawada and at this institution in 2005 are different while other details are identical. Thus the experience certificate submitted by him is forged and that experience cannot be considered. There is also the discrepancy of the photograph which is not explained. He is not eligible to be considered as Associate Professor.
5.	Dr. P. Nanda Kishore	Associate Professor	Pathology	In declaration form, he has stated that he has worked at Prathima Institute of Medical Sciences, Karimnagar from 2002 to May,2004 while Prathima Institute of Medical Sciences, Karimnagar has

				confirmed that he worked in their college only for a period from 01.01.2003 to 21.05.2004. He has also stated in his declaration form that he has worked at Mamata Medical College, Khammam from 1997 to 2002 as Assistant Professor while Mamata Medical College, Khammam has confirmed that he had worked at their institution only for a period of one year i.e. from 01.07.2002 to 30.06.2003. Thus the experience certificate submitted by him is forged and that experience cannot be considered. He is not eligible to be considered as Associate Professor.
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4. Available clinical material is inadequate in terms of operative work load.
Most of the admitted patients were of no/little clinical importance.
5. Other deficiencies/remarks in the report.

The members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council were, therefore, were clearly of the view that the Council should take steps for referring these cases to the Police authorities for registration of FIRs and conducting investigation in all such cases. It was also observed that in the complaint to be sent to the Police authorities, it should also be clearly requested that all those cases where there is a collusion and conspiracy of such persons with the management of the colleges, the necessary action should also be taken against the management of those colleges. It was further decided that appropriate action be taken against these Doctors and the Dean/Principal in accordance with Professional Conduct (Etiquette and Ethics) Regulations 2002.

In view of above, the members of the Adhoc Committee appointed by the Hon’ble Supreme Court and of the Executive Committee of the Council decided to return the application to the Central Government recommending disapproval of scheme for establishment of new medical college at Warangal by Medicare Educational Trust, Warangal u/s. 10A of the IMC Act, 1956.

In this regard the provisions of the mandatory, statutory time schedule as per regulations, were considered and the schedule is reproduced as under : -

SCHEDULE FOR RECEIPT OF APPLICATIONS FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW MEDICAL COLLEGES AND PROCESSING OF THE APPLICATIONS BY THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT AND THE MEDICAL COUNCIL OF INDIA.	
Stage of processing	Last date
1. Receipt of applications by the Central Govt.	From 1 st August to 31 st August (both days inclusive) of any year.
2. Receipt of applications by the MCI from Central Govt.	30 th September
3. Recommendations of Medical Council of India to Central Government for issue of Letter of Intent .	31 st December.
4. Issue of Letter of Intent by the Central Government.	31 st January.
5. Receipt of reply from the applicant	28 th February

by the Central Government requesting for Letter of permission.

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|---|------------------------|
| 6. Receipt of Letter from Central Government by the Medical Council of India for consideration for issue of Letter of Permission. | 15 th March |
| 7. Recommendation of Medical Council of India to Central Government for issue of Letter of Permission. | 15 th June. |
| 8. Issue of Letter of Permission by the Central Government. | 15 th July. |

Note: (1) The information given by the applicant in Part-I of the application for setting up a medical college that is information regarding organization, basic infrastructural facilities, managerial and financial capabilities of the applicant shall be scrutinized by the Medical Council of India through an inspection and thereafter the Council may recommend issue of Letter of Intent by the Central Government.

(2) Renewal of permission shall not be granted to a medical college if the above schedule for opening a medical college is not adhered to and admissions shall not be made without prior approval of the Central Government....."

It was observed that as per the above-mentioned mandatory time schedule prescribed for establishment of new medical colleges, the last date for receipt of applications – which are in order with all mandatory documents prescribed as per the Regulations such as registered sale deed for land, essentiality certificate by the State Govt. in the prescribed format, consent of University for affiliation etc. – by the MCI from the Central Govt. is 30th of September of the previous year. Thereafter, the process for consideration, the recommendations and issuance of Letter of Intent (LOI) has been prescribed in different stages, for all those applications which were received by the MCI from the Central Govt. by 30th September of the previous year. The recommendations by the MCI in relation to LOI are required to be sent to the Govt. of India before 31st December and in the present case 31/12/2005. The Govt. of India, on the basis of the recommendations of the MCI, is required to issue the LOI by 31st January of the year subsequent to the previous year in which the applications had been received i.e. 31/01/2006 in the present case.

It is to be emphasized here that thereafter the case is required to be considered for Letter of Permission (LOP). The college gets permitted for making admissions in the MBBS course only upon the grant of LOP by the Ministry of Health, Govt. of India – on the recommendations of the Medical Council of India. In other words, grant of LOI does not entitle any college to make admissions.

The last date of 15th of March in the subsequent year has been prescribed only for receiving the letter from the Central Government by the MCI for consideration of the case for issuance of Letter of Permission.

The removal of deficiencies and readiness for inspection with all the required infrastructure, teachings and other facilities as per the regulations at this stage, is to be achieved before 15th of March and a communication to be sent to the MCI to this effect on or before 15th March and in the present case on or before 15/03/2006 for grant of Letter of Permission.

The following directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in Mridul Dhar's case dated 12/01/2005 were also noted :-

14. *Time schedule for establishment of new college or to increase intake in existing college, shall be adhered to strictly by all concerned.*
15. *Time schedule provided in Regulations shall be strictly adhered to by all concerned failing which defaulting party would be liable to be personally proceeded with.*

It was observed that the Hon'ble Supreme Court had required the MCI to fix the time schedule for admissions in the medical courses in its judgement in madhu Singh's case, in para 23(vi) of the said judgement it had been specifically directed that there shall not be any variation in the said time schedule. Preceding further in this process for achieving discipline in the admissions in the medicine courses so as to ensure that the medical students are adequately exposed to the minimum required teaching and training with the availability of minimum

required teaching, infrastructure and other facilities prescribed by the MCI Regulations – the Hon'ble Supreme Court then directed for strict discipline and adherence to time schedule beginning from the declaration of 10+2 results, strict adherence to the statutory time schedule for establishment of new medical colleges and without which adherence to the time schedule for admissions in medicine courses, is impossible to be achieved.

One the main reasons which had been considered and appreciated by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in certain cases which then resulted in issuance of directions dated 12/01/2005 in Mridul Dhar's case was that delay in grant of permissions/renewals for new medical colleges under section 10A had been exploited at number of places to the effect that in the chaos got created on that account, students lower in merit list had got admission in the medical courses and the students higher in the merit list had been kept out and were not granted admissions.

It had therefore been found by the Hon'ble Supreme Court that it is an imperative that the entire seat matrix of the medicine seats in all the medical colleges should become available to the admission authorities before the start of the process for admissions in as much as the admission authorities before the start of the admission authorities, invariably, is a combined admission process for MBBS, BDS, Homeopathy and Ayurveda seats. In the event of any delayed permission for any new medical or dental college, an unwarranted chain reaction becomes inevitable for the completion of the admission process thereby creating an unmanageable chaos and further harassment to the meritorious students and admission to students with lesser merit.

It was some of these considerations, which resulted into the Hon'ble Supreme Court, getting compelled to issue directions no. 14 and 15 in Mridul Dhar's case making it abundantly clear that non-adherence to the time schedules, either for establishment of new medical colleges or for admission, by any authority shall invite personal liabilities/proceedings against the persons/authorities concerned.

The direction of the Hon'ble Supreme Court have been issued for strict adherence so as to eliminate aberrations in the admission process all over the country for admissions in the medical courses and for over all effective development of the medical education where the more meritorious students do not face any hardship or harassment and are not denied admission by the admission authorities by granting admissions to candidates lower in merit.

In the light of the above statutory time schedule, it is to be seen that vide EC decision dated 28/12/2005, it had been recommended that on account of gross deficiencies, the scheme be disapproved.

As per statutory time schedule, the consideration of any application under Section 10A for grant of LOI by MCI is only during the period between 30/09/2005 to 31/12/2005, in the present case the removal of deficiencies and readiness for inspection with all the required infrastructure, teachings and other facilities as per the regulations at this stage, is to be achieved before 15th of March and a communication to be sent to the MCI to this effect on or before 15th March and in the present case on or before 15/03/2006 for grant of Letter of Permission and where after it is neither permissible nor possible for any authority including MCI to take any action for consideration. It was decided to recommend to the Govt. of India for disapproval of the scheme of this applicant under Section 10A of the Act.

(Lt. Col. (Retd.) Dr. A.R.N. Setalvad)
Secretary

New Delhi, dated the
14-15TH June, 2006

APPROVED

(DR. P.C. KESVANKUTTY NAYAR)
PRESIDENT (ACTING)